

Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 2.752, 128.955)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(54, 2.752, 128.955) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(54, 2.986, 125.343)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	80827D
RGB	128, 130, 125
RGB Percent	50%, 51%, 49%
CMY	0.4987, 0.4908, 0.5104
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.04, 0.49
HSL	84°, 2%, 50%
HSV	84°, 4%, 51%
XYZ	20.5295, 21.9746, 22.5070
YIQ	128.8320, 0.4130, -1.9790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

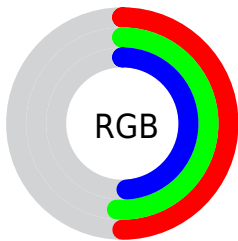
Format	Color
RYB	125, 130, 127
Decimal	8422013
CIELab	54.00, -1.73, 2.44
CIElCh	54, 2.986, 125.343
Yxy	21.9746, 0.3158, 0.3380
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286612093 (0xFF80827D)
YUV	128.8320, -1.8892, -0.7297
Hunter-Lab	46.8770, -3.8618, 4.3471

Details

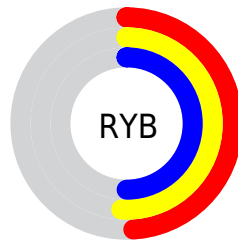
The CIELCh color $54, 2.986, 125.343$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $53, 3.018, 305.673$, and the grayscale version is $54, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74, 2.802, 125.399$, and $34, 3.248, 125.243$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53, 10.768, 124.859$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55, 4.777, 305.776$.

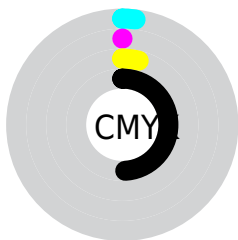
Distribution



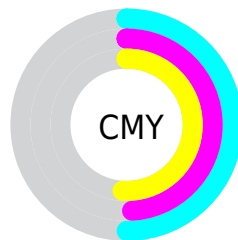
- Red (50%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (49%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 54, 2.986, 125.343 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 54, 2.986, 125.343 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 54, 2.986, 125.343

■ 54, 2.986, 125.343

■ 100, 2.986,
125.343

■ 44, 2.986, 125.343

■ 74, 2.986, 125.343

■ 34, 2.986, 125.343

■ 84, 2.986, 125.343

■ 24, 2.986, 125.343

■ 94, 2.986, 125.343

■ 14, 2.986, 125.343

■ 4, 2.986, 125.343

■ 0, 2.986, 125.343

■ 54, 2.986, 125.343

■ 54, 2.986, 125.343

■ 53, 10.768,
124.859

■ 55, 4.777, 305.776

■ 56, 12.495,

■ 53, 18.520,
124.360

306.209

■ 52, 26.181,
123.862

■ 57, 20.143,
306.604

■ 51, 33.662,
123.387

■ 58, 27.704,
306.966

■ 51, 40.835,
122.975

■ 58, 35.167,
307.297

■ 50, 47.512,
122.685

■ 60, 42.522,
307.597

■ 50, 53.436,
122.599

■ 61, 49.765,
307.870

■ 49, 58.297,
122.824

■ 62, 56.892,
308.117

■ 49, 61.827,
123.457

■ 63, 63.902,
308.340

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 2.986, 125.343



53, 3.018, 305.673

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 2.986, 125.343



54, 2.986, 175.343



54, 2.986, 305.343



54, 2.986, 355.343

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 2.988, 125.354



69, 0.952, 125.543



53, 1.655, 63.326



36, 0.539, 125.552



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 2.988, 125.354



68, 4.798, 125.290



54, 3.405, 141.581



27, 2.586, 125.273



48, 62.887, 123.850



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 3.018, 305.673



66, 4.851, 305.739



53, 3.421, 321.844



26, 2.615, 305.756



17, 75.940, 310.209



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 2.986, 125.343 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

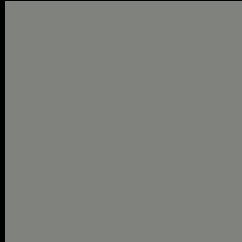
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 54, 2.986, 125.343 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

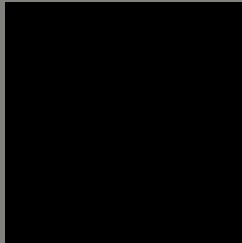
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

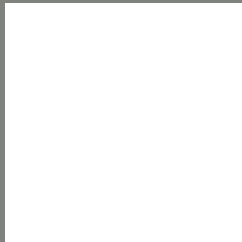
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 54, 2.986, 125.343

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 2.986, 125.343.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 2.986, 125.343.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


54, 2.986, 125.343

Protanopia

54, 2.796, 74.616

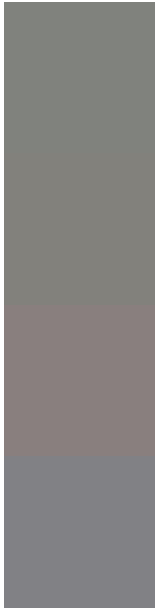
Deuteranopia

54, 7.342, 15.692



Tritanopia
54, 5.835, 298.483

Trichromacy



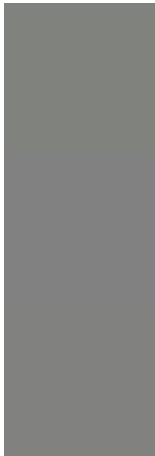
Original Color
54, 2.986, 125.343

Protanomaly
54, 2.894, 101.815

Deuteranomaly
54, 4.076, 27.821

Tritanomaly
54, 2.310, 290.481

Monochromacy



Original Color
54, 2.986, 125.343

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
54, 1.144, 109.996

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 54, 2.986, 125.343 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 130, 125)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 130, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 130, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 130, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 54, 2.986, 125.343 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 130, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 130, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(128, 130, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 130, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 130, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 130,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 54, 2.986, 125.343 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 130, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
130, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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