

Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 36.909, 331.026)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(54, 36.909, 331.026)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(54, 36.751, 331.500)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AA6DA0
RGB	170, 109, 160
RGB Percent	67%, 43%, 63%
CMY	0.3339, 0.5730, 0.3731
CMYK	0.00, 0.36, 0.06, 0.33
HSL	310°, 26%, 55%
HSV	310°, 36%, 67%
XYZ	28.3369, 21.9746, 35.9448
YIQ	133.0530, 19.9850, 28.7930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

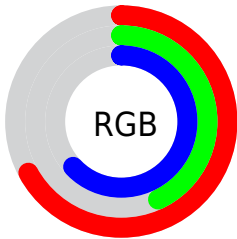
Format	Color
R_{YB}	170, 109, 160
Decimal	11169184
CIE _{Lab}	54.00, 32.30, -17.54
CIE _{LCh}	54, 36.751, 331.500
Yxy	21.9746, 0.3285, 0.2548
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289359264 (0xFFAA6DA0)
YUV	133.0530, 13.2849, 32.4025
Hunter-Lab	46.8770, 25.8673, -12.6491

Details

The CIELCh color $54, 36.751, 331.500$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996699 . A complement of this color would be $64, 36.673, 146.544$, and the grayscale version is $55, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74, 36.492, 331.331$, and $34, 36.386, 332.000$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50, 46.421, 332.145$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 26.621, 330.864$.

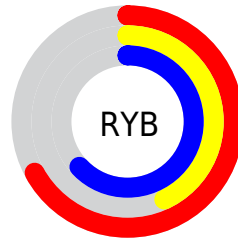
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (43%)

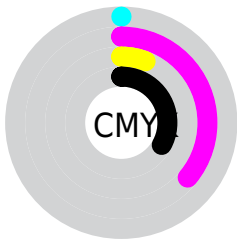
Blue (63%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (43%)

Blue (63%)

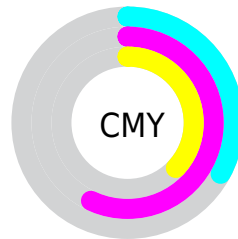


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (57%)

Yellow (37%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 54, 36.751, 331.500 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 54, 36.751, 331.500 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 54, 36.751,
331.500

 54, 36.751,
331.500

 100, 36.751,
331.500

 44, 36.751,
331.500


 74, 36.751,
331.500

 34, 36.751,
331.500

 84, 36.751,
331.500

 24, 36.751,
331.500

 94, 36.751,
331.500

 14, 36.751,
331.500

 4, 36.751, 331.500

 0, 36.751, 331.500

■ 54, 36.751,
331.500

■ 54, 36.751,
331.500

■ 50, 46.421,
332.145

■ 58, 26.621,
330.864

■ 47, 55.275,
332.798

■ 62, 16.313,
330.237

■ 44, 62.885,
333.462

■ 67, 6.021, 329.605

■ 42, 68.817,
334.146

■ 71, 4.126, 149.129

■ 40, 72.738,
334.867

■ 76, 14.048,
148.524


■ 39, 74.577,
335.652

■ 81, 23.704,
147.980

■ 39, 75.062,
335.982

■ 86, 33.073,
147.468

■ 90, 42.152,
146.984

 93, 47.036,
147.124

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 36.751, 331.500



64, 36.673, 146.544

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 36.751, 331.500



54, 36.751, 21.500



54, 36.751, 151.500



54, 36.751, 201.500

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 36.749, 331.500



82, 13.987, 329.943



49, 36.051, 299.441



43, 9.480, 330.025



95, 0.011, 296.813



47, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 36.749, 331.500



66, 54.215, 332.008



53, 27.346, 356.569



33, 5.740, 329.823



33, 67.893, 335.879



2, 10.023, 331.144

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 36.749, 331.500



66, 54.215, 332.008



65, 25.079, 169.007



33, 5.740, 329.823



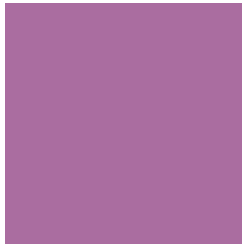
33, 67.893, 335.879



2, 10.023, 331.144

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 36.751, 331.500 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

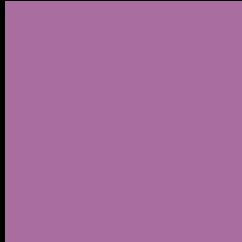
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 54, 36.751, 331.500 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

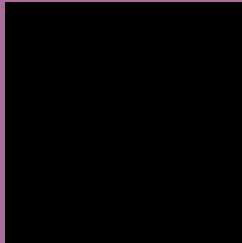
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 54, 36.751, 331.500

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 36.751, 331.500.

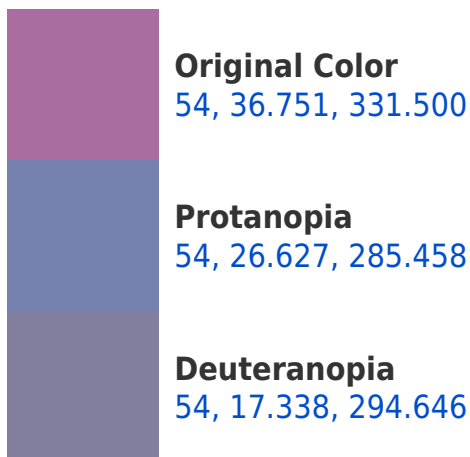


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 36.751, 331.500.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
54, 20.811, 7.708

Trichromacy



Original Color
54, 36.751, 331.500

Protanomaly
54, 28.348, 304.103

Deuteranomaly
54, 23.761, 314.537

Tritanomaly
54, 25.634, 348.821

Monochromacy



Original Color
54, 36.751, 331.500

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 13.919, 329.258

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 54, 36.751, 331.500 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 109, 160)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 109, 160)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 109, 160) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 109, 160) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 54, 36.751, 331.500 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

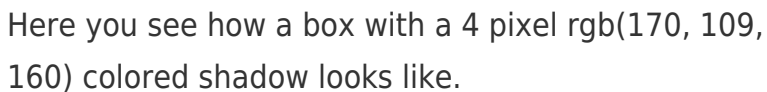
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 109, 160) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 109, 160) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 109, 160)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 109, 160); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 109, 160);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 109,  
160) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 54, 36.751, 331.500 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 109, 160) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
109, 160) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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