

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 45.222, 163.141)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 45.222, 163.141)
contains.

CIELCh(53, 44.900, 163.522)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(53, 44.900, 163.522)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	029067
RGB	2, 144, 103
RGB Percent	1%, 56%, 40%
CMY	0.9919, 0.4340, 0.5949
CMYK	0.99, 0.00, 0.28, 0.43
HSL	163°, 97%, 29%
HSV	163°, 99%, 57%
XYZ	12.5131, 21.0462, 16.3158
YIQ	96.8680, -71.4710, -42.8550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

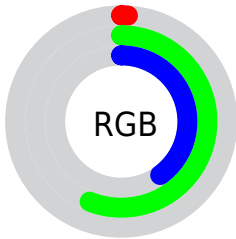
Format	Color
RYB	2, 85, 144
Decimal	168039
CIELab	53.00, -43.06, 12.74
CIELCh	53, 44.900, 163.522
Yxy	21.0462, 0.2509, 0.4220
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278358119 (0xFF029067)
YUV	96.8680, 3.0231, -83.1992
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, -31.5959, 11.0268

Details

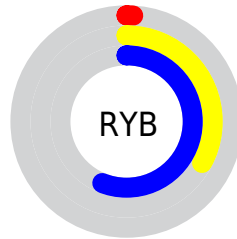
The CIELCh color **53, 44.900, 163.522** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009966**. A complement of this color would be **30, 56.811, 20.251**, and the grayscale version is **41, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73, 45.122, 163.384**, and **34, 36.351, 157.047** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53, 45.233, 163.253**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53, 42.537, 165.477**.

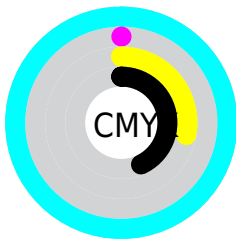
Distribution



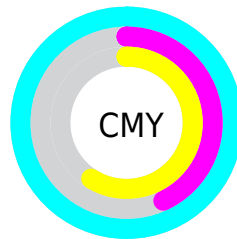
- Red (1%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (43%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 44.900, 163.522 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 44.900, 163.522 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 53, 44.900,
163.522

 53, 44.900,
163.522

 100, 44.900,
163.522

 43, 44.900,
163.522


 73, 44.900,
163.522

 33, 44.900,
163.522

 83, 44.900,
163.522

 23, 44.900,
163.522

 93, 44.900,
163.522

 13, 44.900,
163.522

 3, 44.900, 163.522

 0, 44.900, 163.522

■ 53, 44.900,
163.522

■ 53, 44.900,
163.522

■ 53, 45.233,
163.253

■ 53, 42.537,
165.477

■ 53, 39.686,
167.306

■ 54, 36.218,
168.950

■ 54, 32.144,
170.426

■ 55, 27.515,
171.756

■ 56, 22.412,
172.963

■ 57, 16.928,
174.069

■ 58, 11.159,

175.096

■ 59, 5.198, 176.079

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 44.900, 163.522



30, 56.811, 20.251

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 44.900, 163.522



53, 44.900, 213.522



53, 44.900, 343.522



53, 44.900, 33.522

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 44.900, 163.521



72, 22.039, 173.847



53, 74.800, 132.855



37, 14.882, 173.437



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 44.900, 163.521



68, 55.537, 162.759



45, 28.581, 234.246



30, 3.393, 176.020



50, 43.029, 163.393



2, 2.311, 176.781

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



30, 56.811, 20.251



40, 70.364, 22.248



32, 63.350, 43.559



28, 3.485, 357.552



28, 54.546, 20.537



0, 2.311, 356.768

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 44.900, 163.522 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 44.900, 163.522 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 44.900, 163.522

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 44.900, 163.522.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 44.900, 163.522.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
53, 44.850, 163.489

Protanopia
53, 18.231, 95.449

Deuteranopia
53, 12.448, 57.001



Tritanopia
53, 26.375, 212.533

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 44.850, 163.489



Protanomaly
51, 27.392, 149.268



Deuteranomaly
51, 19.960, 155.321

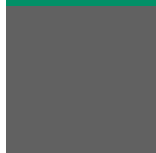


Tritanomaly
53, 31.176, 188.867

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 44.850, 163.489



Achromatopsia
41, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
44, 21.531, 172.246

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 44.900, 163.522 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 144, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 144, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 144, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 144, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 44.900, 163.522 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 144, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 144, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 144, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 144, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 144, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 144,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 44.900, 163.522 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 144, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 144,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor