

Converting Colors

CIELCh(53, 93.752, 30.438)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(53, 93.752, 30.438) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(53, 93.228, 30.478)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | FD0033 |
| RGB | 253, 0, 51 |
| RGB Percent | 99%, 0%, 20% |
| CMY | 0.0089, 1.0000, 0.8007 |
| CMYK | 0.00, 1.00, 0.80, 0.01 |
| HSL | 348°, 100%, 50% |
| HSV | 348°, 100%, 99% |
| XYZ | 40.9898, 21.0462, 5.0125 |
| YIQ | 81.4610, 134.4170, 69.4970 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

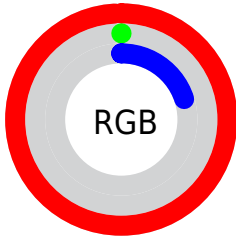
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| RYB | 253, 0, 51 |
| Decimal | 16580659 |
| CIELab | 53.00, 80.35, 47.29 |
| CIELCh | 53, 93.228, 30.478 |
| Yxy | 21.0462, 0.6113, 0.3139 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4294770739 (0xFFFD0033) |
| YUV | 81.4610, -15.0173, 150.4397 |
| Hunter-Lab | 45.8761, 79.2046, 25.6351 |

Details

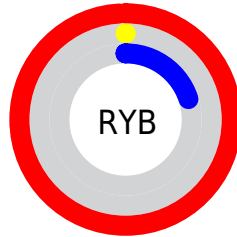
The CIELCh color **53, 93.228, 30.478** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF0033**. The color can be described as dark saturated red. A complement of this color would be **89, 62.142, 170.346**, and the grayscale version is **35, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **62, 67.969, 27.796**, and **39, 80.642, 38.303** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53, 93.180, 30.512**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54, 86.967, 25.149**.

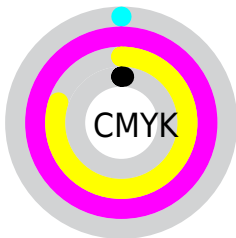
Distribution



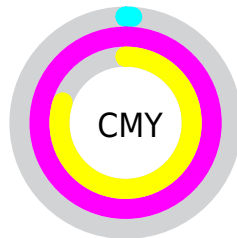
- Red (99%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (80%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 53, 93.228, 30.478 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 53, 93.228, 30.478 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 53, 93.228, 30.478

 53, 93.228, 30.478

 100, 93.228,
30.478

 43, 93.228, 30.478

 73, 93.228, 30.478

 33, 93.228, 30.478

 83, 93.228, 30.478

 23, 93.228, 30.478

 93, 93.228, 30.478

 13, 93.228, 30.478

 3, 93.228, 30.478

 0, 93.228, 30.478

 53, 93.228, 30.478

 53, 93.228, 30.478

 53, 93.180, 30.512

 54, 86.967, 25.149

 56, 79.766, 20.205

■ 59, 71.302, 16.096

■ 63, 61.700, 12.821

■ 68, 51.324, 10.242

■ 74, 40.603, 8.199

■ 80, 29.905, 6.557

■ 86, 19.486, 5.207

■ 93, 9.496, 4.057

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



53, 93.228, 30.478



89, 62.142, 170.346

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



53, 93.228, 30.478



53, 93.228, 80.478



53, 93.228, 210.478



53, 93.228, 260.478

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



53, 93.180, 30.512



80, 30.124, 6.559



51, 117.339, 319.980



40, 20.724, 7.211



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



53, 93.180, 30.512



53, 93.839, 30.540



57, 95.416, 46.045



50, 5.431, 4.003



40, 74.893, 29.516



10, 31.978, 18.681

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 93.180, 30.512



53, 93.839, 30.540



70, 47.807, 254.000



50, 5.431, 4.003



40, 74.893, 29.516



10, 31.978, 18.681

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 93.228, 30.478 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

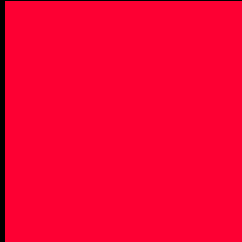
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 53, 93.228, 30.478 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 53, 93.228, 30.478

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 93.228, 30.478.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 53, 93.228, 30.478.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

53, 93.228, 30.478

Protanopia

54, 28.349, 95.615

Deuteranopia

53, 51.729, 82.025



Tritanopia
53, 102.400, 40.748

Trichromacy



Original Color
53, 93.228, 30.478



Protanomaly
47, 47.885, 34.031



Deuteranomaly
48, 63.563, 45.016



Tritanomaly
53, 100.107, 38.332

Monochromacy



Original Color
53, 93.228, 30.478



Achromatopsia
34, 0.005, 296.813



Achromatomaly
35, 41.161, 13.418

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 53, 93.228, 30.478 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(253, 0, 51)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 0, 51)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 0, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 0, 51) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 53, 93.228, 30.478 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 0, 51) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 0, 51) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 0, 51) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 0, 51); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 0, 51);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 0, 51)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 53, 93.228, 30.478 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 0, 51) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253, 0,  
51) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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