

Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 21.084, 355.255)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(54, 21.084, 355.255)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(54, 21.212, 354.806)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A37485
RGB	163, 116, 133
RGB Percent	64%, 45%, 52%
CMY	0.3607, 0.5450, 0.4784
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.18, 0.36
HSL	338°, 20%, 55%
HSV	338°, 29%, 64%
XYZ	25.5874, 21.9746, 25.0869
YIQ	131.9910, 22.5550, 15.2510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

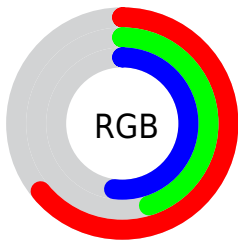
Format	Color
R_{YB}	163, 116, 133
Decimal	10712197
CIE _{Lab}	54.00, 21.12, -1.92
CIE _{LCh}	54, 21.212, 354.806
Yxy	21.9746, 0.3522, 0.3025
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288902277 (0xFFA37485)
YUV	131.9910, 0.4974, 27.1949
Hunter-Lab	46.8770, 15.3980, 1.0840

Details

The CIELCh color $54, 21.212, 354.806$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $63, 19.862, 169.068$, and the grayscale version is $55, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74, 21.563, 354.768$, and $34, 21.298, 353.758$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50, 28.781, 356.187$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 13.677, 353.626$.

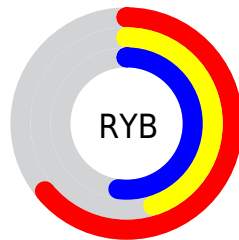
Distribution



Red (64%)

Green (45%)

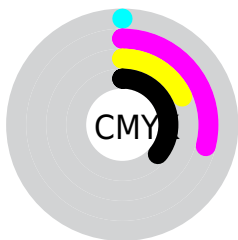
Blue (52%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (45%)

Blue (52%)

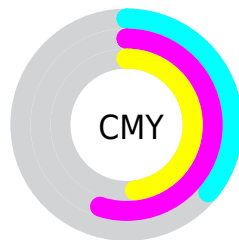


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (36%)



Cyan (36%)

Magenta (55%)

Yellow (48%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 54, 21.212, 354.806 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 54, 21.212, 354.806 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 54, 21.212,
354.806

 54, 21.212,
354.806


 100, 21.212,
354.806

 44, 21.212,
354.806


 74, 21.212,
354.806

 34, 21.212,
354.806

 84, 21.212,
354.806

 24, 21.212,
354.806

 94, 21.212,
354.806

 14, 21.212,
354.806

 4, 21.212, 354.806

 0, 21.212, 354.806

54, 21.212,
354.806

54, 21.212,
354.806

50, 28.781,
356.187

58, 13.677,
353.626

46, 36.188,
357.833

63, 6.311, 352.573

68, 0.815, 172.216

42, 43.148,
359.844

72, 7.666, 170.982

39, 49.317, 2.351

77, 14.236,
170.232

37, 54.360, 5.516

82, 20.529,
169.564

35, 58.085, 9.504

34, 60.799, 14.247

86, 26.560,
168.956

34, 61.134, 14.796

91, 32.349,
168.397

■ 94, 33.879,
171.698

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 21.212, 354.806



63, 19.862, 169.068

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 21.212, 354.806



54, 21.212, 44.806



54, 21.212, 174.806



54, 21.212, 224.806

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 21.210, 354.809



80, 7.960, 352.607



53, 29.350, 314.809



42, 5.589, 352.750



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 21.210, 354.809



66, 32.032, 355.723



55, 17.747, 32.731



32, 4.049, 352.617



30, 56.112, 14.217



1, 6.084, 354.072

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 21.210, 354.809



66, 32.032, 355.723



62, 14.533, 212.321



32, 4.049, 352.617



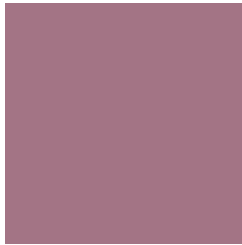
30, 56.112, 14.217



1, 6.084, 354.072

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 21.212, 354.806 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

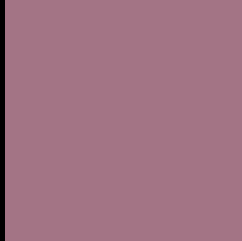
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 54, 21.212, 354.806 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

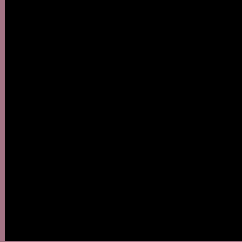
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 54, 21.212, 354.806

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 21.212, 354.806.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 21.212, 354.806.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

54, 21.212, 354.806

Protanopia

54, 6.921, 287.874

Deuteranopia

54, 7.287, 351.955



Tritanopia
54, 19.159, 6.204

Trichromacy



Original Color
54, 21.212, 354.806

Protanomaly
54, 10.507, 330.412

Deuteranomaly
54, 12.271, 352.964

Tritanomaly
54, 19.528, 1.279

Monochromacy



Original Color
54, 21.212, 354.806

Achromatopsia
55, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
54, 7.635, 353.443

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 54, 21.212, 354.806 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(163, 116, 133)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(163, 116, 133)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(163, 116, 133) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(163, 116, 133) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 54, 21.212, 354.806 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(163, 116, 133) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(163, 116, 133) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(163, 116, 133)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(163, 116, 133); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 116, 133);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(163, 116,  
133) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 54, 21.212, 354.806 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(163, 116, 133) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(163,  
116, 133) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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