

Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 21.825, 297.806)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(54, 21.825, 297.806)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(54, 21.486, 297.478)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	827DA2
RGB	130, 125, 162
RGB Percent	51%, 49%, 64%
CMY	0.4907, 0.5103, 0.3652
CMYK	0.20, 0.23, 0.00, 0.37
HSL	248°, 17%, 56%
HSV	248°, 23%, 63%
XYZ	23.0133, 21.9746, 37.1486
YIQ	130.7130, -8.8970, 12.5670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

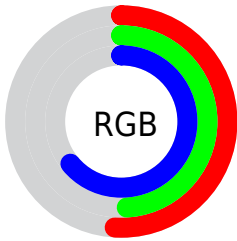
Format	Color
R _Y B	130, 125, 162
Decimal	8551842
CIE Lab	54.00, 9.91, -19.06
CIE LCh	54, 21.486, 297.478
Yxy	21.9746, 0.2802, 0.2675
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286741922 (0xFF827DA2)
YUV	130.7130, 15.4245, -0.6253
Hunter-Lab	46.8770, 5.5962, -14.1715

Details

The CIELCh color $54, 21.486, 297.478$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666699 . A complement of this color would be $65, 20.423, 113.759$, and the grayscale version is $55, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74, 21.253, 296.780$, and $34, 21.451, 297.644$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $48, 31.500, 298.582$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 11.852, 296.519$.

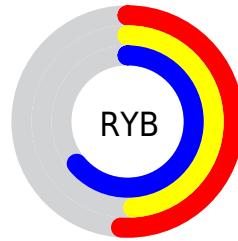
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (49%)

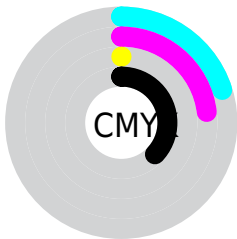
Blue (64%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (64%)

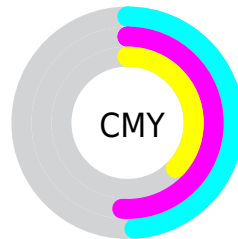


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (37%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (51%)

Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 54, 21.486, 297.478 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 54, 21.486, 297.478 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 54, 21.486,
297.478

■ 54, 21.486,
297.478

■ 100, 21.486,
297.478

■ 44, 21.486,
297.478

■ 74, 21.486,
297.478

■ 34, 21.486,
297.478

■ 84, 21.486,
297.478

■ 24, 21.486,
297.478

■ 94, 21.486,
297.478

■ 14, 21.486,
297.478

■ 4, 21.486, 297.478

■ 0, 21.486, 297.478

■ 54, 21.486,
297.478

■ 54, 21.486,
297.478

■ 48, 31.500,
298.582

■ 60, 11.852,
296.519

■ 43, 41.889,
299.840

■ 65, 2.587, 295.696

■ 38, 52.593,
301.239

■ 70, 6.331, 114.979

■ 32, 63.430,
302.736

■ 76, 14.924,
114.370

■ 28, 73.981,
304.226

■ 81, 23.214,
113.845

■ 24, 83.435,
305.525

■ 87, 31.222,
113.394


■ 21, 90.569,
306.388

■ 92, 38.966,
113.005

■ 19, 94.401,

■ 97, 46.463,
112.669

306.848

 98, 46.465,
106.626

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 21.486, 297.478



65, 20.423, 113.759

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 21.486, 297.478



54, 21.486, 347.478



54, 21.486, 117.478



54, 21.486, 167.478

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 21.485, 297.477



80, 7.945, 296.032



63, 11.699, 212.196



42, 5.209, 296.077



93, 0.011, 296.813



45, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 21.485, 297.477



66, 31.868, 297.973



56, 23.012, 314.543



32, 5.216, 296.209



17, 87.175, 306.896



1, 7.984, 294.981

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 23.035, 329.694



71, 33.847, 329.977



64, 22.526, 132.587



32, 5.710, 328.872



33, 68.526, 334.323



1, 8.609, 329.568

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 21.486, 297.478 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 21.486, 297.478 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

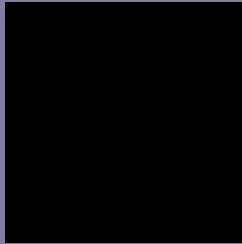
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 54, 21.486, 297.478

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 21.486, 297.478.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 21.486, 297.478.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

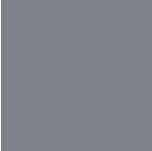
54, 21.486, 297.478

Protanopia

54, 20.859, 285.042

Deuteranopia

54, 20.187, 290.603



Tritanopia
54, 5.859, 279.618

Trichromacy



Original Color
54, 21.486, 297.478

Protanomaly
54, 20.769, 289.772

Deuteranomaly
54, 20.797, 293.646

Tritanomaly
54, 10.961, 289.567

Monochromacy



Original Color
54, 21.486, 297.478

Achromatopsia
55, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 7.542, 296.895

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 54, 21.486, 297.478 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(130, 125, 162)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(130, 125, 162)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(130, 125, 162) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(130, 125, 162) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 54, 21.486, 297.478 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(130, 125, 162) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(130, 125, 162) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(130, 125, 162)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(130, 125, 162); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 125, 162);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(130, 125,  
162) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 54, 21.486, 297.478 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(130, 125, 162) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(130,  
125, 162) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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