

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 72.363, 344.610)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 72.363, 344.610)
contains.

CIELCh(53, 72.212, 344.649)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(53, 72.212, 344.649)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	DC3CA1
RGB	220, 60, 161
RGB Percent	86%, 24%, 63%
CMY	0.1369, 0.7643, 0.3683
CMYK	0.00, 0.73, 0.27, 0.14
HSL	322°, 70%, 55%
HSV	322°, 73%, 86%
XYZ	37.6012, 21.0462, 35.8331
YIQ	119.3540, 62.9390, 65.3310

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

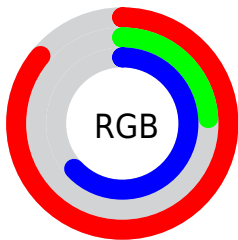
Format	Color
R_{YB}	220, 60, 161
Decimal	14433441
CIE _{Lab}	53.00, 69.64, -19.12
CIE _{LCh}	53, 72.212, 344.649
Yxy	21.0462, 0.3980, 0.2228
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4292623521 (0xFFDC3CA1)
YUV	119.3540, 20.5315, 88.2665
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, 66.0199, -14.1972

Details

The CIELCh color **53, 72.212, 344.649** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. The color can be described as middle muted rose. A complement of this color would be **78, 73.114, 148.686**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **69, 66.803, 338.065**, and **35, 64.653, 346.359** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51, 76.803, 346.460**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56, 65.323, 343.160**.

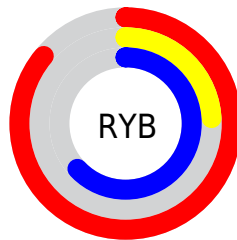
Distribution



Red (86%)

Green (24%)

Blue (63%)



Red (86%)

Yellow (24%)

Blue (63%)

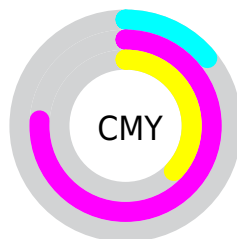


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (73%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (14%)



Cyan (14%)


Magenta (76%)


Yellow (37%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 72.212, 344.649 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 72.212, 344.649 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 53, 72.212,
344.649

 53, 72.212,
344.649


 100, 72.212,
344.649

 43, 72.212,
344.649


 73, 72.212,
344.649


 33, 72.212,
344.649

 83, 72.212,
344.649

 23, 72.212,
344.649

 93, 72.212,
344.649

 13, 72.212,
344.649

 3, 72.212, 344.649

 0, 72.212, 344.649

53, 72.212,
344.649

53, 72.212,
344.649

51, 76.803,
346.460

56, 65.323,
343.160

49, 78.892,
348.703

60, 56.629,
341.901

48, 79.198,
350.618

65, 46.685,
340.806


70, 35.999,
339.831

75, 24.970,
338.945

81, 13.881,
338.124

86, 2.920, 337.272

92, 7.801, 156.759

 97, 16.319,
157.682

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 72.212, 344.649



78, 73.114, 148.686

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 72.212, 344.649



53, 72.212, 34.649



53, 72.212, 164.649



53, 72.212, 214.649

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 72.209, 344.650



86, 27.275, 338.902



42, 93.151, 309.133



44, 18.343, 339.136



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 72.209, 344.650



57, 87.358, 347.527



51, 67.388, 22.146



43, 6.174, 337.864



38, 66.489, 350.129



6, 26.824, 345.407

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 72.209, 344.650



57, 87.358, 347.527



80, 45.316, 181.636



43, 6.174, 337.864



38, 66.489, 350.129



6, 26.824, 345.407

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 72.212, 344.649 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

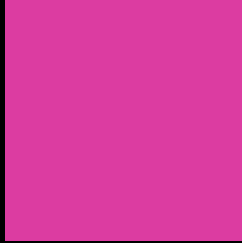
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 72.212, 344.649 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

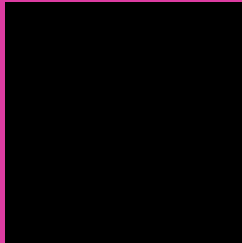
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 72.212, 344.649

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 72.212, 344.649.

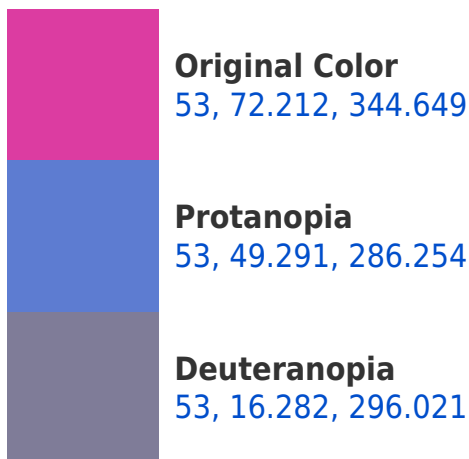


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 72.212, 344.649.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

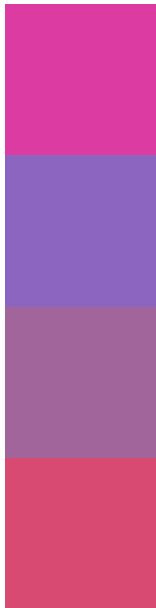
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
53, 57.810, 25.353

Trichromacy



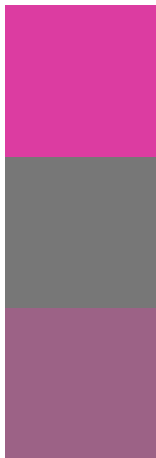
Original Color
53, 72.212, 344.649

Protanomaly
50, 54.372, 308.902

Deuteranomaly
51, 38.100, 329.401

Tritanomaly
53, 59.013, 8.076

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 72.212, 344.649

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
49, 30.682, 340.683

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 72.212, 344.649 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(220, 60, 161)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(220, 60, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(220, 60, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(220, 60, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 72.212, 344.649 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(220, 60, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(220, 60, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(220, 60, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(220, 60, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 60, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(220, 60,  
161) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 72.212, 344.649 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(220, 60, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(220, 60,  
161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor