

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 54.100, 296.377)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 54.100, 296.377)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 53.692, 296.344)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7575D2
RGB	117, 117, 210
RGB Percent	46%, 46%, 82%
CMY	0.5425, 0.5424, 0.1778
CMYK	0.44, 0.44, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	240°, 51%, 64%
HSV	240°, 44%, 82%
XYZ	25.2068, 21.0462, 63.4825
YIQ	127.6020, -29.8530, 28.9230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

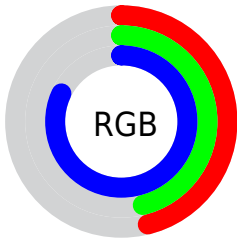
Format	Color
R _Y B	117, 117, 210
Decimal	7697874
CIE Lab	53.00, 23.83, -48.12
CIE LCh	53, 53.692, 296.344
Yxy	21.0462, 0.2297, 0.1918
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285887954 (0xFF7575D2)
YUV	127.6020, 40.6222, -9.2980
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, 17.7943, -49.9311

Details

The CIELCh color $53, 53.692, 296.344$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `6666CC`. A complement of this color would be $82, 47.705, 105.931$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 46.852, 295.984$, and $33, 53.730, 296.374$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $46, 67.149, 298.371$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 40.703, 294.556$.

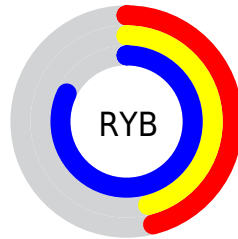
Distribution



Red (46%)

Green (46%)

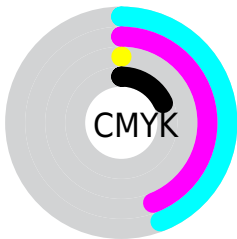
Blue (82%)



Red (46%)

Yellow (46%)

Blue (82%)

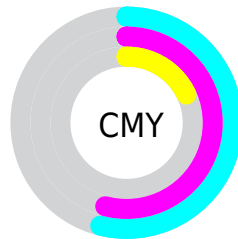


Cyan (44%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (54%)


Magenta (54%)


Yellow (18%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 53.692, 296.344 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 53.692, 296.344 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 53, 53.692,
296.344

 53, 53.692,
296.344


 100, 53.692,
296.344


 43, 53.692,
296.344


 73, 53.692,
296.344

 33, 53.692,
296.344

 83, 53.692,
296.344

 23, 53.692,
296.344

 93, 53.692,
296.344

 13, 53.692,
296.344

 3, 53.692, 296.344

 0, 53.692, 296.344

■ 53, 53.692,
296.344

■ 53, 53.692,
296.344

■ 46, 67.149,
298.371

■ 60, 40.703,
294.556

■ 40, 80.816,
300.565

■ 67, 28.246,
293.017

■ 34, 93.997,
302.750

■ 74, 16.308,
291.709

■ 30, 105.286,
304.626

■ 81, 4.854, 290.608

■ 88, 6.152, 109.642

■ 27, 112.764,
305.852

■ 95, 16.744,
108.849

■ 26, 115.432,
306.284

■ 99, 22.900,
108.442

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 53.692, 296.344



82, 47.705, 105.931

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 53.692, 296.344



53, 53.692, 346.344



53, 53.692, 116.344



53, 53.692, 166.344

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 53.691, 296.345



89, 17.272, 291.565



79, 29.071, 195.689



46, 12.140, 291.833



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 53.691, 296.345



57, 76.640, 298.211



57, 54.845, 310.782



40, 6.370, 291.139



19, 98.013, 306.283



1, 25.550, 293.208

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



60, 39.755, 24.018



67, 57.169, 25.892



79, 51.268, 126.399



41, 4.460, 19.902



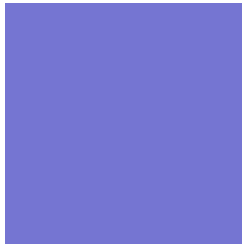
35, 76.442, 39.851



4, 20.018, 19.452

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 53.692, 296.344 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

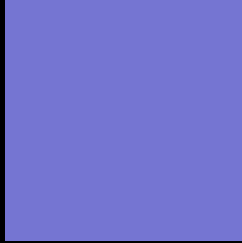
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 53.692, 296.344 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

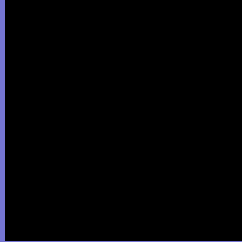
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 53.692, 296.344

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 53.692, 296.344.

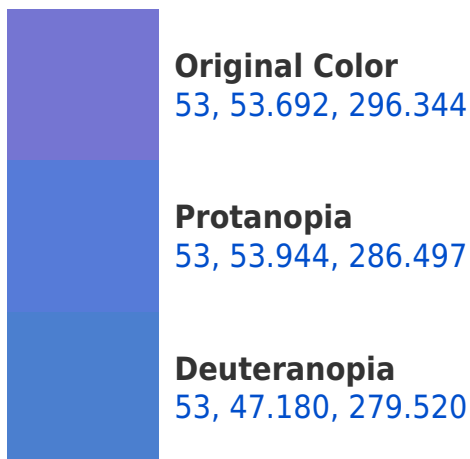


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 53.692, 296.344.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
53, 12.905, 225.186

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 53.692, 296.344

Protanomaly
53, 53.744, 289.658

Deuteranomaly
53, 49.415, 285.798

Tritanomaly
53, 24.455, 276.671

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 53.692, 296.344

Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 19.723, 292.594

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 53.692, 296.344 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 117, 210)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 117, 210)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 117, 210) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 117, 210) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 53.692, 296.344 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 117, 210) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 117, 210) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 117, 210)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 117, 210); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 117, 210);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 117,  
210) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 53.692, 296.344 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 117, 210) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
117, 210) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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