

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 62.953, 145.476)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 62.953, 145.476)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 62.712, 145.557)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	08923D
RGB	8, 146, 61
RGB Percent	3%, 57%, 24%
CMY	0.9685, 0.4262, 0.7597
CMYK	0.95, 0.00, 0.58, 0.43
HSL	143°, 90%, 30%
HSV	143°, 95%, 57%
XYZ	11.2777, 21.0462, 7.9227
YIQ	95.0480, -54.9630, -55.6910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

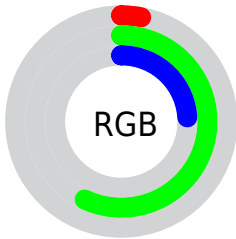
Format	Color
R_{YB}	8, 108, 146
Decimal	561725
CIE Lab	53.00, -51.72, 35.47
CIE LCh	53, 62.712, 145.557
Yxy	21.0462, 0.2802, 0.5229
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278751805 (0xFF08923D)
YUV	95.0480, -16.7857, -76.3411
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, -36.4025, 21.8740

Details

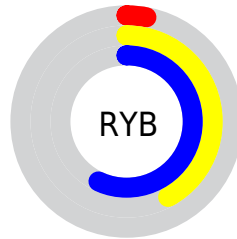
The CIELCh color **53, 62.712, 145.557** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **009933**. A complement of this color would be **32, 57.742, 349.693**, and the grayscale version is **41, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **73, 62.536, 145.534**, and **34, 55.222, 137.851** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53, 64.978, 144.505**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **53, 58.247, 147.567**.

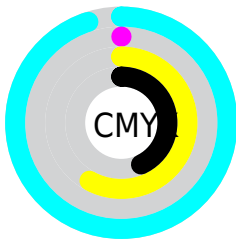
Distribution



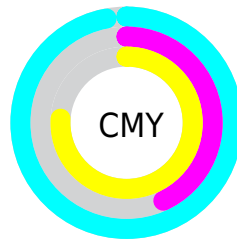
- Red (3%)
- Green (57%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (3%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (43%)





- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (43%)
- Yellow (76%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 62.712, 145.557 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 62.712, 145.557 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 53, 62.712,
145.557


 53, 62.712,
145.557


 100, 62.712,
145.557


 43, 62.712,
145.557


 73, 62.712,
145.557

 33, 62.712,
145.557


 83, 62.712,
145.557

 23, 62.712,
145.557

 93, 62.712,
145.557

 13, 62.712,
145.557

 3, 62.712, 145.557

 0, 62.712, 145.557

■ 53, 62.712,
145.557

■ 53, 62.712,
145.557

■ 53, 64.978,
144.505

■ 53, 58.247,
147.567

■ 54, 53.060,
149.418

■ 54, 47.183,
151.081

■ 55, 40.701,
152.554

■ 56, 33.728,
153.848

■ 56, 26.394,
154.983

■ 58, 18.827,
155.982

■ 59, 11.144,

156.868

■ 60, 3.444, 157.703

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 62.712, 145.557



32, 57.742, 349.693

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 62.712, 145.557



53, 62.712, 195.557



53, 62.712, 325.557



53, 62.712, 15.557

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 62.712, 145.557



73, 26.733, 155.589



55, 67.558, 122.918



38, 18.566, 155.188



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 62.712, 145.557



68, 80.045, 144.013



54, 36.340, 181.104



31, 4.372, 157.306



50, 61.992, 144.635



2, 3.819, 157.946

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



32, 57.742, 349.693



42, 70.844, 351.698



30, 61.389, 31.812



29, 4.405, 338.566



29, 55.898, 350.859



1, 3.820, 337.938

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 62.712, 145.557 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 62.712, 145.557 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 62.712, 145.557

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 62.712, 145.557.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 62.712, 145.557.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
53, 62.667, 145.518

Protanopia
53, 39.983, 95.661

Deuteranopia
53, 33.549, 78.127



Tritanopia
53, 24.408, 212.534

Trichromacy



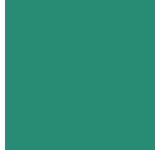
Original Color
53, 62.667, 145.518



Protanomaly
51, 45.610, 127.946



Deuteranomaly
51, 38.101, 125.161



Tritanomaly
52, 34.708, 172.351

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 62.667, 145.518



Achromatopsia
40, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
44, 27.503, 154.259

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 62.712, 145.557 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(8, 146, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(8, 146, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(8, 146, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(8, 146, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 62.712, 145.557 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(8, 146, 61) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(8, 146, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(8, 146, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(8, 146, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 146, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(8, 146, 61)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 62.712, 145.557 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(8, 146, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(8, 146,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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