

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 53.420, 335.894)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 53.420, 335.894)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 53.489, 335.842)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	BD5BA5
RGB	189, 91, 165
RGB Percent	74%, 36%, 65%
CMY	0.2585, 0.6428, 0.3526
CMYK	0.00, 0.52, 0.13, 0.26
HSL	315°, 43%, 55%
HSV	315°, 52%, 74%
XYZ	31.5557, 21.0462, 38.0362
YIQ	128.7380, 34.6540, 43.7900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

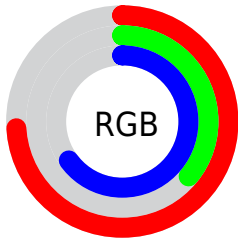
Format	Color
R_{YB}	189, 91, 165
Decimal	12409765
CIE _{Lab}	53.00, 48.80, -21.89
CIE _{LCh}	53, 53.489, 335.842
Yxy	21.0462, 0.3482, 0.2322
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4290599845 (0xFFBD5BA5)
YUV	128.7380, 17.8772, 52.8498
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, 42.4974, -17.0445

Details

The CIELCh color $53, 53.489, 335.842$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `CC6699`. A complement of this color would be $69, 53.470, 147.376$, and the grayscale version is $54, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 53.172, 335.887$, and $33, 53.531, 335.740$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50, 61.898, 336.696$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57, 43.940, 335.047$.

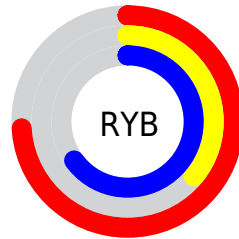
Distribution



Red (74%)

Green (36%)

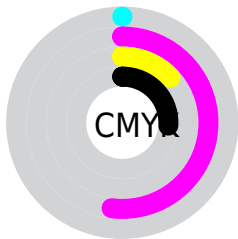
Blue (65%)



Red (74%)

Yellow (36%)

Blue (65%)

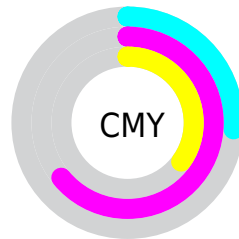


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (26%)



Cyan (26%)


Magenta (64%)


Yellow (35%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 53.489, 335.842 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 53.489, 335.842 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 53, 53.489,
335.842


 53, 53.489,
335.842


 100, 53.489,
335.842

 43, 53.489,
335.842


 73, 53.489,
335.842

 33, 53.489,
335.842

 83, 53.489,
335.842

 23, 53.489,
335.842

 93, 53.489,
335.842

 13, 53.489,
335.842

 3, 53.489, 335.842

 0, 53.489, 335.842

53, 53.489,
335.842

53, 53.489,
335.842

50, 61.898,
336.696

57, 43.940,
335.047

47, 68.684,
337.633

61, 33.703,
334.295

45, 73.409,
338.689

66, 23.130,
333.579

43, 75.835,
339.916

71, 12.477,
332.889


42, 76.482,
341.048

76, 1.919, 332.107

81, 8.437, 151.689

86, 18.529,
151.086

91, 28.326,
150.528

 95, 34.105,
151.027

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 53.489, 335.842



69, 53.470, 147.376

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 53.489, 335.842



53, 53.489, 25.842



53, 53.489, 155.842



53, 53.489, 205.842

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 53.486, 335.842



87, 20.868, 333.192



45, 58.545, 303.846



45, 14.096, 333.334



98, 0.011, 296.813



51, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 53.486, 335.842



63, 76.212, 336.800



51, 42.288, 5.479



37, 5.958, 332.719



35, 67.150, 340.830



3, 16.889, 336.675

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 53.486, 335.842



63, 76.212, 336.800



70, 35.473, 172.800



37, 5.958, 332.719



35, 67.150, 340.830



3, 16.889, 336.675

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 53.489, 335.842 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

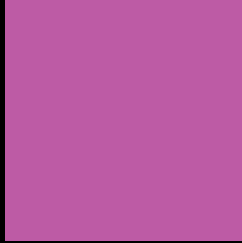
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 53.489, 335.842 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

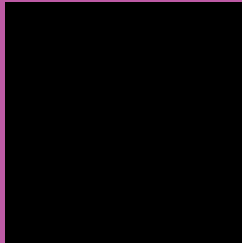
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 53.489, 335.842

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 53.489, 335.842.

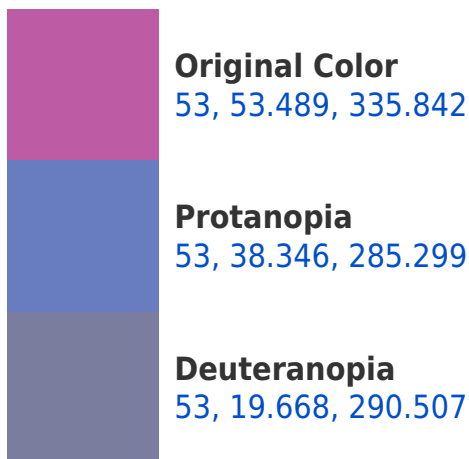


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 53.489, 335.842.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
53, 34.288, 16.415

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 53.489, 335.842



Protanomaly
52, 40.844, 305.080



Deuteranomaly
52, 30.527, 317.248



Tritanomaly
53, 38.368, 356.769

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 53.489, 335.842



Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813



Achromatomaly
53, 20.961, 333.889

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 53.489, 335.842 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(189, 91, 165)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(189, 91, 165)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(189, 91, 165) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(189, 91, 165) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 53.489, 335.842 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(189, 91, 165) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(189, 91, 165) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(189, 91, 165)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(189, 91, 165); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 91, 165);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(189, 91,  
165) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 53.489, 335.842 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(189, 91, 165) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(189, 91,  
165) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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