

Converting Colors

CIELCh(54, 91.578, 257.690)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(54, 91.578, 257.690)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(61, 61.856, 275.524)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0996FF
RGB	9, 150, 255
RGB Percent	4%, 59%, 100%
CMY	0.9660, 0.4109, 0.0000
CMYK	0.97, 0.41, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	206°, 100%, 52%
HSV	206°, 97%, 100%
XYZ	29.3227, 29.2481, 99.8785
YIQ	119.8110, -117.7410, 2.7630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

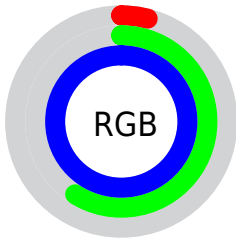
Format	Color
R _Y B	9, 99, 255
Decimal	628479
CIE Lab	61.00, 5.95, -61.57
CIE LCh	61, 61.856, 275.524
Yxy	29.2481, 0.1851, 0.1846
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278818559 (0xFF0996FF)
YUV	119.8110, 66.6482, -97.1812
Hunter-Lab	54.0815, 2.1390, -71.6404

Details

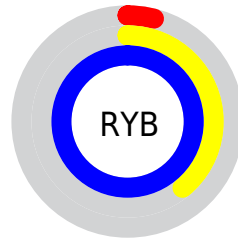
The CIELCh color **61, 61.856, 275.524** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **0099FF**. The color can be described as middle saturated azure. A complement of this color would be **64, 86.838, 54.942**, and the grayscale version is **50, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **78, 35.762, 248.503**, and **43, 59.372, 283.803** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **60, 63.120, 276.763**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **64, 55.657, 270.128**.

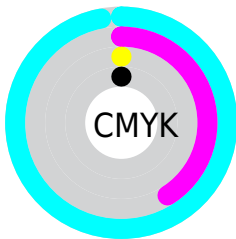
Distribution



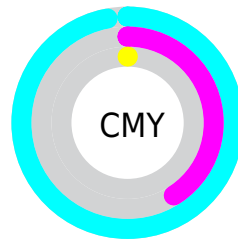
- Red (4%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (4%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (97%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 61, 61.856, 275.524 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 61, 61.856, 275.524 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 61, 61.856,
275.524

■ 61, 61.856,
275.524

■ 100, 61.856,
275.524

■ 51, 61.856,
275.524

■ 81, 61.856,
275.524

■ 41, 61.856,
275.524

■ 91, 61.856,
275.524

■ 31, 61.856,
275.524

■ 21, 61.856,
275.524

■ 11, 61.856,
275.524

■ 1, 61.856, 275.524

■ 0, 61.856, 275.524

■ 61, 61.856,
275.524

■ 61, 61.856,
275.524

■ 60, 63.120,
276.763

■ 64, 55.657,
270.128

■ 68, 50.181,
265.537

■ 72, 44.576,
261.482

■ 75, 38.719,
258.013

■ 80, 32.546,
255.106

■ 84, 26.044,
252.698

■ 88, 19.239,
250.716

■ 93, 12.173,

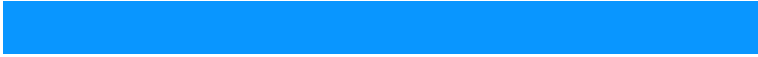
249.093

■ 97, 4.897, 247.800

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



61, 61.856, 275.524



64, 86.838, 54.942

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



61, 61.856, 275.524



61, 61.856, 325.524



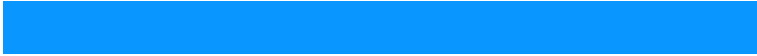
61, 61.856, 95.524



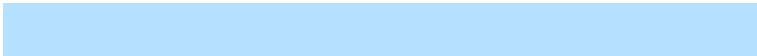
61, 61.856, 145.524

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



61, 61.179, 275.096



87, 20.901, 251.158



88, 95.606, 145.599



45, 14.243, 251.994



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



61, 61.179, 275.096



60, 63.120, 276.763



34, 127.680, 305.085



51, 4.207, 248.137



46, 50.074, 275.838



14, 20.777, 268.766

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 86.115, 354.710



55, 86.218, 355.870



92, 90.733, 97.331



50, 6.717, 340.544



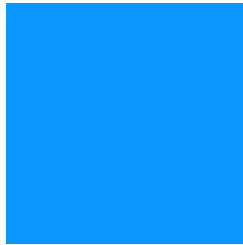
42, 69.632, 355.208



11, 32.764, 350.789

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 61.856, 275.524 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

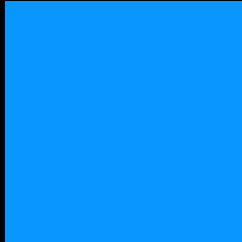
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 61, 61.856, 275.524 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

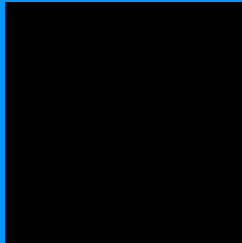
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

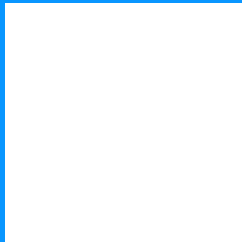
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 61, 61.856, 275.524

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 61.856, 275.524.

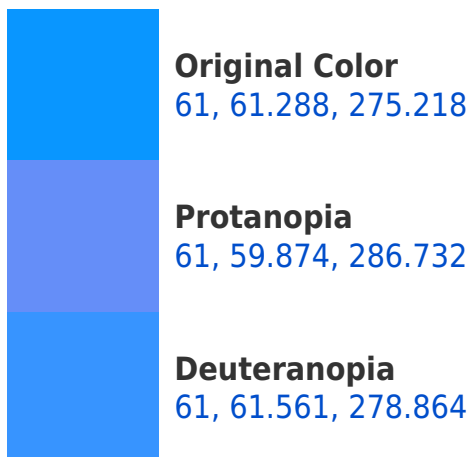


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 61, 61.856, 275.524.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
61, 34.530, 207.096

Trichromacy



Original Color
61, 61.288, 275.218

Protanomaly
60, 60.790, 280.600

Deuteranomaly
61, 61.420, 276.979

Tritanomaly
61, 37.482, 240.672

Monochromacy



Original Color
61, 61.288, 275.218

Achromatopsia
50, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
53, 26.124, 256.615

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 61, 61.856, 275.524 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(9, 150, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(9, 150, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(9, 150, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(9, 150, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 61, 61.856, 275.524 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(9, 150, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(9, 150, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(9, 150, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(9, 150, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(9, 150, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(9, 150,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 61, 61.856, 275.524 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(9, 150, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(9, 150,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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