

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 77.101, 287.242)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(53, 77.101, 287.242)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(53, 76.908, 287.122)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	027AFF
RGB	2, 122, 255
RGB Percent	1%, 48%, 100%
CMY	0.9933, 0.5228, 0.0015
CMYK	0.99, 0.52, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	212°, 100%, 50%
HSV	212°, 99%, 100%
XYZ	24.9291, 21.0462, 97.0343
YIQ	101.2820, -114.2130, 15.9230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

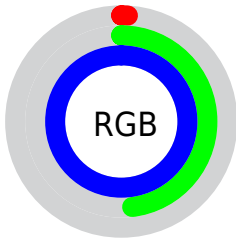
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	2, 83, 255
Decimal	162559
CIE Lab	53.00, 22.64, -73.50
CIE LCh	53, 76.908, 287.122
Yxy	21.0462, 0.1743, 0.1472
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278352639 (0xFF027AFF)
YUV	101.2820, 75.7830, -87.0703
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, 16.7138, -93.2932

# Details

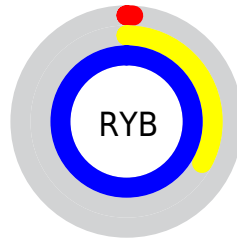
The CIELCh color **53, 76.908, 287.122** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0066FF**. The color can be described as dark saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **68, 84.298, 62.140**, and the grayscale version is **43, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **70, 46.204, 274.003**, and **36, 74.799, 293.905** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53, 77.455, 287.406**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 68.929, 282.675**.

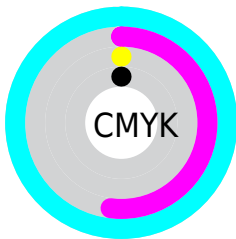
# Distribution



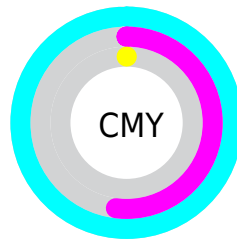
- Red (1%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (1%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)




- Cyan (99%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (0%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 76.908, 287.122 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 76.908, 287.122 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 53, 76.908,  
287.122


 53, 76.908,  
287.122


 100, 76.908,  
287.122

 43, 76.908,  
287.122


 73, 76.908,  
287.122

 33, 76.908,  
287.122

 83, 76.908,  
287.122

 23, 76.908,  
287.122

 93, 76.908,  
287.122

 13, 76.908,  
287.122

 3, 76.908, 287.122

 0, 76.908, 287.122

■ 53, 76.908,  
287.122

■ 53, 76.908,  
287.122

■ 53, 77.455,  
287.406

■ 57, 68.929,  
282.675

■ 61, 61.193,  
278.316

■ 65, 53.612,  
274.299

■ 70, 46.081,  
270.736

■ 75, 38.517,  
267.657

■ 80, 30.872,  
265.041

■ 85, 23.132,  
262.835

■ 90, 15.304,

260.984

 95, 7.411, 259.444

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 76.908, 287.122



68, 84.298, 62.140

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 76.908, 287.122



53, 76.908, 337.122



53, 76.908, 107.122



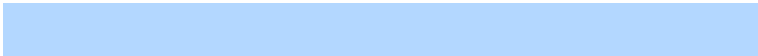
53, 76.908, 157.122

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 76.908, 287.124



85, 23.682, 262.972



88, 87.955, 149.655



43, 16.126, 263.866



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 76.908, 287.124



53, 77.549, 287.409



32, 133.300, 306.279



50, 4.521, 259.469



40, 61.356, 286.600



11, 24.857, 280.252



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 84.254, 5.151



55, 84.443, 5.458



97, 96.712, 103.908



50, 6.275, 345.830



41, 68.049, 4.574



10, 31.650, 358.581



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 76.908, 287.122 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

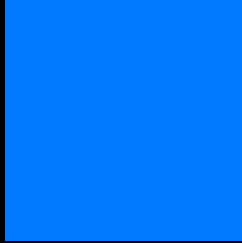
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 76.908, 287.122 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

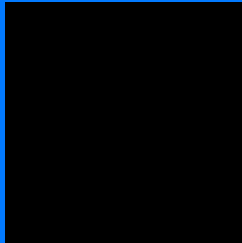
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

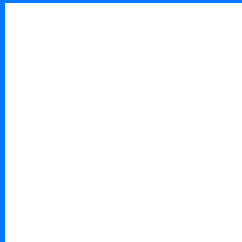
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 53, 76.908, 287.122

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 76.908, 287.122.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 76.908, 287.122.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy







**Tritanopia**  
53, 31.070, 206.382

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
53, 76.917, 287.084

**Protanomaly**  
53, 76.900, 287.629

**Deuteranomaly**  
53, 63.490, 280.824

**Tritanomaly**  
52, 38.115, 254.087

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
53, 76.917, 287.084

**Achromatopsia**  
43, 0.006, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
45, 30.590, 269.487

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 76.908, 287.122 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(2, 122, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(2, 122, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(2, 122, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(2, 122, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 76.908, 287.122 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(2, 122, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(2, 122, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(2, 122, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(2, 122, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 122, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(2, 122,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 76.908, 287.122 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(2, 122, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(2, 122,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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