

Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 13.266, 242.801)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(55, 13.266, 242.801)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(55, 13.232, 242.956)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6C8898
RGB	108, 136, 152
RGB Percent	42%, 53%, 60%
CMY	0.5778, 0.4680, 0.4053
CMYK	0.29, 0.11, 0.00, 0.41
HSL	202°, 18%, 51%
HSV	202°, 29%, 59%
XYZ	20.5339, 22.9298, 32.8941
YIQ	129.4520, -21.8240, -0.9600

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

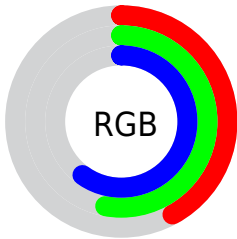
Format	Color
R_{YB}	108, 125, 152
Decimal	7112856
CIE _{Lab}	55.00, -6.02, -11.79
CIE _{LCh}	55, 13.232, 242.956
Yxy	22.9298, 0.2689, 0.3003
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285302936 (0xFF6C8898)
YUV	129.4520, 11.1162, -18.8134
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, -7.2553, -7.2089

Details

The CIELCh color $55, 13.232, 242.956$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $54, 15.282, 56.951$, and the grayscale version is $54, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75, 13.273, 242.826$, and $35, 13.197, 244.002$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $52, 17.378, 244.714$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $58, 8.847, 241.526$.

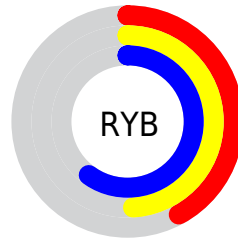
Distribution



Red (42%)

Green (53%)

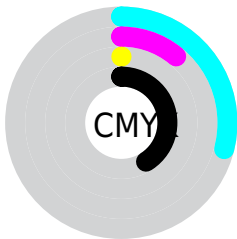
Blue (60%)



Red (42%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (60%)

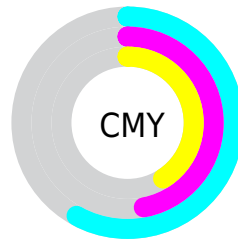


Cyan (29%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (41%)



Cyan (58%)


Magenta (47%)


Yellow (41%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 13.232, 242.956 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 13.232, 242.956 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 55, 13.232,
242.956


 55, 13.232,
242.956


 100, 13.232,
242.956


 45, 13.232,
242.956


 75, 13.232,
242.956

 35, 13.232,
242.956

 85, 13.232,
242.956

 25, 13.232,
242.956

 95, 13.232,
242.956

 15, 13.232,
242.956

 5, 13.232, 242.956

 0, 13.232, 242.956

■ 55, 13.232,
242.956

■ 55, 13.232,
242.956

■ 52, 17.378,
244.714

■ 58, 8.847, 241.526

■ 50, 21.248,
246.881

■ 60, 4.265, 240.398

■ 63, 0.472, 58.538

■ 48, 24.813,
249.530

■ 66, 5.328, 58.487

■ 45, 28.069,
252.733

■ 68, 10.271, 57.868

■ 71, 15.275, 57.337

■ 43, 31.043,
256.539

■ 74, 20.318, 56.888

■ 41, 33.807,
260.941

■ 77, 25.381, 56.508

■ 80, 30.450, 56.184

■ 39, 36.522,
265.682

■ 39, 36.803,

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 13.232, 242.956



54, 15.282, 56.951

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 13.232, 242.956



55, 13.232, 292.956



55, 13.232, 62.956



55, 13.232, 112.956

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 13.231, 242.952



76, 5.259, 240.414



59, 23.548, 154.037



40, 3.675, 240.549



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 13.231, 242.952



68, 19.407, 244.088



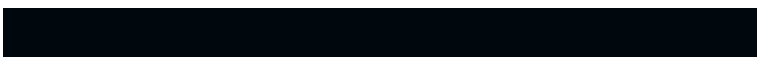
49, 22.034, 287.054



31, 2.695, 240.420



36, 34.603, 265.740



2, 2.962, 240.762

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



51, 23.681, 339.176



62, 35.225, 339.766



60, 21.095, 100.097



30, 4.600, 337.589



30, 57.252, 349.184



1, 4.894, 337.447

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 13.232, 242.956 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 55, 13.232, 242.956 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

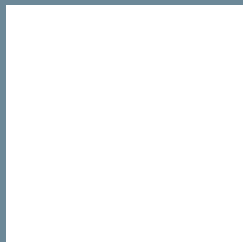
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 55, 13.232, 242.956

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 13.232, 242.956.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 13.232, 242.956.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55, 13.232, 242.956

Protanopia

55, 10.357, 289.365

Deuteranopia

55, 14.608, 300.633



Tritanopia
55, 11.957, 230.663

Trichromacy



Original Color
55, 13.232, 242.956

Protanomaly
55, 10.468, 268.711

Deuteranomaly
55, 12.838, 280.265

Tritanomaly
55, 12.505, 235.503

Monochromacy



Original Color
55, 13.232, 242.956

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
54, 5.086, 242.110

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 13.232, 242.956 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(108, 136, 152)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(108, 136, 152)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(108, 136, 152) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(108, 136, 152) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 13.232, 242.956 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(108, 136, 152) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(108, 136, 152) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(108, 136, 152)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(108, 136, 152); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 136, 152);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(108, 136,  
152) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 13.232, 242.956 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(108, 136, 152) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(108,  
136, 152) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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