

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 41.383, 264.686)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(54, 41.383, 264.686)  
contains.

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# Color

**CIELCh(54, 41.366, 264.499)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	2C87C8
RGB	44, 135, 200
RGB Percent	17%, 53%, 78%
CMY	0.8285, 0.4712, 0.2164
CMYK	0.78, 0.33, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	205°, 64%, 48%
HSV	205°, 78%, 78%
XYZ	20.0734, 21.9746, 57.7205
YIQ	115.2010, -75.1010, 0.9230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

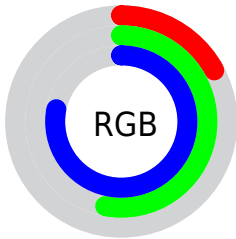
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	44, 101, 200
Decimal	2918344
CIE Lab	54.00, -3.97, -41.18
CIE LCh	54, 41.366, 264.499
Yxy	21.9746, 0.2012, 0.2203
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4281108424 (0xFF2C87C8)
YUV	115.2010, 41.8059, -62.4433
Hunter-Lab	46.8770, -5.5985, -40.1909

# Details

The CIELCh color **54, 41.366, 264.499** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **3399CC**. The color can be described as dark muted azure. A complement of this color would be **55, 59.134, 57.907**, and the grayscale version is **48, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74, 40.377, 263.541**, and **35, 39.153, 272.814** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **51, 45.699, 269.055**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 36.911, 260.478**.

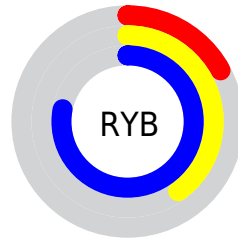
# Distribution



Red (17%)

Green (53%)

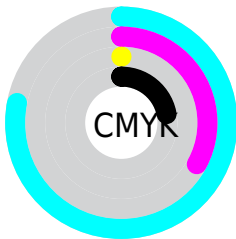
Blue (78%)



Red (17%)

Yellow (40%)

Blue (78%)

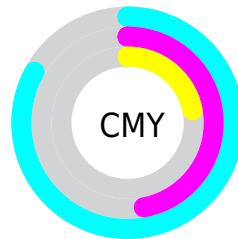


Cyan (78%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (83%)

Magenta (47%)

Yellow (22%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 54, 41.366, 264.499 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 54, 41.366, 264.499 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 54, 41.366,  
264.499

