

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 9.347, 26.910)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(53, 9.347, 26.910) contains.

<b>CIELCh(53, 9.538, 23.864)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	20
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	26

# Color

**CIELCh(53, 9.538, 23.864)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	907978
RGB	144, 121, 120
RGB Percent	56%, 47%, 47%
CMY	0.4343, 0.5245, 0.5285
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.17, 0.43
HSL	3°, 10%, 52%
HSV	3°, 17%, 57%
XYZ	21.8159, 21.0462, 20.7574
YIQ	127.7630, 14.0290, 4.5650

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

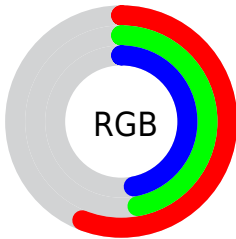
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	144, 121, 120
Decimal	9468280
CIE Lab	53.00, 8.72, 3.86
CIE LCh	53, 9.538, 23.864
Yxy	21.0462, 0.3429, 0.3308
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287658360 (0xFF907978)
YUV	127.7630, -3.8272, 14.2398
Hunter-Lab	45.8761, 4.6006, 5.2866

# Details

The CIELCh color  $53, 9.538, 23.864$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $996666$ . A complement of this color would be  $58, 8.573, 202.471$ , and the grayscale version is  $54, 0.007, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $73, 9.650, 23.376$ , and  $33, 9.567, 20.920$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $49, 15.873, 24.653$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $57, 3.661, 23.226$ .

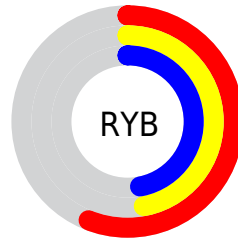
# Distribution



Red (56%)

Green (47%)

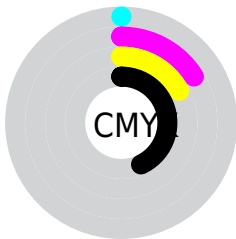
Blue (47%)



Red (56%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (47%)

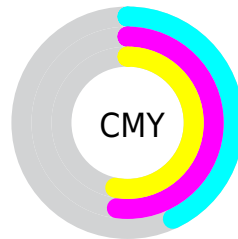


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (53%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 9.538, 23.864 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 9.538, 23.864 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 53, 9.538, 23.864

 53, 9.538, 23.864

 100, 9.538, 23.864

 43, 9.538, 23.864

 73, 9.538, 23.864

 33, 9.538, 23.864

 83, 9.538, 23.864

 23, 9.538, 23.864

 93, 9.538, 23.864

 13, 9.538, 23.864

 3, 9.538, 23.864

 0, 9.538, 23.864

 53, 9.538, 23.864

 53, 9.538, 23.864

 49, 15.873, 24.653

 57, 3.661, 23.226

 45, 22.667, 25.670

 61, 1.777, 203.158

42, 29.878, 27.002

66, 6.811, 202.651

38, 37.412, 28.735

70, 11.483,  
202.381

35, 45.107, 30.938

74, 15.831,  
202.189

33, 52.710, 33.612

31, 59.795, 36.546

78, 19.895,  
202.049

30, 65.454, 39.087

83, 23.710,  
201.948

30, 67.073, 39.905

87, 27.306,  
201.876

91, 30.710,  
201.826

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 9.538, 23.864



58, 8.573, 202.471

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 9.538, 23.864



53, 9.538, 73.864



53, 9.538, 203.864



53, 9.538, 253.864

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 9.537, 23.874



74, 3.409, 23.114



53, 16.355, 326.229



38, 2.324, 23.162



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 9.537, 23.874



66, 14.479, 24.146



56, 8.648, 76.878



28, 3.115, 23.390



28, 63.555, 39.559



1, 2.035, 23.037





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 8.573, 202.471



73, 12.677, 202.343



54, 8.369, 261.242



30, 2.943, 202.770



49, 29.587, 203.053



2, 2.035, 203.055



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 9.538, 23.864 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 9.538, 23.864 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

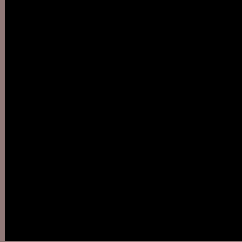
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 53, 9.538, 23.864**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 9.538, 23.864.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 9.538, 23.864.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color


53, 9.538, 23.864

### Protanopia

53, 2.353, 66.618

### Deuteranopia

53, 7.926, 28.531



**Tritanopia**  
53, 11.340, 353.542



# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
53, 9.538, 23.864

**Protanomaly**  
53, 4.623, 34.205

**Deuteranomaly**  
53, 8.344, 28.155

**Tritanomaly**  
53, 10.738, 1.900

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
53, 9.538, 23.864

**Achromatopsia**  
54, 0.007, 296.813

**Achromatomaly**  
53, 3.274, 29.739

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 9.538, 23.864 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 121, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 121, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 121, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 121, 120) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 9.538, 23.864 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 121, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 121, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 121, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 121, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 121, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 121,  
120) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 9.538, 23.864 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 121, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
121, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor