

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 47.602, 280.175)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 47.602, 280.175)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 47.682, 280.377)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	4C7ECF
RGB	76, 126, 207
RGB Percent	30%, 49%, 81%
CMY	0.7008, 0.5050, 0.1872
CMYK	0.63, 0.39, 0.00, 0.19
HSL	217°, 58%, 56%
HSV	217°, 63%, 81%
XYZ	21.7873, 21.0462, 62.1091
YIQ	120.2840, -55.8010, 14.5910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

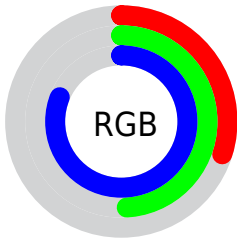
Format	Color
R _Y B	76, 112, 207
Decimal	5013199
CIE Lab	53.00, 8.59, -46.90
CIE LCh	53, 47.682, 280.377
Yxy	21.0462, 0.2076, 0.2005
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283203279 (0xFF4C7ECF)
YUV	120.2840, 42.7510, -38.8371
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, 4.4893, -48.1561

Details

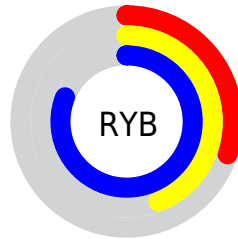
The CIELCh color **53, 47.682, 280.377** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **6699FF**. The color can be described as dark muted azure. A complement of this color would be **68, 49.601, 78.422**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72, 42.909, 278.049**, and **33, 47.104, 281.986** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **49, 55.629, 283.800**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **58, 39.899, 277.348**.

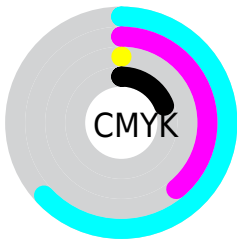
Distribution



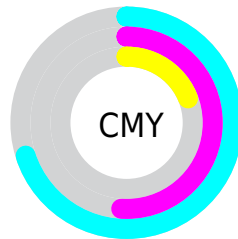
- Red (30%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (81%)



- Red (30%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (63%)
- Magenta (39%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (70%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (19%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 47.682, 280.377 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 47.682, 280.377 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53, 47.682,
280.377

■ 53, 47.682,
280.377

■ 100, 47.682,
280.377

■ 43, 47.682,
280.377

■ 73, 47.682,
280.377

■ 33, 47.682,
280.377

■ 83, 47.682,
280.377

■ 23, 47.682,
280.377

■ 93, 47.682,
280.377

■ 13, 47.682,
280.377

■ 3, 47.682, 280.377

■ 0, 47.682, 280.377

■ 53, 47.682,
280.377

■ 53, 47.682,
280.377

■ 49, 55.629,
283.800

■ 58, 39.899,
277.348

■ 44, 63.784,
287.540

■ 62, 32.236,
274.721

■ 40, 72.133,
291.441

■ 67, 24.661,
272.471

■ 38, 77.889,
294.000

■ 72, 17.155,
270.554

■ 77, 9.715, 268.929

■ 82, 2.343, 267.619

■ 87, 4.953, 86.236

■ 91, 12.168, 85.227

■ 96, 18.247, 92.839

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 47.682, 280.377



68, 49.601, 78.422

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 47.682, 280.377



53, 47.682, 330.377



53, 47.682, 100.377



53, 47.682, 150.377

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 47.681, 280.378



89, 16.603, 269.878



75, 49.745, 163.000



46, 11.441, 270.368



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 47.681, 280.378



58, 68.562, 285.163



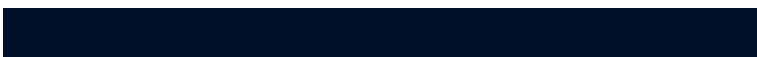
41, 78.158, 302.567



41, 4.204, 268.386



31, 65.676, 293.407



5, 18.746, 280.682

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 56.001, 359.667



58, 75.748, 3.699



80, 65.090, 110.118



41, 5.029, 351.388



35, 62.307, 13.070



5, 20.881, 1.196

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 47.682, 280.377 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 47.682, 280.377 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

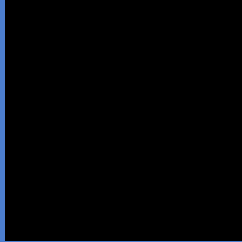
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

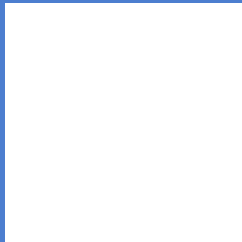
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 47.682, 280.377

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 47.682, 280.377.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 47.682, 280.377.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53, 47.682, 280.377

Protanopia

53, 47.629, 286.247

Deuteranopia

53, 47.222, 279.295



Tritanopia
53, 26.683, 212.325

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 47.682, 280.377

Protanomaly
53, 47.802, 284.263

Deuteranomaly
53, 47.180, 279.520

Tritanomaly
53, 29.027, 246.130

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 47.682, 280.377

Achromatopsia
51, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 17.788, 271.725

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 47.682, 280.377 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(76, 126, 207)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(76, 126, 207)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(76, 126, 207) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(76, 126, 207) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 47.682, 280.377 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(76, 126, 207) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(76, 126, 207) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(76, 126, 207)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(76, 126, 207); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 126, 207);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(76, 126,  
207) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 47.682, 280.377 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(76, 126, 207) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(76, 126,  
207) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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