

Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 2.948, 289.743)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(54, 2.948, 289.743) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(54, 2.886, 290.547)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	818186
RGB	129, 129, 134
RGB Percent	51%, 51%, 53%
CMY	0.4953, 0.4953, 0.4757
CMYK	0.04, 0.04, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	240°, 2%, 51%
HSV	240°, 4%, 52%
XYZ	21.0972, 21.9746, 25.5701
YIQ	129.5700, -1.6050, 1.5550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

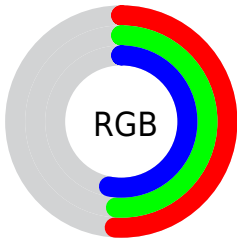
Format	Color
R_{YB}	129, 129, 134
Decimal	8487302
CIE _{Lab}	54.00, 1.01, -2.70
CIE _{LCh}	54, 2.886, 290.547
Yxy	21.9746, 0.3074, 0.3201
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286677382 (0xFF818186)
YUV	129.5700, 2.1840, -0.4999
Hunter-Lab	46.8770, -1.7001, 0.4729

Details

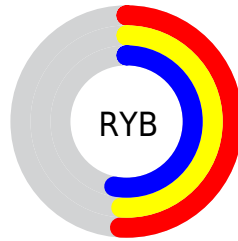
The CIELCh color $54, 2.886, 290.547$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $56, 2.849, 109.799$, and the grayscale version is $54, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74, 2.712, 290.458$, and $34, 2.510, 290.620$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $49, 10.789, 291.574$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59, 4.722, 109.603$.

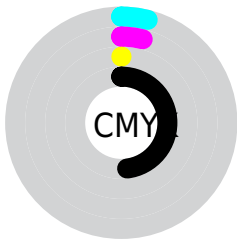
Distribution



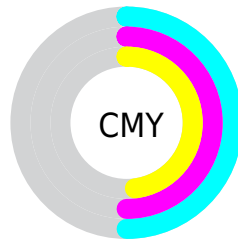
- Red (51%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (51%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 54, 2.886, 290.547 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 54, 2.886, 290.547 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 54, 2.886, 290.547

■ 54, 2.886, 290.547

■ 100, 2.886,
290.547

■ 44, 2.886, 290.547

■ 74, 2.886, 290.547

■ 34, 2.886, 290.547

■ 84, 2.886, 290.547

■ 24, 2.886, 290.547

■ 94, 2.886, 290.547

■ 14, 2.886, 290.547

■ 4, 2.886, 290.547

■ 0, 2.886, 290.547

■ 54, 2.886, 290.547

■ 54, 2.886, 290.547

■ 49, 10.789,
291.574

■ 59, 4.722, 109.603

■ 64, 12.054,

44, 19.016,
292.811

108.839

39, 27.586,
294.260

68, 19.129,
108.181

35, 36.513,
295.940

73, 25.965,
107.613

30, 45.770,
297.848

78, 32.578,
107.121

25, 55.231,
299.936

82, 38.982,
106.694

21, 64.542,
302.074

87, 45.190,
106.322

18, 72.945,
304.024

91, 51.215,
105.995

15, 79.276,
305.480

96, 57.067,
105.708

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 2.886, 290.547



56, 2.849, 109.799

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 2.886, 290.547



54, 2.886, 340.547



54, 2.886, 110.547



54, 2.886, 160.547

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 2.885, 290.530



70, 0.956, 290.315



55, 1.951, 198.012



37, 0.541, 290.313



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 2.885, 290.530



68, 3.819, 290.563



54, 3.048, 308.616



27, 2.164, 290.608



13, 81.173, 306.279



0, 1.028, 290.160

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 1.995, 19.380



69, 2.643, 19.419



55, 3.020, 128.354



27, 1.499, 19.467



26, 62.105, 38.490



0, 0.707, 19.367

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 2.886, 290.547 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 54, 2.886, 290.547 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

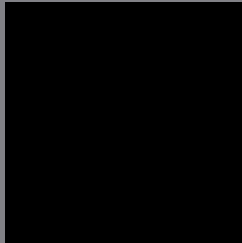
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

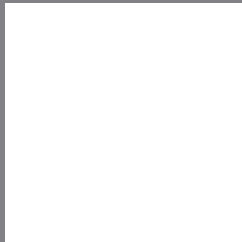
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 54, 2.886, 290.547

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 2.886, 290.547.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 2.886, 290.547.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


54, 2.886, 290.547

Protanopia

54, 3.004, 305.658

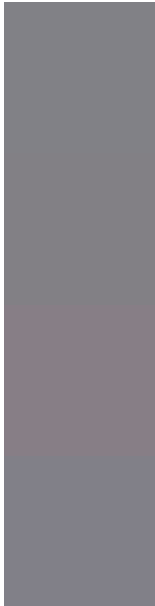
Deuteranopia

54, 7.619, 337.362



Tritanopia
54, 5.792, 294.702

Trichromacy



Original Color

54, 2.886, 290.547

Protanomaly

54, 3.004, 305.658

Deuteranomaly

54, 5.851, 327.948

Tritanomaly

54, 4.642, 295.540

Monochromacy



Original Color

54, 2.886, 290.547

Achromatopsia

54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

54, 1.158, 290.360

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 54, 2.886, 290.547 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 129, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 129, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 129, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 129, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 54, 2.886, 290.547 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 129, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 129, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(129, 129, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 129, 134); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 129, 134); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 129, 134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 54, 2.886, 290.547 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 129, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
129, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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