

Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 4.494, 115.749)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(54, 4.494, 115.749) contains.

CIELCh(54, 4.611, 114.627)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(54, 4.611, 114.627)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	81827A
RGB	129, 130, 122
RGB Percent	51%, 51%, 48%
CMY	0.4948, 0.4909, 0.5222
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.06, 0.49
HSL	68°, 3%, 49%
HSV	68°, 6%, 51%
XYZ	20.4897, 21.9746, 21.5192
YIQ	128.7890, 1.9720, -2.7000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

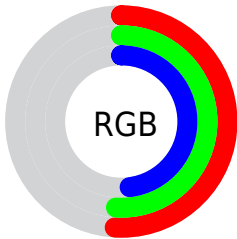
Format	Color
R_{YB}	122, 130, 123
Decimal	8487546
CIE _{Lab}	54.00, -1.92, 4.19
CIE _{LCh}	54, 4.611, 114.627
Yxy	21.9746, 0.3202, 0.3434
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286677626 (0xFF81827A)
YUV	128.7890, -3.3470, 0.1850
Hunter-Lab	46.8770, -4.0135, 5.5965

Details

The CIELCh color $54, 4.611, 114.627$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $51, 4.683, 295.571$, and the grayscale version is $54, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74, 4.867, 114.155$, and $34, 5.011, 114.391$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 12.082, 113.888$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $54, 2.887, 295.379$.

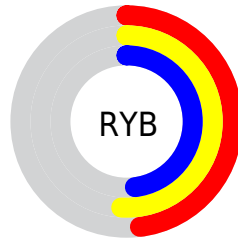
Distribution



Red (51%)

Green (51%)

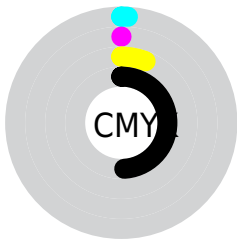
Blue (48%)



Red (48%)

Yellow (51%)

Blue (48%)

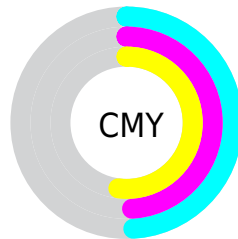


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (6%)

Black (49%)



Cyan (49%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 54, 4.611, 114.627 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 54, 4.611, 114.627 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 54, 4.611, 114.627

■ 54, 4.611, 114.627

■ 100, 4.611,
114.627

■ 44, 4.611, 114.627

■ 74, 4.611, 114.627

■ 34, 4.611, 114.627

■ 84, 4.611, 114.627

■ 24, 4.611, 114.627

■ 94, 4.611, 114.627

■ 14, 4.611, 114.627

■ 4, 4.611, 114.627

■ 0, 4.611, 114.627

■ 54, 4.611, 114.627

■ 54, 4.611, 114.627

■ 54, 12.082,
113.888

■ 54, 2.887, 295.379

■ 55, 10.385,

■ 53, 19.480,
113.132

296.086

■ 53, 26.741,
112.386

■ 56, 17.861,
296.764

■ 52, 33.771,
111.676

■ 56, 25.300,
297.409

■ 52, 40.425,
111.034

■ 57, 32.688,
298.018

■ 52, 46.494,
110.506

■ 58, 40.017,
298.591

■ 52, 51.696,
110.149

■ 58, 47.279,
299.129

■ 51, 55.703,
110.031

■ 59, 54.468,
299.631

■ 51, 58.383,
110.180

■ 60, 61.579,
300.100

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 4.611, 114.627



51, 4.683, 295.571

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 4.611, 114.627



54, 4.611, 164.627



54, 4.611, 294.627



54, 4.611, 344.627

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 4.612, 114.638



69, 1.846, 114.938



52, 2.907, 30.272



36, 1.044, 114.948



85, 0.010, 296.813



36, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 4.612, 114.638



69, 6.478, 114.564



54, 5.027, 132.814



27, 3.325, 114.556



50, 58.567, 110.232



0, 0.000, 0.000

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 4.683, 295.571



65, 6.588, 295.651



52, 5.067, 313.259



25, 3.382, 295.660



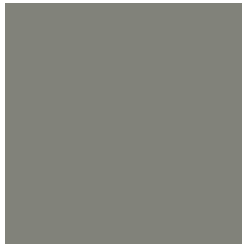
14, 79.266, 306.902



0, 0.000, 0.000

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 4.611, 114.627 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

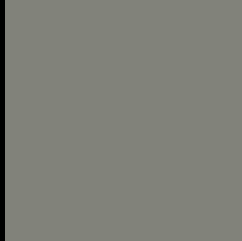
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 54, 4.611, 114.627 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

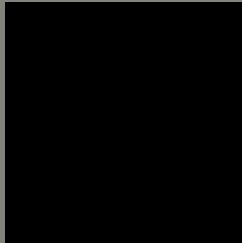
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

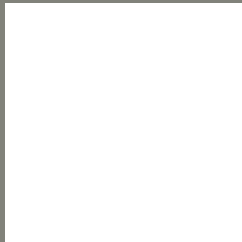
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 54, 4.611, 114.627

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 4.611, 114.627.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 4.611, 114.627.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


54, 4.611, 114.627

Protanopia

54, 4.862, 90.012

Deuteranopia

54, 7.887, 28.518



Tritanopia
54, 6.562, 304.569

Trichromacy



Original Color

54, 4.611, 114.627

Protanomaly

54, 4.658, 99.550

Deuteranomaly

54, 5.033, 46.847

Tritanomaly

54, 2.453, 309.160

Monochromacy



Original Color

54, 4.611, 114.627

Achromatopsia

54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

54, 1.720, 109.938

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 54, 4.611, 114.627 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(129, 130, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(129, 130, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 130, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(129, 130, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 54, 4.611, 114.627 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(129, 130, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(129, 130, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(129, 130, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(129, 130, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 130, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(129, 130,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 54, 4.611, 114.627 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(129, 130, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(129,  
130, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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