

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 9.894, 22.220)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 9.894, 22.220) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 9.961, 23.764)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex | 917978 |
| RGB | 145, 121, 120 |
| RGB Percent | 57%, 47%, 47% |
| CMY | 0.4314, 0.5255, 0.5295 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 0.17, 0.17, 0.43 |
| HSL | 2°, 10%, 52% |
| HSV | 2°, 17%, 57% |
| XYZ | 21.9002, 21.0462, 20.6735 |
| YIQ | 128.0620, 14.6250, 4.7770 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

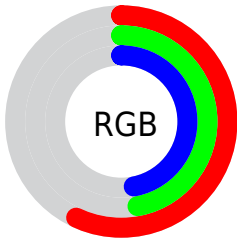
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| RYB | 145, 121, 120 |
| Decimal | 9533816 |
| CIELab | 53.00, 9.12, 4.01 |
| CIELCh | 53, 9.961, 23.764 |
| Yxy | 21.0462, 0.3442, 0.3308 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4287723896 (0xFF917978) |
| YUV | 128.0620, -3.9746, 14.8546 |
| Hunter-Lab | 45.8761, 4.9286, 5.3950 |

Details

The CIELCh color $53, 9.961, 23.764$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $58, 8.916, 202.286$, and the grayscale version is $54, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $73, 10.043, 23.285$, and $33, 10.035, 20.997$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49, 16.360, 24.573$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $57, 4.022, 23.118$.

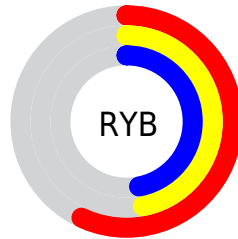
Distribution



Red (57%)

Green (47%)

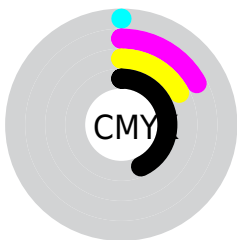
Blue (47%)



Red (57%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (47%)

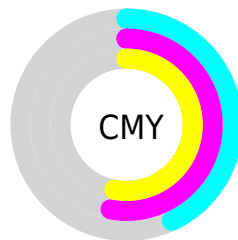


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (17%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (43%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (53%)


Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 9.961, 23.764 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 9.961, 23.764 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 53, 9.961, 23.764  53, 9.961, 23.764

 100, 9.961, 23.764  43, 9.961, 23.764

 73, 9.961, 23.764  33, 9.961, 23.764

 83, 9.961, 23.764  23, 9.961, 23.764

 93, 9.961, 23.764  13, 9.961, 23.764

 3, 9.961, 23.764

 0, 9.961, 23.764

 53, 9.961, 23.764  53, 9.961, 23.764

 49, 16.360, 24.573  57, 4.022, 23.118

 45, 23.219, 25.615  61, 1.472, 203.078

41, 30.491, 26.980

66, 6.559, 202.511

38, 38.077, 28.754

70, 11.278,
202.230

35, 45.808, 31.005

74, 15.670,
202.029

33, 53.423, 33.725

31, 60.472, 36.683

78, 19.774,
201.882

30, 66.039, 39.229

83, 23.625,
201.774

30, 67.377, 39.902

87, 27.254,
201.696

91, 30.689,
201.642

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 9.961, 23.764



58, 8.916, 202.286

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 9.961, 23.764



53, 9.961, 73.764



53, 9.961, 203.764



53, 9.961, 253.764

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 9.960, 23.773



74, 3.414, 22.965



53, 17.016, 326.262



38, 2.328, 23.012



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 9.960, 23.773



66, 15.288, 24.084



56, 9.007, 76.804



28, 3.120, 23.242



28, 63.578, 39.528



1, 2.038, 22.884

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 8.916, 202.286



73, 13.290, 202.144



54, 8.704, 261.335



30, 2.948, 202.612



49, 29.648, 202.766



2, 2.038, 202.902

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 9.961, 23.764 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 53, 9.961, 23.764 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

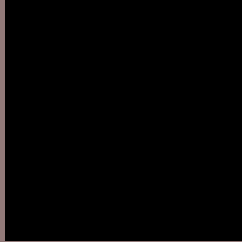
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 9.961, 23.764

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 9.961, 23.764.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 9.961, 23.764.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


53, 9.961, 23.764

Protanopia

53, 2.353, 66.618

Deuteranopia

53, 7.926, 28.531



Tritanopia
53, 11.705, 354.520

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 9.961, 23.764

Protanomaly
53, 4.623, 34.205

Deuteranomaly
53, 8.344, 28.155

Tritanomaly
53, 11.131, 2.646

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 9.961, 23.764

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 3.631, 19.692

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 53, 9.961, 23.764 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(145, 121, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(145, 121, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(145, 121, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(145, 121, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 9.961, 23.764 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(145, 121, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(145, 121, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(145, 121, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(145, 121, 120); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 121, 120);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(145, 121,  
120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 9.961, 23.764 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(145, 121, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(145,  
121, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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