

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 6.599, 326.775)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 6.599, 326.775) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 6.564, 327.655)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	867C85
RGB	134, 124, 133
RGB Percent	53%, 49%, 52%
CMY	0.4759, 0.5151, 0.4799
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.01, 0.48
HSL	306°, 4%, 50%
HSV	306°, 7%, 52%
XYZ	21.1437, 21.0462, 25.0056
YIQ	128.0160, 3.0710, 4.9190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

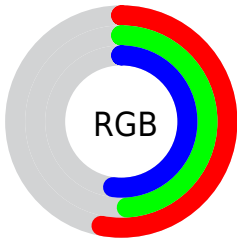
Format	Color
R_{YB}	134, 124, 133
Decimal	8813701
CIE Lab	53.00, 5.55, -3.51
CIE LCh	53, 6.564, 327.655
Yxy	21.0462, 0.3147, 0.3132
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287003781 (0xFF867C85)
YUV	128.0160, 2.4571, 5.2480
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, 1.9852, -0.2038

Details

The CIELCh color $53, 6.564, 327.655$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $55, 6.547, 146.871$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 6.167, 327.533$, and $33, 6.881, 324.957$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49, 15.414, 328.237$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57, 2.186, 147.233$.

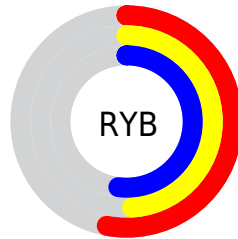
Distribution



Red (53%)

Green (49%)

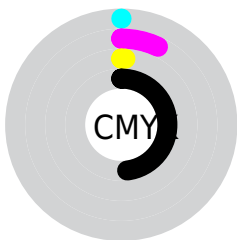
Blue (52%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (52%)

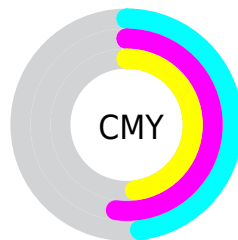


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (48%)



Cyan (48%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 6.564, 327.655 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 6.564, 327.655 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53, 6.564, 327.655

■ 53, 6.564, 327.655

■ 100, 6.564,
327.655

■ 43, 6.564, 327.655

■ 73, 6.564, 327.655

■ 33, 6.564, 327.655

■ 83, 6.564, 327.655

■ 23, 6.564, 327.655

■ 93, 6.564, 327.655

■ 13, 6.564, 327.655

■ 3, 6.564, 327.655

■ 0, 6.564, 327.655

■ 53, 6.564, 327.655

■ 53, 6.564, 327.655

■ 49, 15.414,
328.237

■ 57, 2.186, 147.233

■ 61, 10.759,

46, 24.254,
328.810

146.622

43, 32.914,
329.379

64, 19.114,
146.100

40, 41.163,
329.937

68, 27.230,
145.606

37, 48.705,
330.477

72, 35.101,
145.138

35, 55.202,
330.994

76, 42.729,
144.696

33, 60.318,
331.486

80, 50.122,
144.279

31, 63.801,
331.957

84, 57.292,
143.887

31, 65.795,
332.418

88, 64.252,
143.519

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 6.564, 327.655



55, 6.547, 146.871

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 6.564, 327.655



53, 6.564, 17.655



53, 6.564, 147.655



53, 6.564, 197.655

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 6.562, 327.656



70, 2.167, 327.269



52, 5.823, 294.720



36, 1.227, 327.253



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 6.562, 327.656



67, 9.781, 327.758



53, 4.636, 349.991



26, 4.923, 327.753



30, 64.980, 332.520



0, 1.172, 327.270

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 6.562, 327.656



67, 9.781, 327.758



55, 4.566, 168.847



26, 4.923, 327.753



30, 64.980, 332.520



0, 1.172, 327.270

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 6.564, 327.655 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

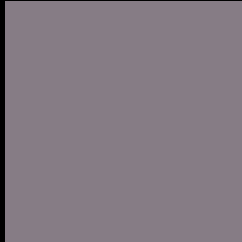
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 6.564, 327.655 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

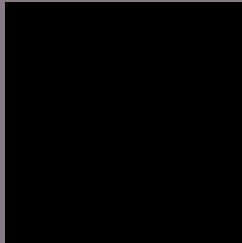
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 6.564, 327.655

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 6.564, 327.655.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 6.564, 327.655.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

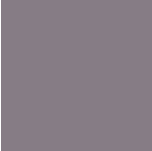
53, 6.564, 327.655

Protanopia

53, 4.655, 295.546

Deuteranopia

53, 7.770, 332.186



Tritanopia
53, 6.564, 327.655

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 6.564, 327.655

Protanomaly
53, 5.464, 307.394

Deuteranomaly
53, 7.513, 329.879

Tritanomaly
53, 6.564, 327.655

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 6.564, 327.655

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 2.822, 324.537

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 6.564, 327.655 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(134, 124, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(134, 124, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(134, 124, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(134, 124, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 6.564, 327.655 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(134, 124, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(134, 124, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(134, 124, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(134, 124, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 124, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(134, 124,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 6.564, 327.655 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(134, 124, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(134,  
124, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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