

Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 8.667, 198.566)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(54, 8.667, 198.566) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(54, 8.672, 198.573)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F8686
RGB	111, 134, 134
RGB Percent	44%, 53%, 53%
CMY	0.5665, 0.4764, 0.4764
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.00, 0.48
HSL	180°, 9%, 48%
HSV	180°, 17%, 52%
XYZ	19.2251, 21.9746, 25.6072
YIQ	127.1230, -13.7080, -4.8760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

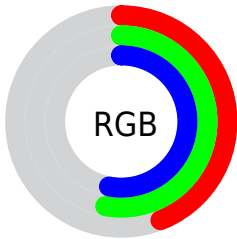
Format	Color
R _Y B	111, 123, 134
Decimal	7308934
CIE Lab	54.00, -8.22, -2.76
CIE LCh	54, 8.672, 198.573
Yxy	21.9746, 0.2878, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285499014 (0xFF6F8686)
YUV	127.1230, 3.3904, -14.1399
Hunter-Lab	46.8770, -8.8286, 0.4260

Details

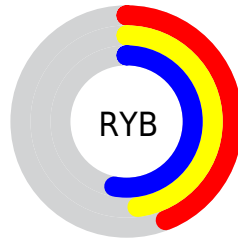
The CIELCh color $54, 8.672, 198.573$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $49, 9.657, 20.518$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $74, 8.606, 198.781$, and $34, 8.428, 198.257$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $53, 13.279, 198.090$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $55, 3.731, 199.128$.

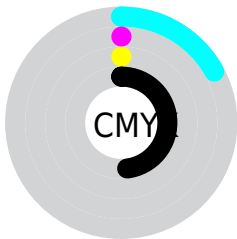
Distribution



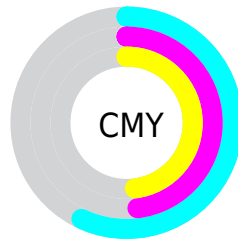
- Red (44%)
- Green (53%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (44%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (57%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (48%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 54, 8.672, 198.573 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 54, 8.672, 198.573 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 54, 8.672, 198.573

■ 54, 8.672, 198.573

■ 100, 8.672,
198.573

■ 44, 8.672, 198.573

■ 74, 8.672, 198.573

■ 34, 8.672, 198.573

■ 84, 8.672, 198.573

■ 24, 8.672, 198.573

■ 94, 8.672, 198.573

■ 14, 8.672, 198.573

■ 4, 8.672, 198.573

■ 0, 8.672, 198.573

■ 54, 8.672, 198.573

■ 54, 8.672, 198.573

■ 53, 13.279,
198.090

■ 55, 3.731, 199.128

■ 56, 1.470, 19.274

■ 52, 17.471,
197.671

■ 57, 6.863, 20.054

■ 52, 21.172,
197.309

■ 59, 12.387, 20.662

■ 60, 17.993, 21.267

■ 51, 24.314,
197.007

■ 61, 23.641, 21.875

■ 51, 26.848,
196.767

■ 63, 29.299, 22.484

■ 65, 34.942, 23.090

■ 51, 28.751,
196.588

■ 66, 40.553, 23.690

■ 50, 30.033,
196.468

■ 50, 30.801,
196.396

■ 50, 30.995,
196.378

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 8.672, 198.573



49, 9.657, 20.518

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 8.672, 198.573



54, 8.672, 248.573



54, 8.672, 18.573



54, 8.672, 68.573

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 8.673, 198.566



70, 3.215, 199.283



53, 16.141, 142.996



36, 2.181, 199.236



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 8.673, 198.566



68, 12.929, 198.356



51, 7.773, 255.895



28, 2.886, 199.008



49, 30.410, 196.378



1, 0.707, 199.417

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



49, 9.657, 20.518



60, 14.818, 20.895



52, 8.149, 71.563



26, 3.050, 19.875



26, 62.117, 38.506



0, 0.707, 19.400

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 8.672, 198.573 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 8.672, 198.573 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

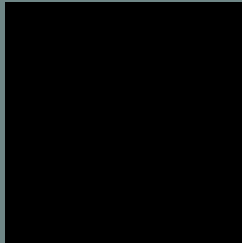
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 54, 8.672, 198.573

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 8.672, 198.573.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 8.672, 198.573.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

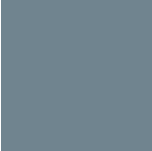
54, 8.672, 198.573

Protanopia

54, 1.670, 335.666

Deuteranopia

54, 7.749, 332.178



Tritanopia
54, 9.542, 240.721

Trichromacy



Original Color
54, 8.672, 198.573

Protanomaly
54, 2.402, 213.239

Deuteranomaly
54, 3.467, 290.617

Tritanomaly
54, 8.966, 225.578

Monochromacy



Original Color
54, 8.672, 198.573

Achromatopsia
53, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 3.124, 199.205

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 54, 8.672, 198.573 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 134, 134)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 134, 134)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 134, 134) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 134, 134) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 54, 8.672, 198.573 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 134, 134) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 134, 134) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 134, 134)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 134, 134); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 134, 134);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 134,  
134) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 54, 8.672, 198.573 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 134, 134) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
134, 134) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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