

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 8.206, 133.696)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 8.206, 133.696) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 8.190, 132.600)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	798174
RGB	121, 129, 116
RGB Percent	47%, 51%, 45%
CMY	0.5253, 0.4939, 0.5449
CMYK	0.06, 0.00, 0.10, 0.49
HSL	97°, 5%, 48%
HSV	97°, 10%, 51%
XYZ	18.9059, 21.0462, 19.6055
YIQ	125.1260, -0.5950, -5.7390

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

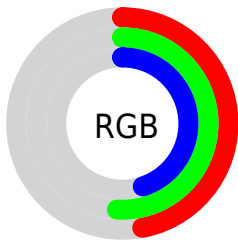
Format	Color
R_{YB}	116, 129, 124
Decimal	7962996
CIE Lab	53.00, -5.54, 6.03
CIE LCh	53, 8.190, 132.600
Yxy	21.0462, 0.3174, 0.3534
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286153076 (0xFF798174)
YUV	125.1260, -4.4991, -3.6185
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, -6.7219, 6.7753

Details

The CIELCh color $53, 8.190, 132.600$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $50, 8.279, 313.388$, and the grayscale version is $52, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 8.335, 133.598$, and $33, 8.349, 134.090$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 16.358, 132.153$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 0.054, 135.068$.

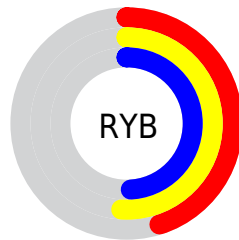
Distribution



Red (47%)

Green (51%)

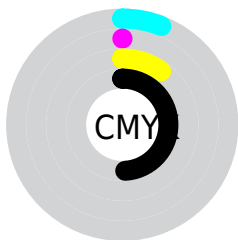
Blue (45%)



Red (45%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (49%)

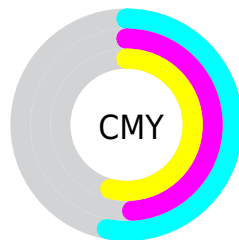


Cyan (6%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (53%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 8.190, 132.600 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 8.190, 132.600 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53, 8.190, 132.600

■ 53, 8.190, 132.600

■ 100, 8.190,
132.600

■ 43, 8.190, 132.600

■ 73, 8.190, 132.600

■ 33, 8.190, 132.600

■ 83, 8.190, 132.600

■ 23, 8.190, 132.600

■ 93, 8.190, 132.600

■ 13, 8.190, 132.600

■ 3, 8.190, 132.600

■ 0, 8.190, 132.600

■ 53, 8.190, 132.600

■ 53, 8.190, 132.600

■ 52, 16.358,
132.153

■ 54, 0.054, 135.068

■ 55, 8.008, 313.347

■ 51, 24.490,
131.680

■ 56, 15.962,
313.680

■ 50, 32.498,
131.194

■ 57, 23.786,
313.972

■ 50, 40.259,
130.725

■ 59, 31.464,
314.228

■ 49, 47.597,
130.321

■ 60, 38.987,
314.452

■ 49, 54.275,
130.058

■ 61, 46.350,
314.647

■ 48, 59.989,
130.038

■ 63, 53.552,
314.817

■ 48, 64.417,
130.379

■ 64, 60.594,
314.965

■ 47, 67.818,
130.898

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 8.190, 132.600



50, 8.279, 313.388

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 8.190, 132.600



53, 8.190, 182.600



53, 8.190, 312.600



53, 8.190, 2.600

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 8.191, 132.603



69, 3.017, 132.923



52, 4.980, 84.153



36, 2.278, 132.885



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 8.191, 132.603



68, 12.130, 132.506



53, 8.589, 146.702



26, 4.535, 132.646



47, 67.213, 130.880



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 8.279, 313.388



63, 12.281, 313.482



50, 8.606, 327.807



25, 4.580, 313.346



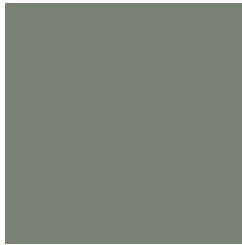
21, 72.655, 315.173



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 8.190, 132.600 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

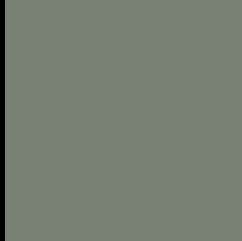
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 8.190, 132.600 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

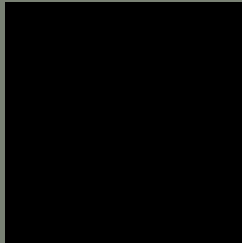
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

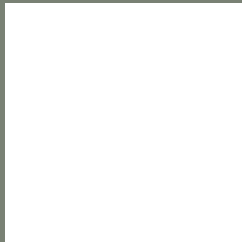
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 8.190, 132.600

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 8.190, 132.600.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 8.190, 132.600.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


53, 8.190, 132.600

Protanopia

53, 7.211, 92.589

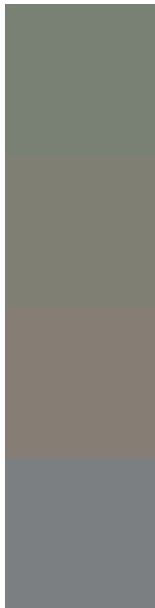
Deuteranopia

53, 8.831, 39.171



Tritanopia
53, 5.828, 283.337

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 8.190, 132.600

Protanomaly
53, 6.911, 109.301

Deuteranomaly
53, 5.915, 70.677

Tritanomaly
53, 1.935, 236.253

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 8.190, 132.600

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 2.451, 128.971

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 8.190, 132.600 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(121, 129, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(121, 129, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(121, 129, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(121, 129, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 8.190, 132.600 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(121, 129, 116) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(121, 129, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(121, 129, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(121, 129, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 129, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(121, 129,  
116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 8.190, 132.600 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(121, 129, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(121,  
129, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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