

Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 10.593, 80.229)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(55, 10.593, 80.229) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(55, 10.458, 80.264)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8E8272
RGB	142, 130, 114
RGB Percent	56%, 51%, 45%
CMY	0.4431, 0.4902, 0.5529
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.20, 0.44
HSL	34°, 11%, 50%
HSV	34°, 20%, 56%
XYZ	22.1742, 22.9298, 19.1762
YIQ	131.7640, 12.2880, -2.4320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

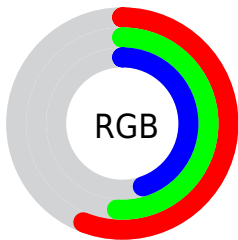
Format	Color
R_{YB}	135, 142, 114
Decimal	9339506
CIE _{Lab}	55.00, 1.77, 10.31
CIE _{LCh}	55, 10.458, 80.264
Yxy	22.9298, 0.3450, 0.3567
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287529586 (0xFF8E8272)
YUV	131.7640, -8.7577, 8.9770
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, -1.1410, 9.7762

Details

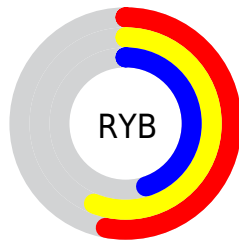
The CIELCh color **55, 10.458, 80.264** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **52, 10.165, 265.541**, and the grayscale version is **55, 0.007, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **75, 10.446, 80.310**, and **35, 10.439, 82.115** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **53, 16.034, 78.990**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **57, 5.065, 81.510**.

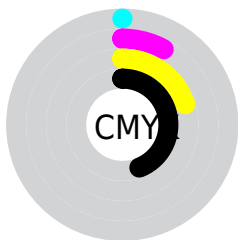
Distribution



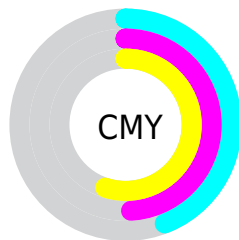
- Red (56%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (53%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (20%)
- Black (44%)



- Cyan (44%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 10.458, 80.264 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 10.458, 80.264 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55, 10.458, 80.264

■ 55, 10.458, 80.264

■ 100, 10.458,
80.264

■ 45, 10.458, 80.264

■ 75, 10.458, 80.264

■ 35, 10.458, 80.264

■ 85, 10.458, 80.264

■ 25, 10.458, 80.264

■ 95, 10.458, 80.264

■ 15, 10.458, 80.264

■ 5, 10.458, 80.264

■ 0, 10.458, 80.264

■ 55, 10.458, 80.264

■ 55, 10.458, 80.264

■ 53, 16.034, 78.990

■ 57, 5.065, 81.510

■ 51, 21.788, 77.672

■ 59, 0.151, 264.381

49, 27.690, 76.321

61, 5.204, 264.013

47, 33.670, 74.925

63, 10.107,
265.130

46, 39.574, 73.448

65, 14.874,
266.215

44, 45.112, 71.808

42, 49.786, 69.843

68, 19.519,
267.257

41, 53.622, 67.650

70, 24.054,
268.251

41, 53.743, 67.598

72, 28.492,
269.198

74, 32.842,
270.097

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 10.458, 80.264



52, 10.165, 265.541

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 10.458, 80.264



55, 10.458, 130.264



55, 10.458, 260.264



55, 10.458, 310.264

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 10.459, 80.274



73, 3.832, 81.926



51, 13.328, 349.175



38, 2.535, 81.865



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 10.459, 80.274



69, 15.829, 79.665



58, 15.787, 111.150



29, 2.954, 81.574



39, 51.828, 67.772



1, 1.972, 82.742

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



52, 10.165, 265.541



65, 15.263, 266.348



49, 16.495, 294.695



28, 2.922, 263.983



26, 50.378, 289.178



1, 1.973, 262.753

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 10.458, 80.264 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 55, 10.458, 80.264 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

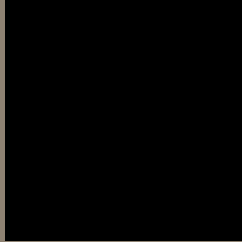
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 55, 10.458, 80.264

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 10.458, 80.264.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 10.458, 80.264.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55, 10.458, 80.264

Protanopia

55, 9.599, 91.364

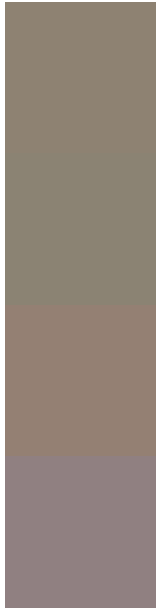
Deuteranopia

55, 12.310, 53.902



Tritanopia
55, 9.165, 341.707

Trichromacy



Original Color
55, 10.458, 80.264

Protanomaly
55, 9.735, 89.007

Deuteranomaly
55, 11.287, 60.984

Tritanomaly
55, 6.488, 15.001

Monochromacy



Original Color
55, 10.458, 80.264

Achromatopsia
55, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 3.972, 79.137

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 10.458, 80.264 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(142, 130, 114)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(142, 130, 114)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(142, 130, 114) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(142, 130, 114) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 10.458, 80.264 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(142, 130, 114) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(142, 130, 114) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(142, 130, 114)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(142, 130, 114); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 130, 114);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(142, 130,  
114) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 10.458, 80.264 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(142, 130, 114) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(142,  
130, 114) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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