

Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 20.812, 325.513)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(54, 20.812, 325.513)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(54, 20.768, 325.498)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	967896
RGB	150, 120, 150
RGB Percent	59%, 47%, 59%
CMY	0.4133, 0.5309, 0.4133
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	300°, 12%, 53%
HSV	300°, 20%, 59%
XYZ	24.6458, 21.9746, 31.6271
YIQ	132.3900, 8.2500, 15.6900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

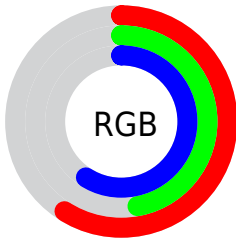
Format	Color
R_{YB}	150, 120, 150
Decimal	9861270
CIE _{Lab}	54.00, 17.12, -11.76
CIE _{LCh}	54, 20.768, 325.498
Yxy	21.9746, 0.3150, 0.2808
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288051350 (0xFF967896)
YUV	132.3900, 8.6817, 15.4440
Hunter-Lab	46.8770, 11.8125, -7.1880

Details

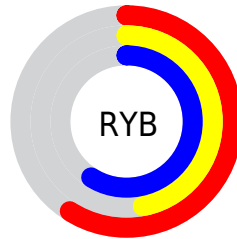
The CIELCh color $54, 20.768, 325.498$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996699 . A complement of this color would be $59, 20.751, 143.197$, and the grayscale version is $55, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74, 20.907, 325.286$, and $34, 20.879, 325.873$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50, 31.092, 326.024$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 10.367, 324.955$.

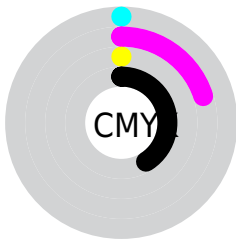
Distribution



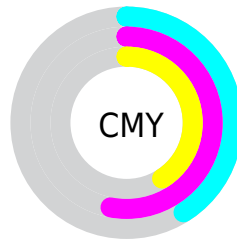
- Red (59%)
- Green (47%)
- Blue (59%)



- Red (59%)
- Yellow (47%)
- Blue (59%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (41%)



- Cyan (41%)
- Magenta (53%)
- Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 54, 20.768, 325.498 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 54, 20.768, 325.498 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 54, 20.768,
325.498

 54, 20.768,
325.498

 100, 20.768,
325.498

 44, 20.768,
325.498

 74, 20.768,
325.498

 34, 20.768,
325.498

 84, 20.768,
325.498

 24, 20.768,
325.498

 94, 20.768,
325.498

 14, 20.768,
325.498

 4, 20.768, 325.498

 0, 20.768, 325.498

54, 20.768,
325.498

54, 20.768,
325.498

50, 31.092,
326.024

58, 10.367,
324.955

47, 41.124,
326.523

62, 0.050, 320.294

44, 50.568,
326.983

66, 10.081,
143.941

41, 59.071,
327.386

70, 19.964,
143.424

39, 66.250,
327.719

74, 29.565,
142.935

37, 71.767,
327.969

79, 38.869,
142.472


36, 75.420,
328.132

83, 47.875,
142.035

35, 77.639,

87, 56.589,
141.625

328.229

 92, 65.023,
141.243

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 20.768, 325.498



59, 20.751, 143.197

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 20.768, 325.498



54, 20.768, 15.498



54, 20.768, 145.498



54, 20.768, 195.498

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 20.766, 325.498



75, 7.632, 324.733



51, 17.182, 291.730



39, 5.050, 324.766



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 20.766, 325.498



67, 30.716, 325.734



54, 14.893, 344.432



29, 5.775, 324.908



32, 73.088, 328.229



1, 5.023, 324.436

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 12.480, 20.781



65, 18.767, 21.209



59, 14.561, 161.087



29, 3.343, 19.886



28, 65.123, 38.926



1, 2.828, 19.398

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 20.768, 325.498 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

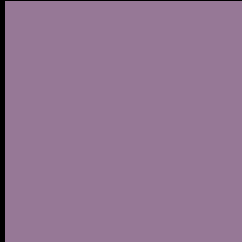
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 20.768, 325.498 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

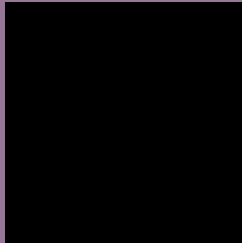
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 54, 20.768, 325.498

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 20.768, 325.498.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 20.768, 325.498.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

54, 20.768, 325.498

Protanopia

54, 15.634, 285.460

Deuteranopia

54, 13.017, 303.341



Tritanopia
54, 10.933, 352.471

Trichromacy



Original Color
54, 20.768, 325.498

Protanomaly
54, 16.500, 302.415

Deuteranomaly
54, 15.575, 313.176

Tritanomaly
54, 13.801, 339.211

Monochromacy



Original Color
54, 20.768, 325.498

Achromatopsia
55, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
54, 7.694, 324.838

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 54, 20.768, 325.498 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(150, 120, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(150, 120, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(150, 120, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(150, 120, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 54, 20.768, 325.498 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(150, 120, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(150, 120, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(150, 120, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(150, 120, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 120, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(150, 120,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 54, 20.768, 325.498 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(150, 120, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(150,  
120, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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