

Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 59.817, 263.916)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(54, 59.817, 263.916)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(56, 56.099, 273.850)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	008AE8
RGB	0, 138, 232
RGB Percent	0%, 54%, 91%
CMY	1.0000, 0.4597, 0.0912
CMYK	1.00, 0.41, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	204°, 100%, 45%
HSV	204°, 100%, 91%
XYZ	23.5657, 23.9124, 79.5218
YIQ	107.4540, -112.4220, -0.0220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

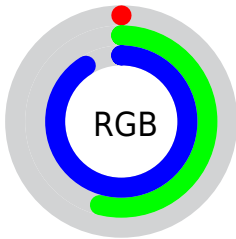
Format	Color
RYB	0, 87, 232
Decimal	35560
CIELab	56.00, 3.77, -55.97
CIElCh	56, 56.099, 273.850
Yxy	23.9124, 0.1856, 0.1883
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278225640 (0xFF008AE8)
YUV	107.4540, 61.4012, -94.2372
Hunter-Lab	48.9003, 0.4459, -62.1872

Details

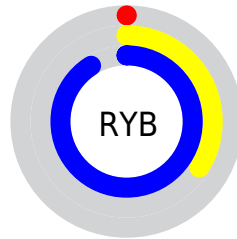
The CIELCh color **56, 56.099, 273.850** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as dark washed azure. A complement of this color would be **57, 83.396, 52.932**, and the grayscale version is **45, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75, 40.014, 259.151**, and **38, 53.878, 283.332** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **56, 56.087, 273.890**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **59, 51.357, 268.888**.

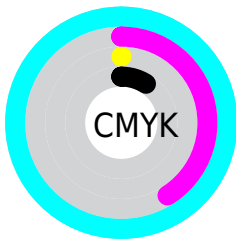
Distribution



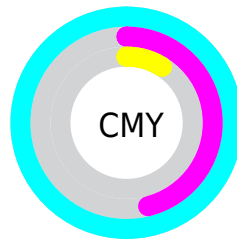
- Red (0%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 56, 56.099, 273.850 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 56, 56.099, 273.850 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 56, 56.099,
273.850

■ 56, 56.099,
273.850

■ 100, 56.099,
273.850

■ 46, 56.099,
273.850

■ 76, 56.099,
273.850

■ 36, 56.099,
273.850

■ 86, 56.099,
273.850

■ 26, 56.099,
273.850

■ 96, 56.099,
273.850

■ 16, 56.099,
273.850

■ 6, 56.099, 273.850

■ 0, 56.099, 273.850

■ 56, 56.099,
273.850

■ 56, 56.099,
273.850

■ 56, 56.087,
273.890

■ 59, 51.357,
268.888

■ 62, 46.699,
264.153

■ 65, 41.913,
259.951

■ 69, 36.866,
256.349

■ 72, 31.489,
253.330

■ 76, 25.761,
250.836

■ 80, 19.704,
248.789

■ 84, 13.358,

247.118

■ 88, 6.776, 245.770

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



56, 56.099, 273.850



57, 83.396, 52.932

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



56, 56.099, 273.850



56, 56.099, 323.850



56, 56.099, 93.850



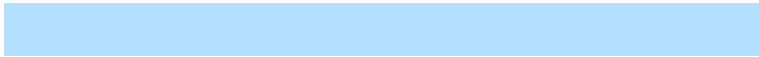
56, 56.099, 143.850

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



56, 56.087, 273.890



87, 21.287, 248.818



81, 91.835, 144.311



45, 14.407, 249.638



0, 0.000, 0.000



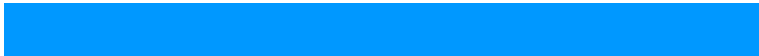
53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



56, 56.087, 273.890



61, 60.559, 274.176



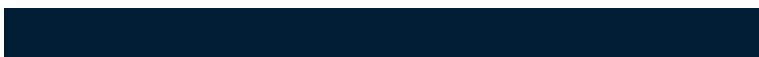
30, 119.597, 305.179



46, 3.821, 245.706



44, 45.496, 272.964



10, 16.907, 263.560

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 80.897, 353.884



56, 86.889, 354.073



83, 83.939, 95.885



45, 6.246, 339.572



39, 66.738, 353.285



7, 28.773, 348.154

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 56.099, 273.850 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 56, 56.099, 273.850 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

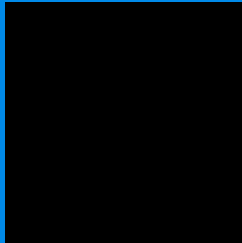
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 56, 56.099, 273.850

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 56.099, 273.850.

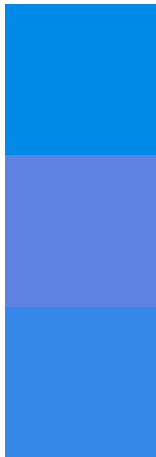


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 56, 56.099, 273.850.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
56, 56.099, 273.850

Protanopia
56, 54.555, 286.599

Deuteranopia
56, 56.752, 278.842



Tritanopia
56, 32.269, 208.049

Trichromacy



Original Color
56, 56.099, 273.850

Protanomaly
55, 55.025, 279.357

Deuteranomaly
56, 56.684, 276.494

Tritanomaly
56, 35.000, 240.255

Monochromacy



Original Color
56, 56.099, 273.850

Achromatopsia
45, 0.006, 296.813

Achromatomaly
48, 24.456, 254.270

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 56, 56.099, 273.850 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 138, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 138, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 138, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 138, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 56, 56.099, 273.850 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 138, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 138, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 138, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 138, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 138, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 138,  
232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 56, 56.099, 273.850 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 138, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 138,  
232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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