

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 47.865, 104.132)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 47.865, 104.132)
contains.

CIELCh(53, 47.532, 103.635)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(53, 47.532, 103.635)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	838229
RGB	131, 130, 41
RGB Percent	51%, 51%, 16%
CMY	0.4852, 0.4891, 0.8381
CMYK	0.00, 0.01, 0.69, 0.49
HSL	59°, 52%, 34%
HSV	59°, 69%, 51%
XYZ	17.8270, 21.0462, 5.2455
YIQ	120.1530, 29.1650, -27.4670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

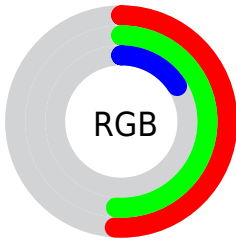
Format	Color
R_{YB}	42, 131, 41
Decimal	8618537
CIE _{Lab}	53.00, -11.20, 46.19
CIE _{LCh}	53, 47.532, 103.635
Yxy	21.0462, 0.4041, 0.4770
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286808617 (0xFF838229)
YUV	120.1530, -39.0224, 9.5128
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, -10.9200, 25.3341

Details

The CIELCh color **53, 47.532, 103.635** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999933**. A complement of this color would be **23, 58.230, 300.610**, and the grayscale version is **51, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73, 47.559, 103.953**, and **33, 42.192, 104.953** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53, 52.413, 103.013**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53, 41.688, 104.385**.

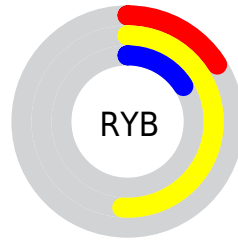
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (51%)

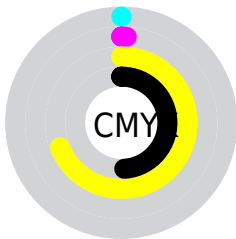
Blue (16%)



Red (16%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (16%)

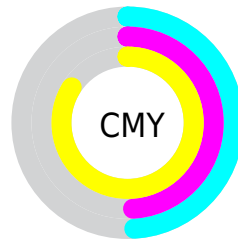


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (1%)

Yellow (69%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (49%)


Magenta (49%)


Yellow (84%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 47.532, 103.635 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 47.532, 103.635 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 53, 47.532,
103.635


 53, 47.532,
103.635


 100, 47.532,
103.635


 43, 47.532,
103.635


 73, 47.532,
103.635

 33, 47.532,
103.635

 83, 47.532,
103.635

 23, 47.532,
103.635

 93, 47.532,
103.635

 13, 47.532,
103.635

 3, 47.532, 103.635

 0, 47.532, 103.635

■ 53, 47.532,
103.635

■ 53, 47.532,
103.635

■ 53, 52.413,
103.013

■ 53, 41.688,
104.385

■ 53, 55.994,
102.545

■ 53, 35.189,
105.221

■ 53, 58.384,
102.213

■ 54, 28.271,
106.116

■ 53, 58.726,
102.166

■ 54, 21.095,
107.045

■ 54, 13.770,
107.987

■ 55, 6.363, 108.926

■ 55, 1.079, 289.910

■ 55, 8.527, 290.777

■ 56, 15.961,
291.652

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 47.532, 103.635



23, 58.230, 300.610

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 47.532, 103.635



53, 47.532, 153.635



53, 47.532, 283.635



53, 47.532, 333.635

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 47.532, 103.637



69, 19.302, 107.712



31, 43.807, 28.114



36, 13.154, 107.491



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 47.532, 103.637



67, 66.077, 102.743



50, 52.023, 125.735



28, 4.226, 108.872



52, 58.328, 102.167



1, 1.017, 109.729

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



23, 58.230, 300.610



25, 86.511, 303.770



27, 57.795, 311.855



25, 4.313, 290.645



14, 80.589, 306.081



0, 1.017, 289.730

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 47.532, 103.635 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 47.532, 103.635 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

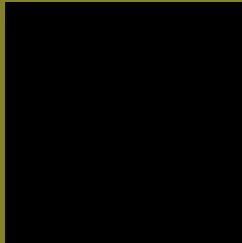
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 47.532, 103.635

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 47.532, 103.635.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 47.532, 103.635.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


53, 47.532, 103.635

Protanopia

53, 47.310, 95.554

Deuteranopia

53, 45.759, 81.231



Tritanopia
53, 8.567, 343.037

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 47.532, 103.635

Protanomaly
53, 47.382, 98.460

Deuteranomaly
53, 45.340, 89.894

Tritanomaly
53, 16.270, 91.099

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 47.532, 103.635

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
51, 18.981, 107.714

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 47.532, 103.635 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(131, 130, 41)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(131, 130, 41)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(131, 130, 41) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(131, 130, 41) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 47.532, 103.635 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(131, 130, 41) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(131, 130, 41) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(131, 130, 41)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(131, 130, 41); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 130, 41);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(131, 130,  
41) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 47.532, 103.635 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(131, 130, 41) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(131,  
130, 41) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor