

Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 8.192, 158.003)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(54, 8.192, 158.003) contains.

CIELCh(54, 8.218, 159.534)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(54, 8.218, 159.534)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	75857C
RGB	117, 133, 124
RGB Percent	46%, 52%, 49%
CMY	0.5416, 0.4788, 0.5141
CMYK	0.12, 0.00, 0.07, 0.48
HSL	146°, 6%, 49%
HSV	146°, 12%, 52%
XYZ	19.3277, 21.9746, 22.2580
YIQ	127.1900, -6.6470, -6.1910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

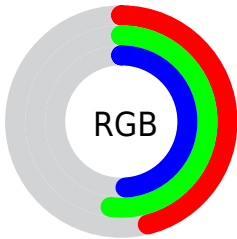
Format	Color
R_{YB}	117, 128, 133
Decimal	7701884
CIE Lab	54.00, -7.70, 2.87
CIE LCh	54, 8.218, 159.534
Yxy	21.9746, 0.3041, 0.3457
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285891964 (0xFF75857C)
YUV	127.1900, -1.5727, -8.9366
Hunter-Lab	46.8770, -8.4380, 4.6621

Details

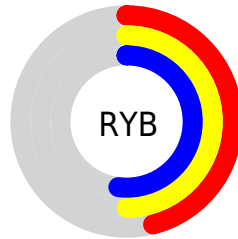
The CIELCh color $54, 8.218, 159.534$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $51, 8.313, 341.315$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74, 8.362, 158.527$, and $34, 7.870, 158.767$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53, 15.044, 158.644$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55, 1.384, 160.483$.

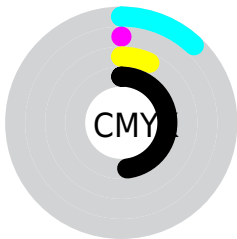
Distribution



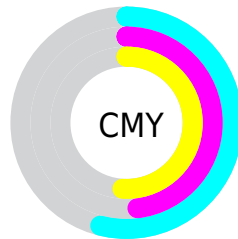
- Red (46%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (12%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (54%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 54, 8.218, 159.534 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 54, 8.218, 159.534 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 54, 8.218, 159.534

■ 54, 8.218, 159.534

■ 100, 8.218,
159.534

■ 44, 8.218, 159.534

■ 74, 8.218, 159.534

■ 34, 8.218, 159.534

■ 84, 8.218, 159.534

■ 24, 8.218, 159.534

■ 94, 8.218, 159.534

■ 14, 8.218, 159.534

■ 4, 8.218, 159.534

■ 0, 8.218, 159.534

■ 54, 8.218, 159.534

■ 54, 8.218, 159.534

■ 53, 15.044,
158.644

■ 55, 1.384, 160.483

■ 57, 5.396, 340.930

■ 52, 21.776,
157.658

■ 58, 12.071,
341.601

■ 51, 28.316,
156.548

■ 60, 18.604,
342.196

■ 50, 34.556,
155.290

■ 61, 24.972,
342.741

■ 50, 40.386,
153.863

■ 63, 31.161,
343.245

■ 49, 45.705,
152.249

■ 65, 37.164,
343.714

■ 49, 50.440,
150.441

■ 66, 42.980,
344.153

■ 48, 54.557,
148.447

■ 68, 48.611,
344.565

■ 48, 57.546,
146.883

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 8.218, 159.534



51, 8.313, 341.315

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 8.218, 159.534



54, 8.218, 209.534



54, 8.218, 339.534



54, 8.218, 29.534

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 8.219, 159.531



70, 3.382, 160.226



55, 9.604, 126.164



36, 2.395, 160.161



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 8.219, 159.531



69, 11.882, 159.336



54, 6.192, 193.122



27, 3.840, 159.779



47, 56.588, 146.935



1, 0.919, 160.434

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 8.313, 341.315



64, 12.038, 341.505



51, 6.605, 14.743



26, 3.876, 341.073



27, 52.489, 355.070



0, 0.920, 340.425

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 54, 8.218, 159.534 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 54, 8.218, 159.534 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

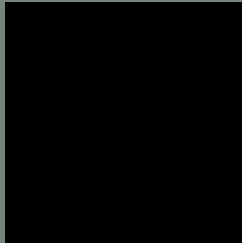
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 54, 8.218, 159.534

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 8.218, 159.534.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 8.218, 159.534.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

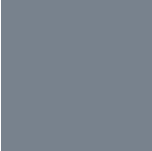
54, 8.218, 159.534

Protanopia

54, 4.497, 82.725

Deuteranopia

54, 6.930, 15.373



Tritanopia
54, 7.289, 259.978

Trichromacy



Original Color
54, 8.218, 159.534

Protanomaly
54, 4.761, 124.302

Deuteranomaly
54, 2.639, 60.176

Tritanomaly
54, 5.083, 226.112

Monochromacy



Original Color
54, 8.218, 159.534

Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 2.954, 163.385

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 54, 8.218, 159.534 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(117, 133, 124)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(117, 133, 124)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(117, 133, 124) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(117, 133, 124) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 54, 8.218, 159.534 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

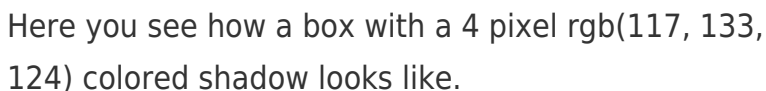
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(117, 133, 124) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(117, 133, 124) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(117, 133, 124)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(117, 133, 124); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 133, 124);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(117, 133,  
124) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 54, 8.218, 159.534 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(117, 133, 124) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(117,  
133, 124) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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