

Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 3.961, 173.172)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(54, 3.961, 173.172) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(54, 3.956, 173.177)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	7A8380
RGB	122, 131, 128
RGB Percent	48%, 51%, 50%
CMY	0.5211, 0.4858, 0.4975
CMYK	0.07, 0.00, 0.02, 0.49
HSL	160°, 4%, 50%
HSV	160°, 7%, 51%
XYZ	20.0810, 21.9746, 23.6481
YIQ	127.9670, -4.4010, -2.8410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

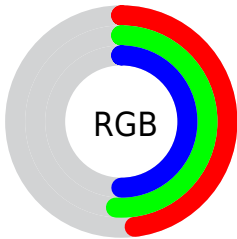
Format	Color
R_{YB}	122, 127, 131
Decimal	8029056
CIE Lab	54.00, -3.93, 0.47
CIE LCh	54, 3.956, 173.177
Yxy	21.9746, 0.3056, 0.3344
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286219136 (0xFF7A8380)
YUV	127.9670, 0.0163, -5.2331
Hunter-Lab	46.8770, -5.5696, 2.9038

Details

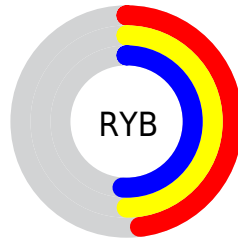
The CIELCh color $54, 3.956, 173.177$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $52, 4.028, 354.209$, and the grayscale version is $54, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74, 4.051, 175.580$, and $34, 4.289, 172.831$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53, 9.663, 172.189$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55, 1.816, 353.756$.

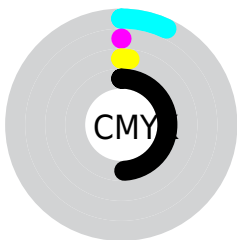
Distribution



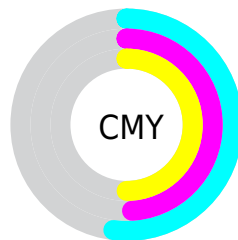
- Red (48%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (48%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (49%)



- Cyan (52%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 54, 3.956, 173.177 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 54, 3.956, 173.177 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 54, 3.956, 173.177

■ 54, 3.956, 173.177

■ 100, 3.956,
173.177

■ 44, 3.956, 173.177

■ 74, 3.956, 173.177

■ 34, 3.956, 173.177

■ 84, 3.956, 173.177

■ 24, 3.956, 173.177

■ 94, 3.956, 173.177

■ 14, 3.956, 173.177

■ 4, 3.956, 173.177

■ 0, 3.956, 173.177

■ 54, 3.956, 173.177

■ 54, 3.956, 173.177

■ 53, 9.663, 172.189

■ 55, 1.816, 353.756

■ 52, 15.229,

■ 56, 7.599, 354.710

171.175

58, 13.346,
355.495

51, 20.574,
170.078

59, 19.021,
356.230

50, 25.609,
168.876

61, 24.599,
356.926

50, 30.245,
167.546

63, 30.064,
357.591

49, 34.401,
166.066

64, 35.406,
358.226

49, 38.020,
164.414

66, 40.619,
358.836

48, 41.078,
162.573

68, 45.702,
359.422

48, 43.652,
160.586

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 3.956, 173.177



52, 4.028, 354.209

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 3.956, 173.177



54, 3.956, 223.177



54, 3.956, 353.177



54, 3.956, 43.177

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 3.957, 173.166



70, 1.430, 173.793



54, 5.700, 133.876



37, 0.819, 173.827



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 3.957, 173.166



69, 5.720, 173.034



54, 3.062, 214.002



27, 3.277, 172.941



48, 44.162, 160.011



1, 0.790, 173.690

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 4.028, 354.209



66, 5.840, 354.345



52, 3.192, 33.743



26, 3.352, 354.443



27, 52.081, 16.217



0, 0.790, 353.677

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 3.956, 173.177 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

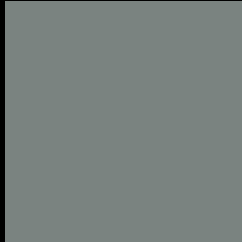
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 54, 3.956, 173.177 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

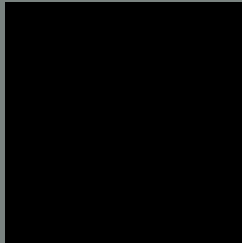
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

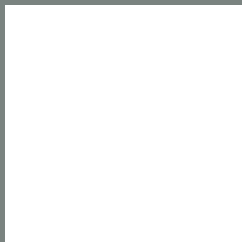
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 54, 3.956, 173.177

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 3.956, 173.177.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 3.956, 173.177.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

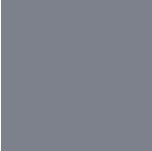
54, 3.956, 173.177

Protanopia

54, 1.693, 39.166

Deuteranopia

54, 6.844, 0.523



Tritanopia
54, 6.584, 274.228

Trichromacy



Original Color

54, 3.956, 173.177

Protanomaly

54, 1.216, 129.075

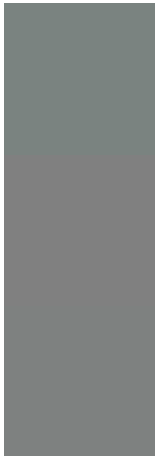
Deuteranomaly

54, 3.032, 357.307

Tritanomaly

54, 4.335, 252.359

Monochromacy



Original Color

54, 3.956, 173.177

Achromatopsia

54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

54, 1.322, 173.746

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 54, 3.956, 173.177 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(122, 131, 128)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(122, 131, 128)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(122, 131, 128) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(122, 131, 128) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 54, 3.956, 173.177 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(122, 131, 128) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(122, 131, 128) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(122, 131, 128)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 131, 128); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 131, 128); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(122, 131, 128) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 54, 3.956, 173.177 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(122, 131, 128) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(122,  
131, 128) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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