

Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 1.698, 359.569)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(54, 1.698, 359.569) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(54, 1.700, 359.571)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	848081
RGB	132, 128, 129
RGB Percent	52%, 50%, 51%
CMY	0.4819, 0.4975, 0.4936
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.02, 0.48
HSL	345°, 2%, 51%
HSV	345°, 3%, 52%
XYZ	21.2412, 21.9746, 23.9341
YIQ	129.3100, 2.0630, 1.1590

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

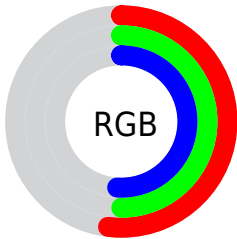
Format	Color
R_{YB}	132, 128, 129
Decimal	8683649
CIE _{Lab}	54.00, 1.70, -0.01
CIE _{LCh}	54, 1.700, 359.571
Yxy	21.9746, 0.3163, 0.3272
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286873729 (0xFF848081)
YUV	129.3100, -0.1528, 2.3591
Hunter-Lab	46.8770, -1.1519, 2.5421

Details

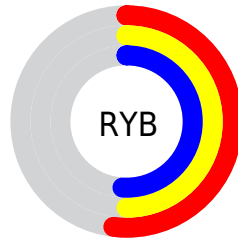
The CIELCh color $54, 1.700, 359.571$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $55, 1.676, 179.504$, and the grayscale version is $54, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74, 1.596, 359.422$, and $34, 1.851, 359.782$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50, 7.474, 0.725$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 3.811, 179.076$.

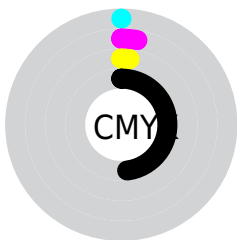
Distribution



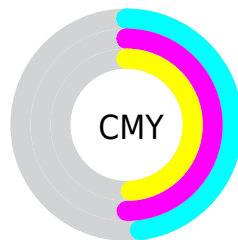
- Red (52%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 54, 1.700, 359.571 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 54, 1.700, 359.571 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 54, 1.700, 359.571

■ 54, 1.700, 359.571

■ 100, 1.700,
359.571

■ 44, 1.700, 359.571

■ 74, 1.700, 359.571

■ 34, 1.700, 359.571

■ 84, 1.700, 359.571

■ 24, 1.700, 359.571

■ 94, 1.700, 359.571

■ 14, 1.700, 359.571

■ 4, 1.700, 359.571

■ 0, 1.700, 359.571

■ 54, 1.700, 359.571

■ 54, 1.700, 359.571

■ 50, 7.474, 0.725

■ 58, 3.811, 179.076

■ 46, 13.492, 1.858

■ 62, 9.054, 178.280

43, 19.699, 3.178

66, 14.040,
177.604

39, 25.992, 4.759

70, 18.786,
177.000

36, 32.214, 6.694

33, 38.147, 9.101

74, 23.311,
176.453

31, 43.544, 12.124

78, 27.637,
175.954

29, 48.196, 15.904

27, 52.034, 20.511

82, 31.782,
175.496

86, 35.765,
175.074

90, 39.602,
174.683

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 1.700, 359.571



55, 1.676, 179.504

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 1.700, 359.571



54, 1.700, 49.571



54, 1.700, 179.571



54, 1.700, 229.571

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 1.699, 359.602



69, 0.692, 359.005



54, 2.607, 317.363



37, 0.397, 358.952



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 1.699, 359.602



68, 2.776, 359.754



54, 1.318, 44.995



27, 1.593, 359.814



26, 54.000, 23.664



0, 0.755, 359.546

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 1.699, 359.602



68, 2.776, 359.754



55, 1.301, 225.851



27, 1.593, 359.814



26, 54.000, 23.664



0, 0.755, 359.546

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 1.700, 359.571 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 54, 1.700, 359.571 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

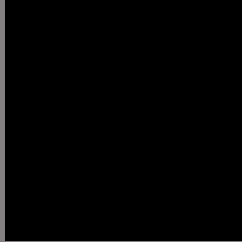
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

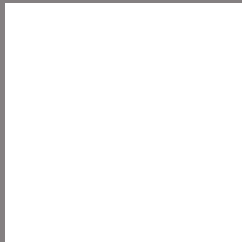
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 54, 1.700, 359.571

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 1.700, 359.571.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 1.700, 359.571.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


54, 1.700, 359.571

Protanopia

54, 1.333, 353.636

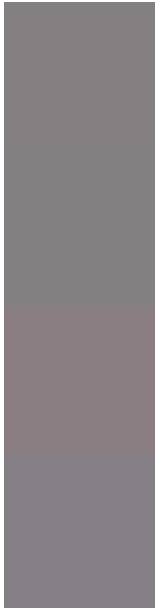
Deuteranopia

54, 7.045, 356.102



Tritanopia
54, 6.256, 312.758

Trichromacy



Original Color

54, 1.700, 359.571

Protanomaly

54, 1.333, 353.636

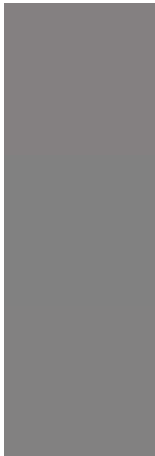
Deuteranomaly

54, 5.336, 354.413

Tritanomaly

54, 4.703, 320.689

Monochromacy



Original Color

54, 1.700, 359.571

Achromatopsia

54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

54, 0.397, 18.442

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 54, 1.700, 359.571 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(132, 128, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(132, 128, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(132, 128, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(132, 128, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 54, 1.700, 359.571 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(132, 128, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(132, 128, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(132, 128, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(132, 128, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 128, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(132, 128,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 54, 1.700, 359.571 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(132, 128, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(132,  
128, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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