

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 69.056, 125.497)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 69.056, 125.497)
contains.

CIELCh(53, 68.889, 125.442)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(53, 68.889, 125.442)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	508E00
RGB	80, 142, 0
RGB Percent	31%, 56%, 0%
CMY	0.6863, 0.4432, 1.0000
CMYK	0.44, 0.00, 1.00, 0.44
HSL	86°, 100%, 28%
HSV	86°, 100%, 56%
XYZ	12.9775, 21.0462, 3.3776
YIQ	107.2740, 8.6300, -57.3060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

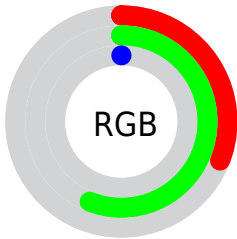
Format	Color
RYB	0, 142, 62
Decimal	5279232
CIELab	53.00, -39.95, 56.12
CIElCh	53, 68.889, 125.442
Yxy	21.0462, 0.3470, 0.5627
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4283469312 (0xFF508E00)
YUV	107.2740, -52.8861, -23.9193
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, -29.7889, 27.7481

Details

The CIELCh color $53, 68.889, 125.442$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669900 . A complement of this color would be $20, 81.590, 310.788$, and the grayscale version is $46, 0.006, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 68.795, 125.503$, and $33, 54.572, 133.454$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53, 68.886, 125.444$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $53, 65.677, 124.640$.

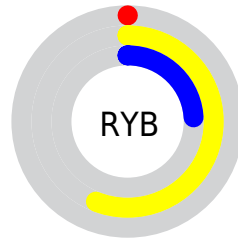
Distribution



Red (31%)

Green (56%)

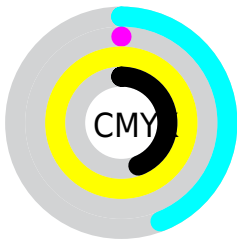
Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (56%)

Blue (24%)

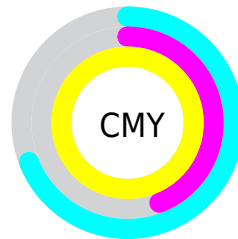


Cyan (44%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (44%)



Cyan (69%)

Magenta (44%)

Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 68.889, 125.442 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 68.889, 125.442 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 53, 68.889,
125.442

 53, 68.889,
125.442

 100, 68.889,
125.442

 43, 68.889,
125.442

 73, 68.889,
125.442

 33, 68.889,
125.442

 83, 68.889,
125.442

 23, 68.889,
125.442

 93, 68.889,
125.442

 13, 68.889,
125.442

 3, 68.889, 125.442

 0, 68.889, 125.442

■ 53, 68.889,
125.442

■ 53, 68.889,
125.442

■ 53, 68.886,
125.444

■ 53, 65.677,
124.640

■ 54, 61.328,
124.125

■ 54, 55.602,
124.004

■ 55, 48.837,
124.164

■ 55, 41.360,
124.499

■ 56, 33.426,
124.931

■ 57, 25.215,
125.409

■ 57, 16.852,

125.898

■ 58, 8.424, 126.380

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 68.889, 125.442



20, 81.590, 310.788

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 68.889, 125.442



53, 68.889, 175.442



53, 68.889, 305.442



53, 68.889, 355.442

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 68.886, 125.444



72, 31.090, 125.379



36, 56.529, 56.300



37, 21.099, 125.200



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 68.886, 125.444



67, 83.476, 125.786



51, 77.056, 135.637



30, 4.778, 126.419



51, 66.417, 125.369



2, 3.232, 126.826

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



20, 81.590, 310.788



27, 98.817, 310.559



32, 75.014, 325.681



28, 4.849, 307.244



19, 78.675, 310.839



0, 3.233, 306.824

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 68.889, 125.442 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 68.889, 125.442 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 68.889, 125.442

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 68.889, 125.442.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 68.889, 125.442.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53, 68.889, 125.442

Protanopia

53, 58.030, 95.212

Deuteranopia

53, 52.541, 82.698



Tritanopia
53, 13.676, 226.264

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 68.889, 125.442

Protanomaly
52, 59.831, 108.709

Deuteranomaly
52, 54.586, 102.276

Tritanomaly
52, 31.648, 142.169

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 68.889, 125.442

Achromatopsia
45, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
47, 31.522, 125.022

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 68.889, 125.442 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(80, 142, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(80, 142, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(80, 142, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(80, 142, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 68.889, 125.442 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(80, 142, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(80, 142, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(80, 142, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(80, 142, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 142, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(80, 142, 0)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 68.889, 125.442 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(80, 142, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(80, 142,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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