

Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 15.072, 95.830)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(54, 15.072, 95.830) contains.

CIELCh(54, 15.278, 95.331)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(54, 15.278, 95.331)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	898167
RGB	137, 129, 103
RGB Percent	54%, 51%, 40%
CMY	0.4630, 0.4944, 0.5963
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.25, 0.46
HSL	46°, 14%, 47%
HSV	46°, 25%, 54%
XYZ	20.5928, 21.9746, 15.9718
YIQ	128.4280, 13.1140, -6.3900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

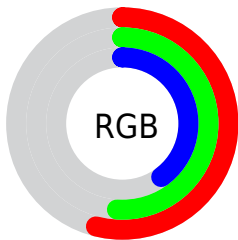
Format	Color
R_{YB}	113, 137, 103
Decimal	9011559
CIE Lab	54.00, -1.42, 15.21
CIE LCh	54, 15.278, 95.331
Yxy	21.9746, 0.3518, 0.3754
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287201639 (0xFF898167)
YUV	128.4280, -12.5360, 7.5176
Hunter-Lab	46.8770, -3.6209, 12.6129

Details

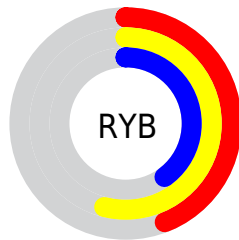
The CIELCh color **54, 15.278, 95.331** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **47, 15.581, 281.525**, and the grayscale version is **54, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74, 15.482, 95.380**, and **34, 15.274, 94.885** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53, 21.502, 94.130**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55, 9.081, 96.511**.

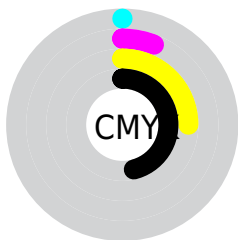
Distribution



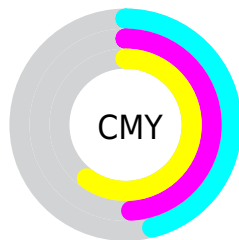
- Red (54%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (6%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 54, 15.278, 95.331 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 54, 15.278, 95.331 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 54, 15.278, 95.331

■ 54, 15.278, 95.331

■ 100, 15.278,
95.331

■ 44, 15.278, 95.331

■ 74, 15.278, 95.331

■ 34, 15.278, 95.331

■ 84, 15.278, 95.331

■ 24, 15.278, 95.331

■ 94, 15.278, 95.331

■ 14, 15.278, 95.331

■ 4, 15.278, 95.331

■ 0, 15.278, 95.331

■ 54, 15.278, 95.331

■ 54, 15.278, 95.331

■ 53, 21.502, 94.130

■ 55, 9.081, 96.511

■ 52, 27.695, 92.895

■ 56, 2.936, 97.623

■ 51, 33.763, 91.635

■ 58, 3.142, 278.816

■ 50, 39.539, 90.348

■ 59, 9.147, 279.848

■ 49, 44.751, 89.018

■ 60, 15.078,
280.857

■ 48, 48.994, 87.608

■ 62, 20.936,
281.822

■ 47, 51.839, 86.057

■ 46, 53.177, 85.265

■ 63, 26.723,
282.740

■ 65, 32.443,
283.612

■ 66, 38.097,
284.437

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 15.278, 95.331



47, 15.581, 281.525

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 15.278, 95.331



54, 15.278, 145.331



54, 15.278, 275.331



54, 15.278, 325.331

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 15.279, 95.337



72, 5.297, 97.375



47, 15.037, 2.058



37, 3.430, 97.324



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 15.279, 95.337



68, 22.972, 94.636



56, 19.593, 118.402



29, 3.460, 97.154



45, 51.965, 85.327



1, 1.603, 98.204

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 15.581, 281.525



58, 23.558, 282.497



45, 20.594, 301.639



27, 3.490, 279.311



19, 67.362, 300.365



0, 1.603, 278.208

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 15.278, 95.331 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

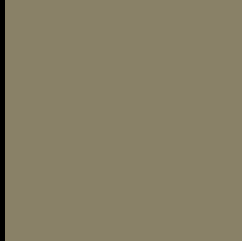
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 15.278, 95.331 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

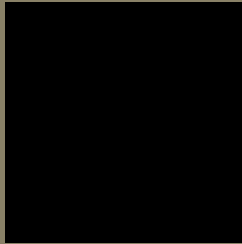
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

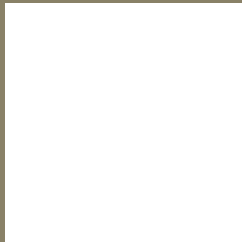
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 54, 15.278, 95.331

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 15.278, 95.331.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 15.278, 95.331.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

54, 15.278, 95.331

Protanopia

54, 15.278, 95.331

Deuteranopia

54, 16.239, 64.724



Tritanopia
54, 8.219, 341.265

Trichromacy



Original Color
54, 15.278, 95.331

Protanomaly
54, 15.278, 95.331

Deuteranomaly
54, 15.135, 75.751

Tritanomaly
54, 5.975, 36.637

Monochromacy



Original Color
54, 15.278, 95.331

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
54, 5.309, 96.170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 54, 15.278, 95.331 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 129, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 129, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 129, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 129, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 54, 15.278, 95.331 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 129, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 129, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 129, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 129, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 129, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 129,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 54, 15.278, 95.331 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 129, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
129, 103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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