

Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 15.745, 2.175)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(55, 15.745, 2.175) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(55, 15.850, 2.397)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	9F7A83
RGB	159, 122, 131
RGB Percent	62%, 48%, 51%
CMY	0.3765, 0.5215, 0.4863
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.18, 0.38
HSL	345°, 16%, 55%
HSV	345°, 23%, 62%
XYZ	25.3555, 22.9298, 24.5633
YIQ	134.0890, 19.1630, 10.6430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

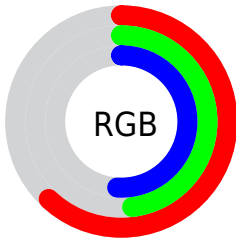
Format	Color
R_{YB}	159, 122, 131
Decimal	10451587
CIE _{Lab}	55.00, 15.84, 0.66
CIE _{LCh}	55, 15.850, 2.397
Yxy	22.9298, 0.3481, 0.3148
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288641667 (0xFF9F7A83)
YUV	134.0890, -1.5229, 21.8469
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, 10.7181, 3.1060

Details

The CIELCh color $55, 15.850, 2.397$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 996666 . A complement of this color would be $63, 14.617, 177.884$, and the grayscale version is $56, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75, 15.587, 2.753$, and $35, 15.964, 1.798$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $51, 23.075, 3.762$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59, 8.844, 1.240$.

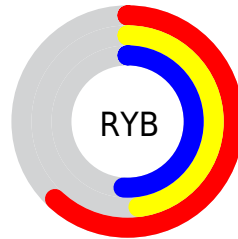
Distribution



Red (62%)

Green (48%)

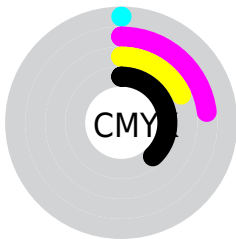
Blue (51%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (51%)

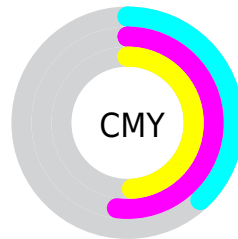


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (38%)



Cyan (38%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 15.850, 2.397 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 15.850, 2.397 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55, 15.850, 2.397

■ 55, 15.850, 2.397

■ 100, 15.850, 2.397

■ 45, 15.850, 2.397

■ 75, 15.850, 2.397

■ 35, 15.850, 2.397

■ 85, 15.850, 2.397

■ 25, 15.850, 2.397

■ 95, 15.850, 2.397

■ 15, 15.850, 2.397

■ 5, 15.850, 2.397

■ 0, 15.850, 2.397

■ 55, 15.850, 2.397

■ 55, 15.850, 2.397

■ 51, 23.075, 3.762

■ 59, 8.844, 1.240

■ 47, 30.402, 5.403

■ 64, 2.129, 0.114

43, 37.631, 7.422

69, 4.268, 179.558

40, 44.500, 9.949

73, 10.346,
178.749

37, 50.713, 13.135

78, 16.119,
178.065

35, 56.038, 17.123

34, 60.424, 21.955

83, 21.607,
177.456

33, 63.213, 25.327

87, 26.835,
176.906

92, 31.827,
176.405

94, 31.874,
182.636

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 15.850, 2.397



63, 14.617, 177.884

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 15.850, 2.397



55, 15.850, 52.397



55, 15.850, 182.397



55, 15.850, 232.397

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 15.848, 2.401



79, 5.693, 0.582



55, 23.719, 318.274



42, 3.733, 0.641



92, 0.011, 296.813



44, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 15.848, 2.401



67, 23.840, 3.088



57, 12.783, 44.535



31, 3.717, 0.809



29, 58.201, 24.751



1, 4.737, 0.939

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



55, 15.848, 2.401



67, 23.840, 3.088



60, 11.062, 226.933



31, 3.717, 0.809



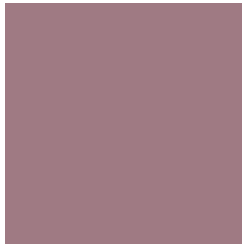
29, 58.201, 24.751



1, 4.737, 0.939

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 15.850, 2.397 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 55, 15.850, 2.397 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 55, 15.850, 2.397

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 15.850, 2.397.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 15.850, 2.397.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55, 15.850, 2.397

Protanopia

55, 2.992, 305.654

Deuteranopia

55, 6.952, 10.660



Tritanopia
55, 15.850, 2.397

Trichromacy



Original Color
55, 15.850, 2.397

Protanomaly
55, 6.562, 348.489

Deuteranomaly
55, 9.984, 7.286

Tritanomaly
55, 15.850, 2.397

Monochromacy



Original Color
55, 15.850, 2.397

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
56, 5.474, 1.697

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 15.850, 2.397 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(159, 122, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(159, 122, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(159, 122, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(159, 122, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 15.850, 2.397 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(159, 122, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(159, 122, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(159, 122, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 122, 131); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 122, 131); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(159, 122, 131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 15.850, 2.397 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(159, 122, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(159,  
122, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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