

Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 2.163, 16.228)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(54, 2.163, 16.228) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(54, 1.997, 19.419)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	858080
RGB	133, 128, 128
RGB Percent	52%, 50%, 50%
CMY	0.4785, 0.4981, 0.4981
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.04, 0.48
HSL	0°, 2%, 51%
HSV	0°, 4%, 52%
XYZ	21.2797, 21.9746, 23.5338
YIQ	129.4950, 2.9800, 1.0600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

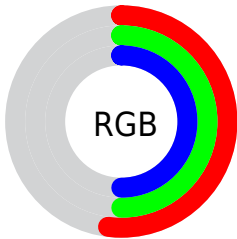
Format	Color
RYB	133, 128, 128
Decimal	8749184
CIELab	54.00, 1.88, 0.66
CIELCh	54, 1.997, 19.419
Yxy	21.9746, 0.3186, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286939264 (0xFF858080)
YUV	129.4950, -0.7370, 3.0739
Hunter-Lab	46.8770, -1.0051, 3.0483

Details

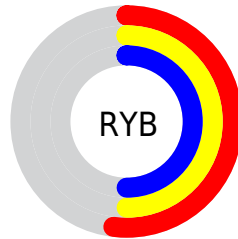
The CIELCh color $54, 1.997, 19.419$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $55, 1.951, 199.454$, and the grayscale version is $54, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74, 1.871, 19.286$, and $34, 2.181, 19.602$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50, 7.588, 20.275$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 3.188, 199.266$.

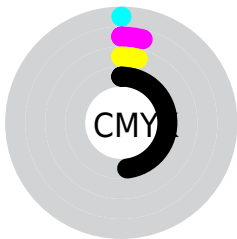
Distribution



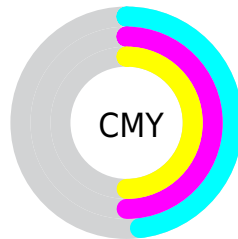
- Red (52%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (52%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (48%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 54, 1.997, 19.419 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 54, 1.997, 19.419 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 54, 1.997, 19.419 ■ 54, 1.997, 19.419

100, 1.997, 19.419 ■ 44, 1.997, 19.419

■ 74, 1.997, 19.419 ■ 34, 1.997, 19.419

■ 84, 1.997, 19.419 ■ 24, 1.997, 19.419

■ 94, 1.997, 19.419 ■ 14, 1.997, 19.419

■ 4, 1.997, 19.419

■ 0, 1.997, 19.419

■ 54, 1.997, 19.419 ■ 54, 1.997, 19.419

■ 50, 7.588, 20.275 ■ 58, 3.188, 199.266

■ 46, 13.606, 21.153 ■ 62, 7.997, 198.771

42, 20.047, 22.266

66, 12.468,
198.417

39, 26.865, 23.702

70, 16.638,
198.136

35, 33.964, 25.559

33, 41.183, 27.934

75, 20.544,
197.908

30, 48.296, 30.874

79, 24.218,
197.721

28, 54.981, 34.260

27, 60.448, 37.333

83, 27.688,
197.565

87, 30.980,
197.434

91, 34.115,
197.324

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 1.997, 19.419



55, 1.951, 199.454

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 1.997, 19.419



54, 1.997, 69.419



54, 1.997, 199.419



54, 1.997, 249.419

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 1.996, 19.458



70, 0.654, 18.747



54, 3.512, 324.586



37, 0.370, 18.686



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 1.996, 19.458



68, 3.314, 19.594



55, 1.734, 74.826



27, 1.804, 19.626



26, 62.112, 38.517



0, 0.707, 19.444

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 1.951, 199.454



70, 3.214, 199.328



54, 1.729, 256.023



28, 1.745, 199.299



49, 30.389, 196.457



1, 0.707, 199.461

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 1.997, 19.419 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 54, 1.997, 19.419 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

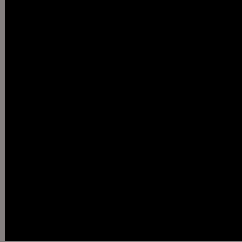
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

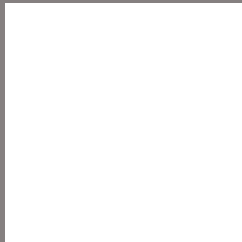
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 54, 1.997, 19.419

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 1.997, 19.419.

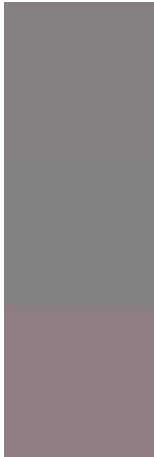


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 1.997, 19.419.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

54, 1.997, 19.419

Protanopia

54, 1.195, 19.200

Deuteranopia

54, 7.229, 1.667



Tritanopia
54, 6.414, 316.006

Trichromacy



Original Color
54, 1.997, 19.419

Protanomaly
54, 1.596, 19.326

Deuteranomaly
54, 5.506, 1.722

Tritanomaly
54, 4.915, 324.678

Monochromacy



Original Color
54, 1.997, 19.419

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
54, 0.397, 18.442

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 54, 1.997, 19.419 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(133, 128, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(133, 128, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(133, 128, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(133, 128, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 54, 1.997, 19.419 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(133, 128, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(133, 128, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(133, 128, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(133, 128, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 128, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(133, 128,  
128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 54, 1.997, 19.419 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(133, 128, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(133,  
128, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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