

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 68.230, 42.601)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(53, 68.230, 42.601) contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(53, 68.284, 42.326)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	D85331
RGB	216, 83, 49
RGB Percent	85%, 33%, 19%
CMY	0.1524, 0.6740, 0.8074
CMYK	0.00, 0.62, 0.77, 0.15
HSL	12°, 68%, 52%
HSV	12°, 77%, 85%
XYZ	32.0172, 21.0462, 5.2918
YIQ	118.8910, 90.1820, 17.6220

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

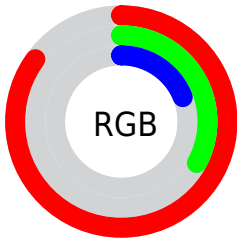
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	216, 92, 49
Decimal	14177073
CIE Lab	53.00, 50.48, 45.98
CIE LCh	53, 68.284, 42.326
Yxy	21.0462, 0.5487, 0.3607
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292367153 (0xFFD85331)
YUV	118.8910, -34.4563, 85.1646
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, 44.2931, 25.2743

# Details

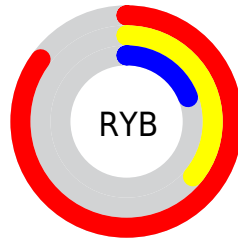
The CIELCh color **53, 68.284, 42.326** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6633**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **69, 35.994, 228.987**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69, 58.428, 44.896**, and **33, 68.352, 42.319** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **50, 78.110, 43.150**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56, 57.856, 41.390**.

# Distribution



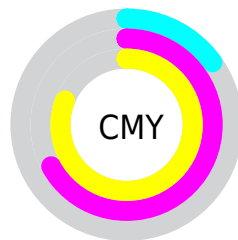
- Red (85%)
- Green (33%)
- Blue (19%)



- Red (85%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Blue (19%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (62%)
- Yellow (77%)
- Black (15%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (67%)
- Yellow (81%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 68.284, 42.326 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 68.284, 42.326 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



53, 68.284, 42.326

53, 68.284, 42.326

100, 68.284,  
42.326

43, 68.284, 42.326

73, 68.284, 42.326

33, 68.284, 42.326

83, 68.284, 42.326

23, 68.284, 42.326

93, 68.284, 42.326

13, 68.284, 42.326

3, 68.284, 42.326

0, 68.284, 42.326

53, 68.284, 42.326

53, 68.284, 42.326

50, 78.110, 43.150

56, 57.856, 41.390

48, 85.879, 43.274

60, 47.579, 40.606

48, 87.757, 43.363

64, 37.778, 40.049

69, 28.593, 39.714

73, 20.067, 39.568

78, 12.192, 39.567

83, 4.930, 39.634

88, 1.772, 220.302

93, 7.971, 220.343

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 68.284, 42.326



69, 35.994, 228.987

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 68.284, 42.326



53, 68.284, 92.326



53, 68.284, 222.326



53, 68.284, 272.326

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 68.282, 42.329



87, 19.021, 39.553



52, 81.815, 336.013



45, 13.367, 39.565



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 68.282, 42.329



57, 94.655, 43.331



71, 63.903, 83.079



43, 3.848, 39.624



38, 73.251, 43.761



6, 19.372, 30.969





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



69, 35.994, 228.987



77, 43.447, 234.447



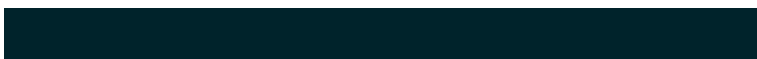
45, 69.358, 290.970



44, 3.630, 220.284



52, 32.587, 236.115

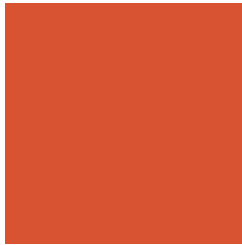


12, 12.648, 228.041



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 68.284, 42.326 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 68.284, 42.326 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 53, 68.284, 42.326

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 68.284, 42.326.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 68.284, 42.326.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

53, 68.284, 42.326

### Protanopia

53, 36.970, 95.395

### Deuteranopia

53, 48.658, 82.252



**Tritanopia**  
53, 60.486, 26.047



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
53, 68.284, 42.326

**Protanomaly**  
52, 42.307, 65.890

**Deuteranomaly**  
52, 52.263, 62.696

**Tritanomaly**  
53, 63.100, 32.630

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
53, 68.284, 42.326

**Achromatopsia**  
50, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
49, 22.794, 39.380

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 68.284, 42.326 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(216, 83, 49)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(216, 83, 49)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(216, 83, 49) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(216, 83, 49) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 68.284, 42.326 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(216, 83, 49) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(216, 83, 49) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(216, 83, 49)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(216, 83, 49); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 83, 49);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(216, 83,  
49) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 68.284, 42.326 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(216, 83, 49) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(216, 83,  
49) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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