

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 3.916, 11.518)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(54, 3.916, 11.518) contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(54, 4.061, 11.628)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	897F80
RGB	137, 127, 128
RGB Percent	54%, 50%, 50%
CMY	0.4636, 0.5028, 0.4989
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.07, 0.46
HSL	354°, 4%, 52%
HSV	354°, 7%, 54%
XYZ	21.7231, 21.9746, 23.4430
YIQ	130.1040, 5.6390, 2.4310

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

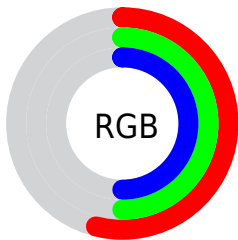
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	137, 127, 128
Decimal	9011072
CIELab	54.00, 3.98, 0.82
CIELCh	54, 4.061, 11.628
Yxy	21.9746, 0.3235, 0.3273
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287201152 (0xFF897F80)
YUV	130.1040, -1.0373, 6.0478
Hunter-Lab	46.8770, 0.6833, 3.1632

# Details

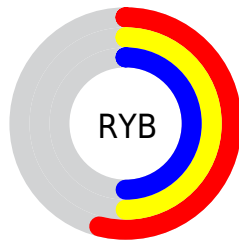
The CIELCh color  $54, 4.061, 11.628$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $999999$ . A complement of this color would be  $56, 3.915, 190.726$ , and the grayscale version is  $54, 0.007, 296.813$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $74, 3.801, 11.436$ , and  $34, 4.001, 10.986$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $50, 9.924, 12.628$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $58, 1.446, 191.256$ .

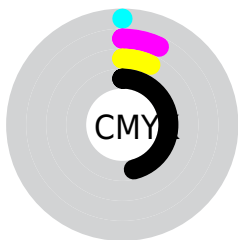
# Distribution



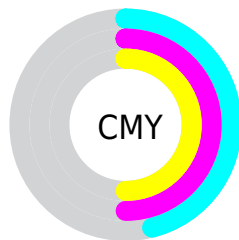
- Red (54%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (50%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (7%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (50%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 54, 4.061, 11.628 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 54, 4.061, 11.628 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 54, 4.061, 11.628       54, 4.061, 11.628

 100, 4.061, 11.628       44, 4.061, 11.628


 74, 4.061, 11.628       34, 4.061, 11.628

 84, 4.061, 11.628       24, 4.061, 11.628

 94, 4.061, 11.628       14, 4.061, 11.628

 4, 4.061, 11.628

 0, 4.061, 11.628

 54, 4.061, 11.628       54, 4.061, 11.628

 50, 9.924, 12.628       58, 1.446, 191.256

 46, 16.141, 13.768       62, 6.605, 190.385

42, 22.667, 15.166

66, 11.442,  
189.801

39, 29.413, 16.914

71, 15.985,  
189.305

36, 36.232, 19.121

33, 42.925, 21.908

75, 20.265,  
188.874

31, 49.271, 25.366

79, 24.311,  
188.493

29, 55.072, 29.466

28, 60.231, 33.733

83, 28.149,  
188.153

87, 31.803,  
187.847

92, 35.293,  
187.569

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 4.061, 11.628



56, 3.915, 190.726

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 4.061, 11.628



54, 4.061, 61.628



54, 4.061, 191.628



54, 4.061, 241.628

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 4.060, 11.645



72, 1.359, 10.961



54, 6.787, 322.030



37, 0.770, 10.924



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 4.060, 11.645



68, 6.252, 11.828



55, 3.314, 63.078



27, 3.171, 11.824



27, 60.073, 34.466



0, 1.432, 11.163





# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 4.060, 11.645



68, 6.252, 11.828



55, 3.228, 244.765



27, 3.171, 11.824



27, 60.073, 34.466



0, 1.432, 11.163



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 4.061, 11.628 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

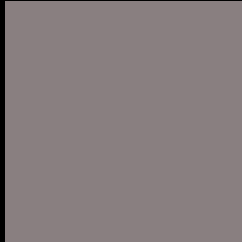
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 54, 4.061, 11.628 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

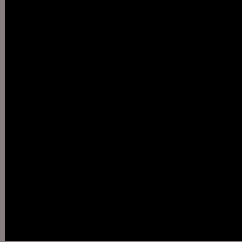
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

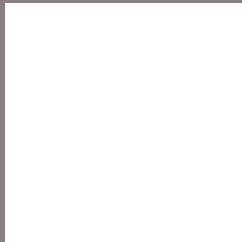
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 54, 4.061, 11.628**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 4.061, 11.628.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 4.061, 11.628.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

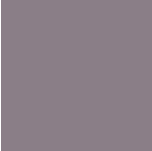
54, 4.061, 11.628

### Protanopia

54, 1.333, 353.636

### Deuteranopia

54, 7.083, 6.095



**Tritanopia**  
54, 7.052, 332.850



# Trichromacy



## Original Color

54, 4.061, 11.628

## Protanomaly

54, 2.081, 3.396

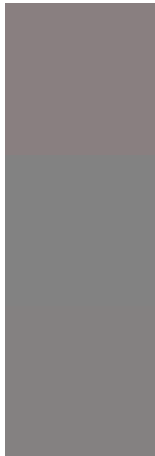
## Deuteranomaly

54, 5.763, 8.499

## Tritanomaly

54, 5.913, 344.299

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

54, 4.061, 11.628

## Achromatopsia

54, 0.007, 296.813

## Achromatomaly

54, 1.194, 19.197

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 54, 4.061, 11.628 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 127, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 127, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 127, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 127, 128) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 54, 4.061, 11.628 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 127, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 127, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 127, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 127, 128); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 127, 128);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 127,  
128) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 54, 4.061, 11.628 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 127, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
127, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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