 54, 41.366,  
264.499

 100, 41.366,  
264.499

 44, 41.366,  
264.499

 74, 41.366,  
264.499

 34, 41.366,  
264.499

 84, 41.366,  
264.499

 24, 41.366,  
264.499

 94, 41.366,  
264.499

 14, 41.366,  
264.499

 4, 41.366, 264.499

 0, 41.366, 264.499

■ 54, 41.366,  
264.499

■ 54, 41.366,  
264.499

■ 51, 45.699,  
269.055

■ 57, 36.911,  
260.478

■ 48, 50.065,  
273.947

■ 60, 32.235,  
257.035

■ 48, 50.919,  
274.833

■ 63, 27.285,  
254.146

■ 67, 22.050,  
251.753

■ 70, 16.552,  
249.782

■ 74, 10.825,  
248.165

■ 78, 4.912, 246.866

■ 81, 1.146, 65.283



# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 41.366, 264.499



55, 59.134, 57.907

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 41.366, 264.499



54, 41.366, 314.499



54, 41.366, 84.499



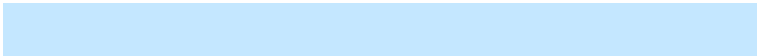
54, 41.366, 134.499

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 41.365, 264.500



90, 16.628, 248.968



71, 69.588, 149.051



46, 11.444, 249.584



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813



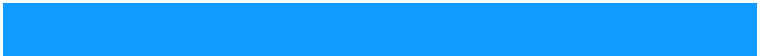


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 41.365, 264.500



62, 58.684, 272.604



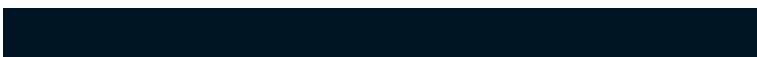
34, 85.860, 300.497



40, 3.415, 247.011



39, 43.275, 274.037



6, 12.717, 261.783



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



47, 67.834, 348.637



56, 86.339, 353.082



74, 68.116, 97.740



39, 5.509, 340.080



35, 62.250, 353.981



4, 18.804, 347.810



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 54, 41.366, 264.499 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 54, 41.366, 264.499 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

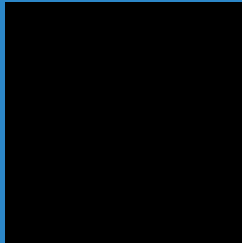
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**CIELCh 54, 41.366, 264.499**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 41.366, 264.499.

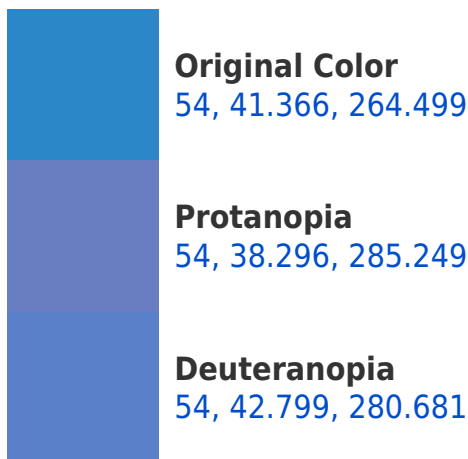


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 41.366, 264.499.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

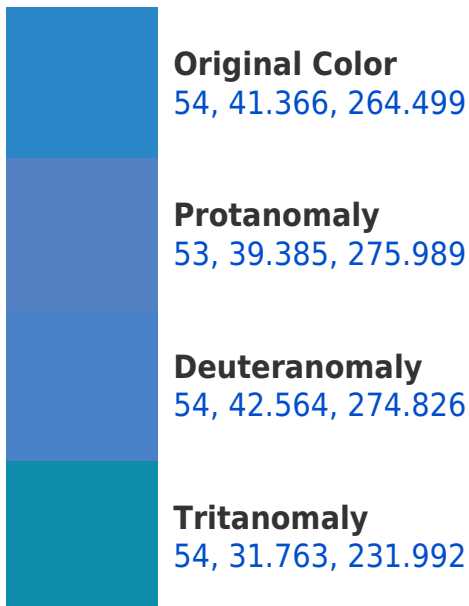




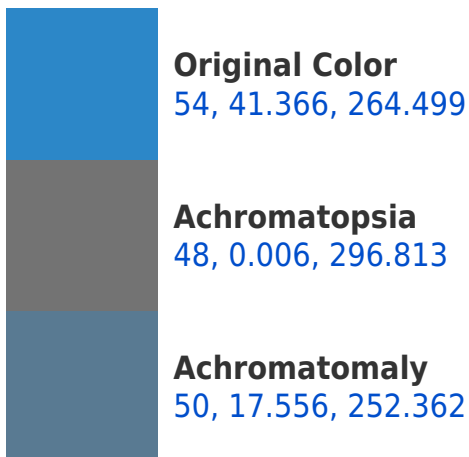


**Tritanopia**  
54, 31.454, 208.432

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 54, 41.366, 264.499 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(44, 135, 200)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(44, 135, 200)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(44, 135, 200) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(44, 135, 200) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 54, 41.366, 264.499 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(44, 135, 200) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(44, 135, 200) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(44, 135, 200)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(44, 135, 200); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 135, 200);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(44, 135,  
200) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 54, 41.366, 264.499 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(44, 135, 200) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(44, 135,  
200) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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