

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 56.519, 348.414)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 56.519, 348.414)
contains.

CIELCh(53, 56.587, 348.320)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(53, 56.587, 348.320)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CD5294
RGB	205, 82, 148
RGB Percent	80%, 32%, 58%
CMY	0.1974, 0.6797, 0.4208
CMYK	0.00, 0.60, 0.28, 0.20
HSL	328°, 55%, 56%
HSV	328°, 60%, 80%
XYZ	33.3981, 21.0462, 30.1937
YIQ	126.3010, 52.1220, 46.6020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

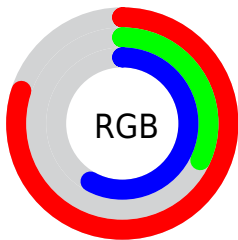
Format	Color
R _{YB}	205, 82, 148
Decimal	13456020
CIE _{Lab}	53.00, 55.42, -11.46
CIE _{LCh}	53, 56.587, 348.320
Yxy	21.0462, 0.3946, 0.2487
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291646100 (0xFFCD5294)
YUV	126.3010, 10.6976, 69.0190
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, 49.6658, -6.9088

Details

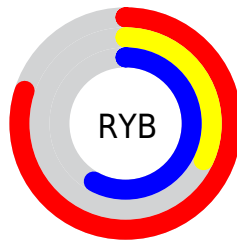
The CIELCh color **53, 56.587, 348.320** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. The color can be described as middle muted rose. A complement of this color would be **74, 54.373, 155.059**, and the grayscale version is **53, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **72, 54.029, 345.555**, and **33, 56.467, 348.435** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 63.453, 350.167**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 48.297, 346.799**.

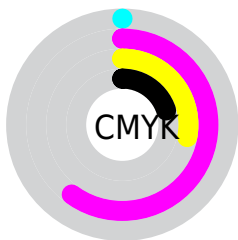
Distribution



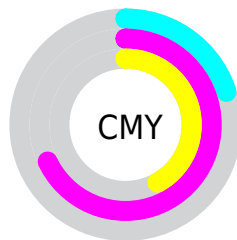
- Red (80%)
- Green (32%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Black (20%)





- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (68%)
- Yellow (42%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 56.587, 348.320 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 56.587, 348.320 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 53, 56.587,
348.320


 53, 56.587,
348.320


 100, 56.587,
348.320


 43, 56.587,
348.320


 73, 56.587,
348.320

 33, 56.587,
348.320

 83, 56.587,
348.320

 23, 56.587,
348.320

 93, 56.587,
348.320

 13, 56.587,
348.320

 3, 56.587, 348.320

 0, 56.587, 348.320

53, 56.587,
348.320

53, 56.587,
348.320

50, 63.453,
350.167

57, 48.297,
346.799

47, 68.433,
352.462

61, 39.091,
345.512

45, 71.257,
355.353

66, 29.395,
344.393

44, 72.316,
358.846


71, 19.530,
343.401

77, 9.716, 342.494

82, 0.089, 337.234

88, 9.274, 161.035

93, 18.335,
160.334

 96, 20.843,
165.406

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 56.587, 348.320



74, 54.373, 155.059

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 56.587, 348.320



53, 56.587, 38.320



53, 56.587, 168.320



53, 56.587, 218.320

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 56.584, 348.321



88, 20.891, 343.227



47, 73.049, 310.642



45, 14.549, 343.504



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 56.584, 348.321



61, 76.805, 350.766



51, 53.912, 23.990



40, 5.446, 342.433



36, 61.941, 358.207



4, 20.313, 351.210

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 56.584, 348.321



61, 76.805, 350.766



76, 35.995, 191.458



40, 5.446, 342.433



36, 61.941, 358.207



4, 20.313, 351.210

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 56.587, 348.320 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

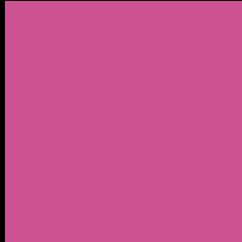
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 56.587, 348.320 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

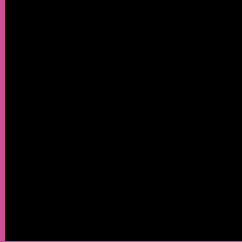
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 56.587, 348.320

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 56.587, 348.320.

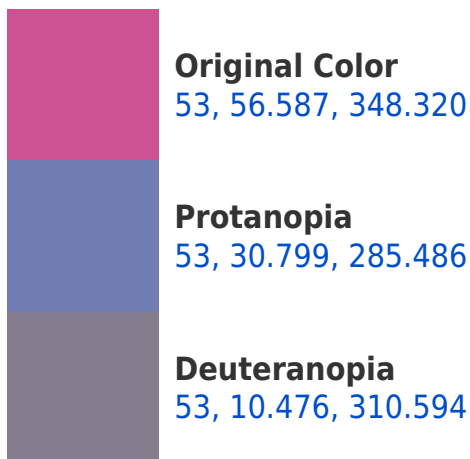


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 56.587, 348.320.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

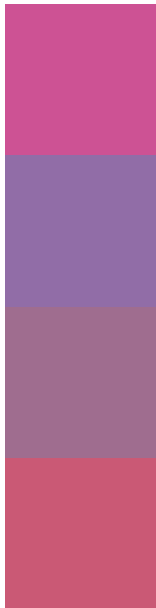
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
53, 46.474, 21.833

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 56.587, 348.320

Protanomaly
52, 36.124, 314.668

Deuteranomaly
52, 27.474, 337.397

Tritanomaly
53, 48.023, 7.927

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 56.587, 348.320

Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
52, 22.560, 344.410

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 56.587, 348.320 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 82, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 82, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 82, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 82, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 56.587, 348.320 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 82, 148) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 82, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 82, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 82, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 82, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 82,  
148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 56.587, 348.320 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 82, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205, 82,  
148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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