

# Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 104.846, 328.159)

Have a look what the booklet for  
CIELCh(55, 104.846, 328.159)  
contains.

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**Color**

**CIELCh(55, 104.665, 328.172)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E516E5
RGB	229, 22, 229
RGB Percent	90%, 9%, 90%
CMY	0.1010, 0.9150, 0.1010
CMYK	0.00, 0.91, 0.00, 0.10
HSL	300°, 83%, 49%
HSV	300°, 91%, 90%
XYZ	46.8482, 22.9298, 76.2571
YIQ	107.4910, 56.9250, 108.2610

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

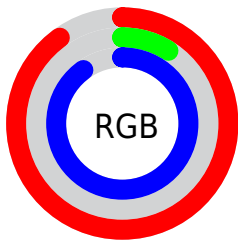
Format	Color
R <sub>Y</sub> B	229, 22, 229
Decimal	15013605
CIE Lab	55.00, 88.93, -55.20
CIE LCh	55, 104.665, 328.172
Yxy	22.9298, 0.3208, 0.1570
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293203685 (0xFFE516E5)
YUV	107.4910, 59.9039, 106.5634
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, 90.8357, -60.8998

# Details

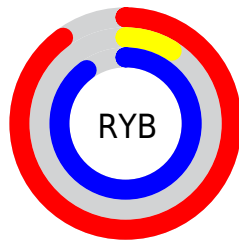
The CIELCh color **55, 104.665, 328.172** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF33FF**. The color can be described as light washed magenta. A complement of this color would be **80, 108.125, 136.350**, and the grayscale version is **45, 0.006, 296.813**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **68, 89.498, 327.438**, and **40, 86.490, 327.325** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **54, 106.624, 328.235**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **56, 100.325, 328.031**.

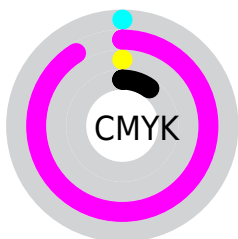
# Distribution



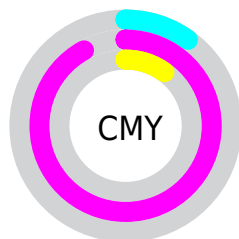
- Red (90%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (90%)



- Red (90%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (10%)




- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (10%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 104.665, 328.172 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 104.665, 328.172 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





 55, 104.665,  
328.172


 55, 104.665,  
328.172


 100, 104.665,  
328.172


 45, 104.665,  
328.172


 75, 104.665,  
328.172


 35, 104.665,  
328.172


 85, 104.665,  
328.172

 25, 104.665,  
328.172

 95, 104.665,  
328.172

 15, 104.665,  
328.172

 5, 104.665,  
328.172

 0, 104.665,  
328.172

■ 55, 104.665,  
328.172

■ 55, 104.665,  
328.172

■ 54, 106.624,  
328.235

■ 56, 100.325,  
328.031

■ 58, 93.244,  
327.799

■ 61, 83.635,  
327.476

■ 65, 71.969,  
327.075

■ 70, 58.814,  
326.611

■ 74, 44.717,  
326.102

■ 80, 30.135,  
325.563

■ 85, 15.414,

325.005

■ 91, 0.798, 324.116

# Harmonies

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 104.665, 328.172



80, 108.125, 136.350

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 104.665, 328.172



55, 104.665, 18.172



55, 104.665, 148.172



55, 104.665, 198.172

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 104.662, 328.172



84, 43.152, 325.922



30, 118.526, 305.538



43, 29.037, 326.104



0, 0.000, 0.000



53, 0.007, 296.813





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 104.662, 328.172



60, 115.561, 328.235



50, 76.935, 358.847



45, 8.306, 324.943



42, 88.423, 328.235



9, 37.106, 328.235



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 104.662, 328.172



60, 115.561, 328.235



81, 78.056, 150.940



45, 8.306, 324.943



42, 88.423, 328.235



9, 37.106, 328.235



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 104.665, 328.172 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

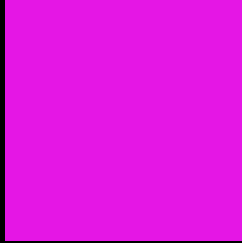
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 55, 104.665, 328.172 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

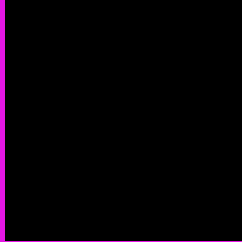
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# CIELCh 55, 104.665, 328.172

## Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 104.665, 328.172.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 104.665, 328.172.

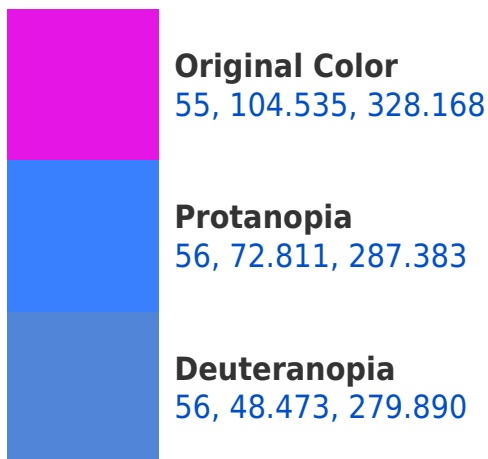




# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
55, 53.218, 23.351

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

55, 104.535, 328.168



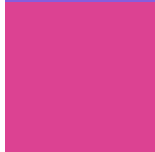
## Protanomaly

49, 90.566, 304.360



## Deuteranomaly

50, 74.840, 307.112



## Tritanomaly

53, 66.606, 351.394

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

55, 104.535, 328.168



## Achromatopsia

45, 0.006, 296.813



## Achromatomaly

44, 50.611, 326.971

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 104.665, 328.172 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(229, 22, 229)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(229, 22, 229)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(229, 22, 229) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(229, 22, 229) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 104.665, 328.172 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(229, 22, 229) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(229, 22, 229) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(229, 22, 229)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(229, 22, 229); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 22, 229);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(229, 22,  
229) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 104.665, 328.172 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(229, 22, 229) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(229, 22,  
229) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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