

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 8.284, 304.429)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 8.284, 304.429) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 8.371, 304.456)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	817C8A
RGB	129, 124, 138
RGB Percent	51%, 49%, 54%
CMY	0.4927, 0.5123, 0.4574
CMYK	0.07, 0.10, 0.00, 0.46
HSL	261°, 6%, 52%
HSV	261°, 10%, 54%
XYZ	20.9747, 21.0462, 27.1403
YIQ	127.0910, -1.5140, 5.4140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

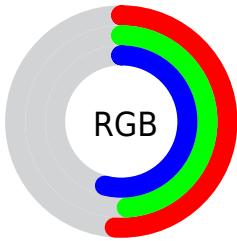
Format	Color
R_{YB}	129, 124, 138
Decimal	8486026
CIE Lab	53.00, 4.74, -6.90
CIE LCh	53, 8.371, 304.456
Yxy	21.0462, 0.3033, 0.3043
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286676106 (0xFF817C8A)
YUV	127.0910, 5.3781, 1.6742
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, 1.3275, -2.9627

Details

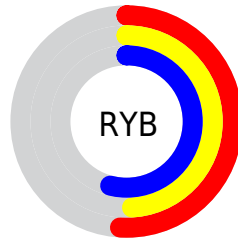
The CIELCh color $53, 8.371, 304.456$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666 . A complement of this color would be $57, 8.220, 123.426$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 8.480, 305.882$, and $33, 8.506, 305.655$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 16.907, 305.045$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 0.106, 303.440$.

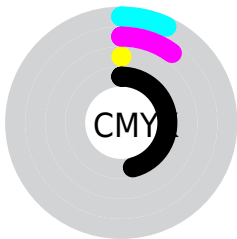
Distribution



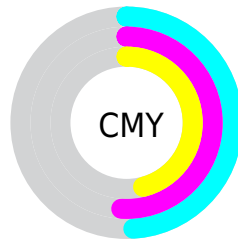
- Red (51%)
- Green (49%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (49%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (49%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 8.371, 304.456 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 8.371, 304.456 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 53, 8.371, 304.456

■ 53, 8.371, 304.456

■ 100, 8.371,
304.456

■ 43, 8.371, 304.456

■ 73, 8.371, 304.456

■ 33, 8.371, 304.456

■ 83, 8.371, 304.456

■ 23, 8.371, 304.456

■ 93, 8.371, 304.456

■ 13, 8.371, 304.456

■ 3, 8.371, 304.456

■ 0, 8.371, 304.456

■ 53, 8.371, 304.456

■ 53, 8.371, 304.456

■ 48, 16.907,
305.045

■ 58, 0.106, 303.440

■ 62, 7.886, 123.481

44, 25.708,
305.701

67, 15.615,
123.074

39, 34.736,
306.413

71, 23.093,
122.721

35, 43.908,
307.165

76, 30.335,
122.416

31, 53.054,
307.919

80, 37.353,
122.153

27, 61.870,
308.609

84, 44.162,
121.927

23, 69.853,
309.134

89, 50.773,
121.733

20, 76.301,
309.354

93, 57.199,
121.567

18, 81.331,
309.385

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 8.371, 304.456



57, 8.220, 123.426

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 8.371, 304.456



53, 8.371, 354.456



53, 8.371, 124.456



53, 8.371, 174.456

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 8.370, 304.453



72, 3.060, 304.062



55, 4.426, 238.781



38, 2.339, 304.105



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 8.370, 304.453



67, 12.400, 304.575



54, 9.370, 320.718



27, 4.641, 304.398



17, 78.821, 309.427



0, 2.124, 303.927

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 7.629, 337.364



68, 11.284, 337.526



56, 9.328, 139.825



27, 4.233, 337.290



28, 55.214, 348.531



0, 1.949, 336.687

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 8.371, 304.456 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 8.371, 304.456 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

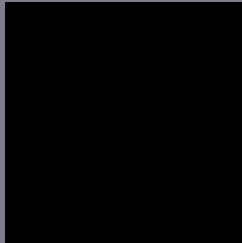
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

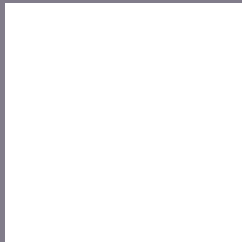
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 8.371, 304.456

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 8.371, 304.456.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 8.371, 304.456.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53, 8.371, 304.456

Protanopia

53, 7.528, 288.216

Deuteranopia

53, 10.091, 313.766



Tritanopia
53, 6.020, 305.848

Trichromacy



Original Color

53, 8.371, 304.456

Protanomaly

53, 8.160, 296.557

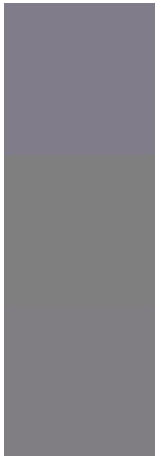
Deuteranomaly

53, 9.949, 311.689

Tritanomaly

53, 6.580, 304.575

Monochromacy



Original Color

53, 8.371, 304.456

Achromatopsia

53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

53, 3.012, 305.661

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 8.371, 304.456 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 124, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 124, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 124, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 124, 138) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 8.371, 304.456 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 124, 138) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 124, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 124, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 124, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 124, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 124,  
138) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 8.371, 304.456 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 124, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
124, 138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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