

Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 12.167, 334.939)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(54, 12.167, 334.939)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(54, 11.985, 334.659)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	907B8A
RGB	144, 123, 138
RGB Percent	56%, 48%, 54%
CMY	0.4348, 0.5172, 0.4583
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.04, 0.43
HSL	317°, 9%, 52%
HSV	317°, 15%, 57%
XYZ	23.2173, 21.9746, 27.1089
YIQ	130.9890, 7.7010, 9.1170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

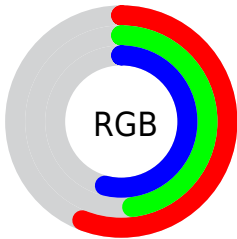
Format	Color
RYB	144, 123, 138
Decimal	9468810
CIELab	54.00, 10.83, -5.13
CIELCh	54, 11.985, 334.659
Yxy	21.9746, 0.3211, 0.3039
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287658890 (0xFF907B8A)
YUV	130.9890, 3.4564, 11.4106
Hunter-Lab	46.8770, 6.3728, -1.4734

Details

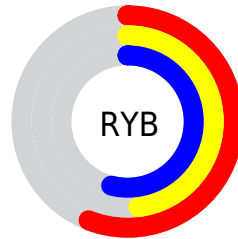
The CIELCh color $54, 11.985, 334.659$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $58, 11.913, 152.724$, and the grayscale version is $55, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74, 11.544, 335.773$, and $34, 11.939, 334.098$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50, 20.287, 335.377$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 3.734, 333.943$.

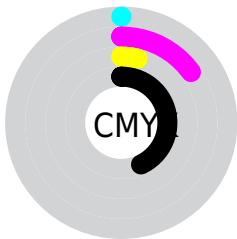
Distribution



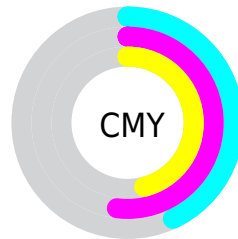
- Red (56%)
- Green (48%)
- Blue (54%)



- Red (56%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (54%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (43%)





- Cyan (43%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (46%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 54, 11.985, 334.659 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 54, 11.985, 334.659 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 54, 11.985,
334.659


 54, 11.985,
334.659


 100, 11.985,
334.659


 44, 11.985,
334.659


 74, 11.985,
334.659

 34, 11.985,
334.659

 84, 11.985,
334.659

 24, 11.985,
334.659

 94, 11.985,
334.659

 14, 11.985,
334.659

 4, 11.985, 334.659

 0, 11.985, 334.659

54, 11.985,
334.659

54, 11.985,
334.659

50, 20.287,
335.377

58, 3.734, 333.943

46, 28.502,
336.133

62, 4.372, 153.441

43, 36.422,
336.939

66, 12.281,
152.805

40, 43.764,
337.811

70, 19.967,
152.232

37, 50.181,
338.770

75, 27.419,
151.696

35, 55.296,
339.852

79, 34.641,
151.191

33, 58.784,
341.108

83, 41.639,
150.716

32, 60.505,

87, 48.425,
150.269

342.596

 91, 55.013,
149.848

 32, 61.130,
343.449

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 11.985, 334.659



58, 11.913, 152.724

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 11.985, 334.659



54, 11.985, 24.659



54, 11.985, 154.659



54, 11.985, 204.659

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 11.983, 334.660



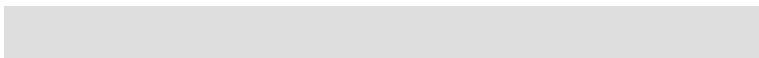
74, 4.024, 333.903



53, 12.425, 302.066



39, 2.883, 333.960



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 11.983, 334.660



67, 17.252, 334.856



54, 8.900, 3.330



28, 4.591, 334.282



29, 58.403, 343.333



1, 3.079, 333.715

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 11.983, 334.660



67, 17.252, 334.856



58, 8.437, 180.746



28, 4.591, 334.282



29, 58.403, 343.333



1, 3.079, 333.715

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 11.985, 334.659 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

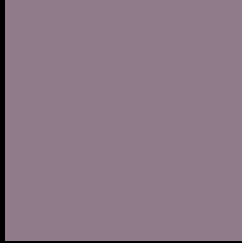
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 11.985, 334.659 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

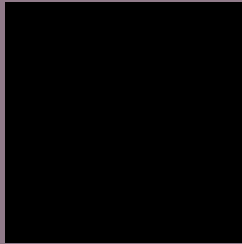
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 54, 11.985, 334.659

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 11.985, 334.659.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 11.985, 334.659.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

54, 11.985, 334.659

Protanopia

54, 7.503, 291.100

Deuteranopia

54, 9.101, 324.919



Tritanopia
54, 9.516, 343.296

Trichromacy



Original Color
54, 11.985, 334.659

Protanomaly
54, 8.695, 311.923

Deuteranomaly
54, 10.263, 328.672

Tritanomaly
54, 9.864, 340.611

Monochromacy



Original Color
54, 11.985, 334.659

Achromatopsia
55, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
54, 4.704, 332.654

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 54, 11.985, 334.659 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(144, 123, 138)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(144, 123, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(144, 123, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(144, 123, 138) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 54, 11.985, 334.659 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(144, 123, 138) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(144, 123, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(144, 123, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(144, 123, 138); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 123, 138);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(144, 123,  
138) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 54, 11.985, 334.659 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(144, 123, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(144,  
123, 138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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