

Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 58.435, 148.608)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(54, 58.435, 148.608)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(54, 58.463, 148.660)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	11954A
RGB	17, 149, 74
RGB Percent	7%, 58%, 29%
CMY	0.9332, 0.4173, 0.7112
CMYK	0.89, 0.00, 0.50, 0.42
HSL	146°, 79%, 32%
HSV	146°, 89%, 58%
XYZ	12.1381, 21.9746, 10.0156
YIQ	100.9820, -54.5970, -51.3090

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

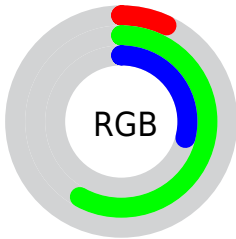
Format	Color
R_{YB}	17, 109, 149
Decimal	1152330
CIE _{Lab}	54.00, -49.93, 30.41
CIE _{LCh}	54, 58.463, 148.660
Yxy	21.9746, 0.2751, 0.4980
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279342410 (0xFF11954A)
YUV	100.9820, -13.3021, -73.6522
Hunter-Lab	46.8770, -35.8150, 20.1462

Details

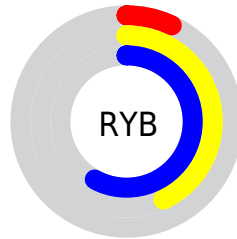
The CIELCh color **54, 58.463, 148.660** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **339933**. A complement of this color would be **33, 56.371, 351.660**, and the grayscale version is **43, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **74, 58.407, 148.702**, and **35, 51.430, 141.826** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54, 62.585, 146.602**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **54, 53.735, 150.623**.

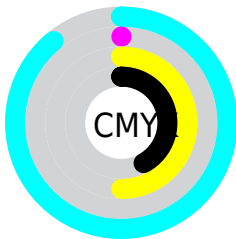
Distribution



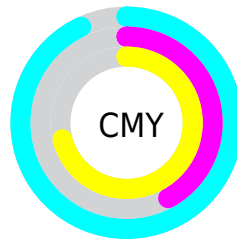
- Red (7%)
- Green (58%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (43%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Black (42%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (71%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 54, 58.463, 148.660 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 54, 58.463, 148.660 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 54, 58.463,
148.660

 54, 58.463,
148.660

 100, 58.463,
148.660

 44, 58.463,
148.660

 74, 58.463,
148.660

 34, 58.463,
148.660

 84, 58.463,
148.660

 24, 58.463,
148.660

 94, 58.463,
148.660

 14, 58.463,
148.660

 4, 58.463, 148.660

 0, 58.463, 148.660

■ 54, 58.463,
148.660

■ 54, 58.463,
148.660

■ 54, 62.585,
146.602

■ 54, 53.735,
150.623

■ 54, 63.167,
146.322

■ 55, 48.323,
152.392

■ 55, 42.280,
153.965

■ 56, 35.701,
155.351

■ 57, 28.704,
156.571

■ 58, 21.414,
157.647

■ 59, 13.951,
158.603

■ 60, 6.418, 159.472

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 58.463, 148.660



33, 56.371, 351.660

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 58.463, 148.660



54, 58.463, 198.660



54, 58.463, 328.660



54, 58.463, 18.660

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 58.463, 148.660



74, 25.166, 157.746



56, 67.068, 123.789



38, 16.882, 157.437



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 58.463, 148.660



69, 77.690, 145.825



55, 34.863, 185.711



31, 4.229, 159.416



50, 59.545, 146.489



2, 3.697, 160.082

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



33, 56.371, 351.660



42, 70.186, 355.681



31, 60.179, 31.386



29, 4.267, 340.730



29, 54.806, 354.653



1, 3.697, 340.073

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 58.463, 148.660 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 54, 58.463, 148.660 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 54, 58.463, 148.660

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 58.463, 148.660.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 58.463, 148.660.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
54, 58.527, 148.715

Protanopia
54, 34.889, 95.158

Deuteranopia
54, 28.937, 76.622



Tritanopia
54, 24.871, 212.171

Trichromacy



Original Color
54, 58.527, 148.715



Protanomaly
52, 40.358, 129.479



Deuteranomaly
52, 32.708, 127.221



Tritanomaly
54, 33.361, 175.883

Monochromacy



Original Color
54, 58.527, 148.715



Achromatopsia
43, 0.006, 296.813



Achromatomaly
46, 24.902, 156.765

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 54, 58.463, 148.660 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(17, 149, 74)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(17, 149, 74)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(17, 149, 74) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(17, 149, 74) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 54, 58.463, 148.660 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(17, 149, 74) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(17, 149, 74) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(17, 149, 74)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(17, 149, 74); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 149, 74);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 149,  
74) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 54, 58.463, 148.660 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(17, 149, 74) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(17, 149,  
74) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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