

Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 20.293, 321.365)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(54, 20.293, 321.365)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(54, 19.971, 321.668)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	937997
RGB	147, 121, 151
RGB Percent	58%, 47%, 59%
CMY	0.4250, 0.5269, 0.4093
CMYK	0.03, 0.20, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	292°, 13%, 53%
HSV	292°, 20%, 59%
XYZ	24.3113, 21.9746, 32.0752
YIQ	132.1940, 5.8660, 14.8420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

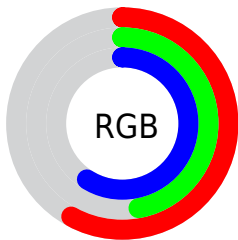
Format	Color
R_{YB}	147, 121, 151
Decimal	9664919
CIE _{Lab}	54.00, 15.67, -12.39
CIE _{LCh}	54, 19.971, 321.668
Yxy	21.9746, 0.3102, 0.2804
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287854999 (0xFF937997)
YUV	132.1940, 9.2714, 12.9849
Hunter-Lab	46.8770, 10.5386, -7.7548

Details

The CIELCh color $[54, 19.971, 321.668]$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996699 . A complement of this color would be $[60, 19.849, 139.736]$, and the grayscale version is $[55, 0.007, 296.813]$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $[74, 20.135, 321.731]$, and $[34, 20.065, 321.702]$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $[50, 30.074, 322.124]$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $[58, 9.877, 321.198]$.

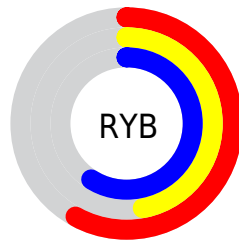
Distribution



Red (58%)

Green (47%)

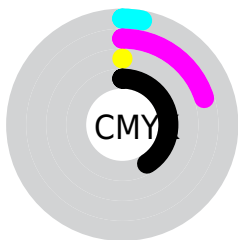
Blue (59%)



Red (58%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (59%)

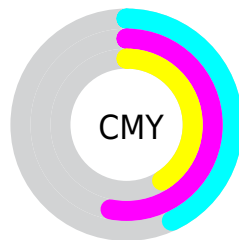


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (43%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (41%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 54, 19.971, 321.668 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 54, 19.971, 321.668 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 54, 19.971,
321.668

 54, 19.971,
321.668

 100, 19.971,
321.668

 44, 19.971,
321.668

 74, 19.971,
321.668

 34, 19.971,
321.668

 84, 19.971,
321.668

 24, 19.971,
321.668

 94, 19.971,
321.668

 14, 19.971,
321.668

 4, 19.971, 321.668

 0, 19.971, 321.668

54, 19.971,
321.668

54, 19.971,
321.668

50, 30.074,
322.124

58, 9.877, 321.198

46, 40.013,
322.553

62, 0.084, 142.933

43, 49.533,
322.935

67, 9.841, 140.339

39, 58.300,
323.244

71, 19.352,
139.909

37, 65.913,
323.447

75, 28.597,
139.509

35, 71.963,
323.514

80, 37.568,
139.136


33, 76.133,
323.416


84, 46.270,
138.790

32, 78.782,

88, 54.709,
138.471

323.187

 92, 62.231,
138.162

 32, 78.806,
323.185

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 19.971, 321.668



60, 19.849, 139.736

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 19.971, 321.668



54, 19.971, 11.668



54, 19.971, 141.668



54, 19.971, 191.668

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 19.969, 321.668



76, 7.404, 321.013



53, 14.813, 285.675



40, 4.952, 321.043



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 19.969, 321.668



67, 29.934, 321.879



54, 16.271, 337.805



30, 5.704, 321.166



29, 74.804, 323.216



1, 6.100, 320.406

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 12.513, 10.299



66, 18.968, 10.842



60, 16.094, 154.878



30, 3.487, 9.173



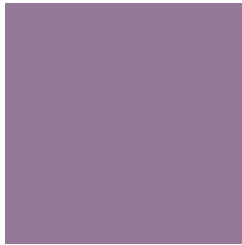
28, 61.473, 32.795



1, 3.669, 8.634

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 19.971, 321.668 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 19.971, 321.668 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

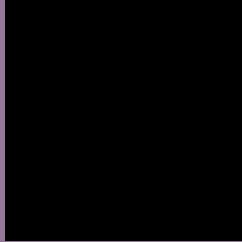
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 54, 19.971, 321.668

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 19.971, 321.668.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 19.971, 321.668.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

54, 19.971, 321.668

Protanopia

54, 16.205, 285.783

Deuteranopia

54, 14.080, 300.967



Tritanopia
54, 9.527, 347.607

Trichromacy



Original Color
54, 19.971, 321.668

Protanomaly
54, 17.004, 300.875

Deuteranomaly
54, 15.863, 309.845

Tritanomaly
54, 12.660, 334.179

Monochromacy



Original Color
54, 19.971, 321.668

Achromatopsia
55, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 7.274, 319.672

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 54, 19.971, 321.668 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(147, 121, 151)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(147, 121, 151)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(147, 121, 151) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(147, 121, 151) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 54, 19.971, 321.668 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(147, 121, 151) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(147, 121, 151) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(147, 121, 151)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(147, 121, 151); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 121, 151);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(147, 121,  
151) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 54, 19.971, 321.668 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(147, 121, 151) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(147,  
121, 151) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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