

Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 86.606, 18.531)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(54, 86.606, 18.531) contains.

CIELCh(54, 86.606, 18.531)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	20
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	23
<i>CSS Examples</i>	26

Color

CIELCh(54, 86.606, 18.531)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF0057
RGB	255, 0, 87
RGB Percent	100%, 0%, 34%
CMY	0.0000, 0.9983, 0.6586
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.66, 0.00
HSL	340°, 100%, 50%
HSV	340°, 100%, 100%
XYZ	43.0010, 21.9746, 11.0059
YIQ	86.1630, 124.0530, 81.1170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

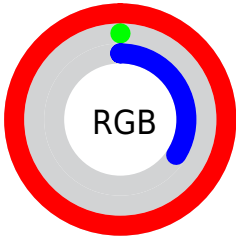
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 0, 87
Decimal	16711767
CIE _{Lab}	54.00, 82.12, 27.52
CIE _{LCh}	54, 86.606, 18.531
Yxy	21.9746, 0.5659, 0.2892
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294901847 (0xFFFF0057)
YUV	86.1630, 0.4126, 148.0700
Hunter-Lab	46.8770, 81.7058, 18.8937

Details

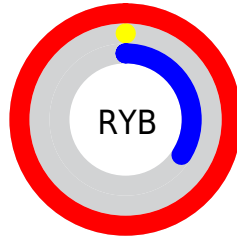
The CIELCh color **54, 86.606, 18.531** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3366**. The color can be described as dark saturated red. A complement of this color would be **89, 74.827, 158.354**, and the grayscale version is **37, 0.005, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **63, 63.568, 10.106**, and **40, 73.310, 27.532** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54, 86.636, 18.611**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **55, 82.934, 13.116**.

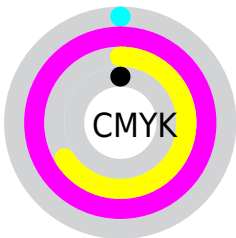
Distribution



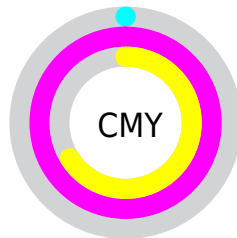
- Red (100%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (66%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (66%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 54, 86.606, 18.531 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 54, 86.606, 18.531 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 54, 86.606, 18.531

 54, 86.606, 18.531

 100, 86.606,
18.531

 44, 86.606, 18.531

 74, 86.606, 18.531

 34, 86.606, 18.531

 84, 86.606, 18.531

 24, 86.606, 18.531

 94, 86.606, 18.531

 14, 86.606, 18.531

 4, 86.606, 18.531

 0, 86.606, 18.531

 54, 86.606, 18.531

 54, 86.606, 18.531

 54, 86.636, 18.611

 55, 82.934, 13.116

 57, 77.936, 8.556

60, 71.078, 4.927

64, 62.517, 2.074

69, 52.704,
359.816

75, 42.161,
357.996

81, 31.335,
356.493

87, 20.550,
355.221

93, 10.013,
354.107

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



54, 86.606, 18.531



89, 74.827, 158.354

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



54, 86.606, 18.531



54, 86.606, 68.531



54, 86.606, 198.531



54, 86.606, 248.531

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



54, 86.573, 18.520



81, 31.517, 356.516



46, 121.017, 315.642



40, 21.589, 357.119



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



54, 86.573, 18.520



54, 86.636, 18.611



55, 101.578, 41.775



50, 5.786, 354.072



40, 69.470, 17.537



10, 31.330, 9.762

Inverse Universe

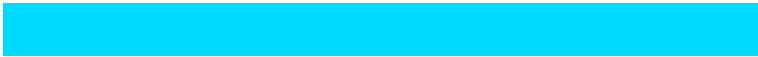
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 86.573, 18.520



54, 86.636, 18.611



80, 43.561, 225.254



50, 5.786, 354.072



40, 69.470, 17.537



10, 31.330, 9.762

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 86.606, 18.531 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

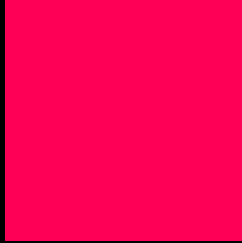
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 54, 86.606, 18.531 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 54, 86.606, 18.531

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 86.606, 18.531.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 54, 86.606, 18.531.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

54, 86.606, 18.531

Protanopia

55, 1.647, 63.329

Deuteranopia

54, 32.121, 76.542



Tritanopia
54, 95.827, 37.323

Trichromacy



Original Color
54, 86.606, 18.531



Protanomaly
48, 41.463, 1.795



Deuteranomaly
49, 51.671, 26.627



Tritanomaly
54, 92.354, 31.439

Monochromacy



Original Color
54, 86.606, 18.531



Achromatopsia
37, 0.005, 296.813



Achromatomaly
37, 41.709, 2.441

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 54, 86.606, 18.531 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 0, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 0, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 0, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 54, 86.606, 18.531 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 0, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 0, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 0, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 0, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 0, 87)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 54, 86.606, 18.531 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 0, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255, 0,  
87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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