

Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 12.725, 313.597)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(55, 12.725, 313.597)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(55, 13.117, 313.689)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8C7F94
RGB	140, 127, 148
RGB Percent	55%, 50%, 58%
CMY	0.4506, 0.5016, 0.4192
CMYK	0.05, 0.14, 0.00, 0.42
HSL	277°, 9%, 54%
HSV	277°, 14%, 58%
XYZ	23.7877, 22.9298, 31.2314
YIQ	133.2810, 1.0070, 9.2870

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

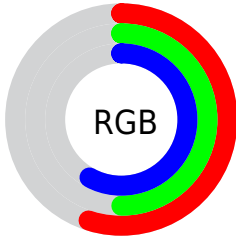
Format	Color
R_{YB}	140, 127, 148
Decimal	9207700
CIE _{Lab}	55.00, 9.06, -9.48
CIE _{LCh}	55, 13.117, 313.689
Yxy	22.9298, 0.3052, 0.2942
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287397780 (0xFF8C7F94)
YUV	133.2810, 7.2565, 5.8926
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, 4.8739, -5.1503

Details

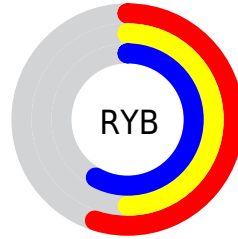
The CIELCh color $55, 13.117, 313.689$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $60, 12.933, 132.531$, and the grayscale version is $56, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75, 12.982, 314.125$, and $35, 12.899, 314.297$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $51, 22.600, 314.128$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59, 3.824, 313.249$.

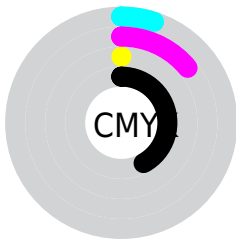
Distribution



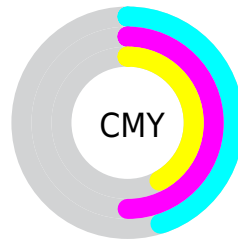
- Red (55%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (42%)





- Cyan (45%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (42%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 13.117, 313.689 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 13.117, 313.689 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 55, 13.117,
313.689


 55, 13.117,
313.689


 100, 13.117,
313.689


 45, 13.117,
313.689


 75, 13.117,
313.689


 35, 13.117,
313.689


 85, 13.117,
313.689

 25, 13.117,
313.689

 95, 13.117,
313.689

 15, 13.117,
313.689

 5, 13.117, 313.689

 0, 13.117, 313.689

■ 55, 13.117,
313.689

■ 55, 13.117,
313.689

■ 51, 22.600,
314.128

■ 59, 3.824, 313.249

■ 46, 32.204,
314.575

■ 64, 5.235, 132.918

■ 42, 41.798,
315.007

■ 68, 14.043,
132.547

■ 38, 51.178,
315.395

■ 73, 22.595,
132.220

■ 34, 60.032,
315.694

■ 77, 30.896,
131.928

■ 31, 67.931,
315.841

■ 82, 38.951,
131.668


■ 28, 74.356,
315.763


■ 86, 46.773,
131.437

■ 26, 78.834,

■ 91, 54.373,
131.233

315.383

 94, 58.766,
130.495

 25, 81.028,
315.124

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 13.117, 313.689



60, 12.933, 132.531

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 13.117, 313.689



55, 13.117, 3.689



55, 13.117, 133.689



55, 13.117, 183.689

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 13.115, 313.688



76, 4.556, 313.244



56, 7.928, 268.847



40, 3.230, 313.277



89, 0.011, 296.813



41, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 13.115, 313.688



69, 19.648, 313.827



56, 13.430, 328.574



29, 5.189, 313.473



23, 76.804, 315.193



1, 4.492, 313.112

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 9.555, 351.866



69, 14.331, 352.197



59, 13.403, 146.918



29, 3.773, 351.363



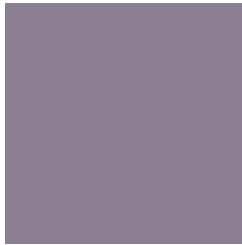
28, 53.679, 12.101



1, 3.252, 350.596

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 13.117, 313.689 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

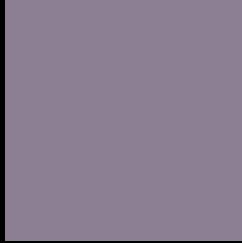
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 13.117, 313.689 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

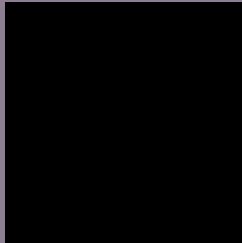
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 55, 13.117, 313.689

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 13.117, 313.689.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 13.117, 313.689.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

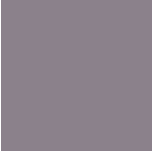
55, 13.117, 313.689

Protanopia

55, 10.952, 285.673

Deuteranopia

55, 12.055, 307.930



Tritanopia
55, 6.983, 324.795

Trichromacy



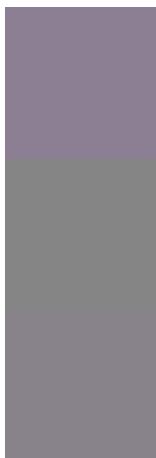
Original Color
55, 13.117, 313.689

Protanomaly
55, 10.966, 295.398

Deuteranomaly
55, 12.169, 309.660

Tritanomaly
55, 9.153, 318.782

Monochromacy



Original Color
55, 13.117, 313.689

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 4.492, 316.357

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 13.117, 313.689 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(140, 127, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(140, 127, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(140, 127, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(140, 127, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 13.117, 313.689 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(140, 127, 148) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(140, 127, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(140, 127, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 127, 148); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 127, 148); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(140, 127, 148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 13.117, 313.689 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(140, 127, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(140,  
127, 148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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