

Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 18.328, 152.828)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(54, 18.328, 152.828)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(54, 18.675, 152.615)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	688972
RGB	104, 137, 114
RGB Percent	41%, 54%, 45%
CMY	0.5929, 0.4635, 0.5537
CMYK	0.24, 0.00, 0.17, 0.46
HSL	138°, 14%, 47%
HSV	138°, 24%, 54%
XYZ	17.6284, 21.9746, 19.1727
YIQ	124.5110, -12.2850, -14.1490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

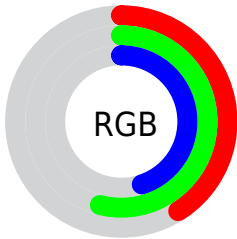
Format	Color
RYB	104, 129, 137
Decimal	6850930
CIELab	54.00, -16.58, 8.59
CIElCh	54, 18.675, 152.615
Yxy	21.9746, 0.2999, 0.3739
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285041010 (0xFF688972)
YUV	124.5110, -5.1819, -17.9881
Hunter-Lab	46.8770, -14.9089, 8.5643

Details

The CIELCh color $54, 18.675, 152.615$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $48, 18.852, 336.061$, and the grayscale version is $52, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74, 18.233, 152.751$, and $34, 18.677, 152.468$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53, 26.345, 151.672$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55, 10.918, 153.444$.

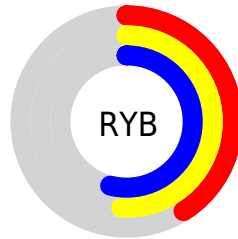
Distribution



Red (41%)

Green (54%)

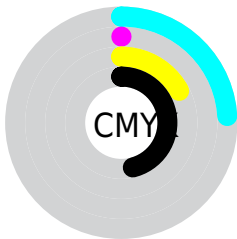
Blue (45%)



Red (41%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (54%)

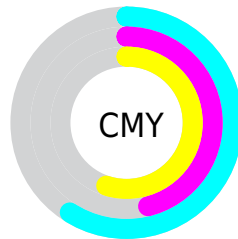


Cyan (24%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (46%)



Cyan (59%)


Magenta (46%)


Yellow (55%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 54, 18.675, 152.615 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 54, 18.675, 152.615 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 54, 18.675,
152.615


 54, 18.675,
152.615


 100, 18.675,
152.615


 44, 18.675,
152.615


 74, 18.675,
152.615

 34, 18.675,
152.615

 84, 18.675,
152.615

 24, 18.675,
152.615

 94, 18.675,
152.615

 14, 18.675,
152.615

 4, 18.675, 152.615

 0, 18.675, 152.615

■ 54, 18.675,
152.615

■ 54, 18.675,
152.615

■ 53, 26.345,
151.672

■ 55, 10.918,
153.444

■ 52, 33.805,
150.593

■ 56, 3.167, 154.221

■ 51, 40.925,
149.359

■ 58, 4.501, 334.717

■ 59, 12.027,
335.316

■ 51, 47.563,
147.954

■ 61, 19.375,
335.827

■ 50, 53.589,
146.374

■ 63, 26.517,
336.284

■ 50, 58.893,
144.631

■ 64, 33.442,
336.696

■ 50, 63.406,
142.772

■ 66, 40.144,
337.071

■ 49, 65.799,

141.769

 68, 46.623,
337.414

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 18.675, 152.615



48, 18.852, 336.061

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 18.675, 152.615



54, 18.675, 202.615



54, 18.675, 332.615



54, 18.675, 22.615

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 18.676, 152.614



72, 6.703, 153.978



55, 19.175, 120.453



37, 4.340, 153.942



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 18.676, 152.614



68, 27.876, 152.109



54, 13.057, 181.136



28, 4.377, 153.825



48, 64.235, 141.834



1, 2.027, 154.415

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



48, 18.852, 336.061



59, 28.176, 336.481



47, 14.360, 5.679



27, 4.399, 334.980



29, 56.990, 344.509



0, 2.027, 334.408

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 18.675, 152.615 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 18.675, 152.615 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

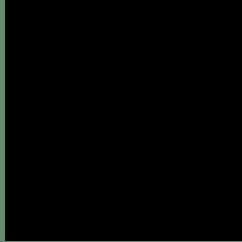
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 54, 18.675, 152.615

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 18.675, 152.615.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 18.675, 152.615.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
54, 18.675, 152.615

Protanopia
54, 10.743, 92.962

Deuteranopia
54, 10.344, 46.479



Tritanopia
54, 10.310, 232.872

Trichromacy



Original Color
54, 18.675, 152.615

Protanomaly
54, 11.840, 122.890

Deuteranomaly
54, 8.074, 103.297

Tritanomaly
54, 10.253, 191.906

Monochromacy



Original Color
54, 18.675, 152.615

Achromatopsia
52, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 7.113, 151.771

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 54, 18.675, 152.615 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(104, 137, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(104, 137, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(104, 137, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(104, 137, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 54, 18.675, 152.615 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(104, 137, 114) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(104, 137, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(104, 137, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(104, 137, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 137, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(104, 137,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 54, 18.675, 152.615 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(104, 137, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(104,  
137, 114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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