

Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 59.145, 126.478)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(54, 59.145, 126.478)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(54, 59.162, 126.476)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	5A8F26
RGB	90, 143, 38
RGB Percent	35%, 56%, 15%
CMY	0.6469, 0.4390, 0.8508
CMYK	0.37, 0.00, 0.73, 0.44
HSL	90°, 58%, 36%
HSV	90°, 73%, 56%
XYZ	14.4006, 21.9746, 5.3202
YIQ	115.1830, 2.1170, -43.8910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

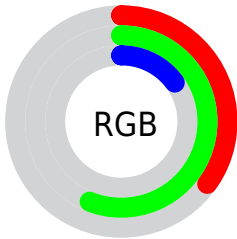
Format	Color
R_{YB}	38, 143, 91
Decimal	5934886
CIE _{Lab}	54.00, -35.17, 47.57
CIE _{LCh}	54, 59.162, 126.476
Yxy	21.9746, 0.3454, 0.5270
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284124966 (0xFF5A8F26)
YUV	115.1830, -38.0512, -22.0855
Hunter-Lab	46.8770, -27.1998, 26.0849

Details

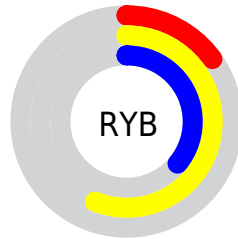
The CIELCh color $54, 59.162, 126.476$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669933 . A complement of this color would be $28, 65.814, 312.602$, and the grayscale version is $49, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74, 59.109, 126.444$, and $34, 52.908, 130.122$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 64.641, 126.705$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55, 52.512, 126.567$.

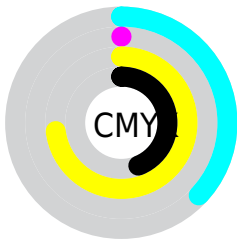
Distribution



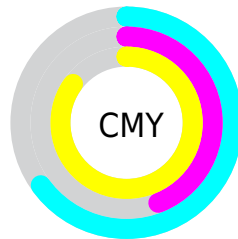
- Red (35%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (36%)



- Cyan (37%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Black (44%)




- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (85%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 54, 59.162, 126.476 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 54, 59.162, 126.476 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 54, 59.162,
126.476

 54, 59.162,
126.476


 100, 59.162,
126.476


 44, 59.162,
126.476


 74, 59.162,
126.476

 34, 59.162,
126.476

 84, 59.162,
126.476

 24, 59.162,
126.476

 94, 59.162,
126.476

 14, 59.162,
126.476

 4, 59.162, 126.476

 0, 59.162, 126.476

■ 54, 59.162,
126.476

■ 54, 59.162,
126.476

■ 54, 64.641,
126.705

■ 55, 52.512,
126.567

■ 53, 68.632,
127.361

■ 55, 45.037,
126.860

■ 53, 70.808,
127.865

■ 56, 37.023,
127.267

■ 56, 28.678,
127.727

■ 57, 20.149,
128.200

■ 58, 11.538,
128.665

■ 59, 2.917, 129.126

■ 60, 5.663, 309.484

■ 61, 14.164,
309.865

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 59.162, 126.476



28, 65.814, 312.602

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 59.162, 126.476



54, 59.162, 176.476



54, 59.162, 306.476



54, 59.162, 356.476

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 59.162, 126.477



73, 23.486, 128.244



43, 41.572, 66.278



38, 15.900, 128.132



88, 0.010, 296.813



40, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 59.162, 126.477



68, 81.830, 127.075



52, 67.197, 137.964



30, 4.850, 128.857



50, 67.888, 127.779



2, 3.279, 129.236

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



28, 65.814, 312.602



32, 92.748, 312.574



36, 65.944, 327.807



28, 4.913, 309.620



20, 77.564, 312.298



0, 3.279, 309.234

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 59.162, 126.476 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 59.162, 126.476 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 54, 59.162, 126.476

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 59.162, 126.476.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 59.162, 126.476.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

54, 59.162, 126.476

Protanopia

54, 50.488, 95.761

Deuteranopia

54, 46.131, 81.513



Tritanopia
54, 11.705, 231.605

Trichromacy



Original Color
54, 59.162, 126.476

Protanomaly
53, 51.762, 108.994

Deuteranomaly
53, 46.758, 101.426

Tritanomaly
54, 23.699, 146.509

Monochromacy



Original Color
54, 59.162, 126.476

Achromatopsia
48, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
50, 23.375, 127.716

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 54, 59.162, 126.476 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(90, 143, 38)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(90, 143, 38)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 143, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(90, 143, 38) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 54, 59.162, 126.476 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(90, 143, 38) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(90, 143, 38) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(90, 143, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(90, 143, 38); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 143, 38);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(90, 143,  
38) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 54, 59.162, 126.476 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(90, 143, 38) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(90, 143,  
38) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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