

Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 16.236, 307.949)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(55, 16.236, 307.949)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(55, 16.236, 307.949)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	8B7F9A
RGB	139, 127, 154
RGB Percent	55%, 50%, 60%
CMY	0.4556, 0.5027, 0.3968
CMYK	0.10, 0.18, 0.00, 0.40
HSL	267°, 12%, 55%
HSV	267°, 18%, 60%
XYZ	23.9976, 22.9298, 33.6482
YIQ	133.6660, -1.5150, 10.9410

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

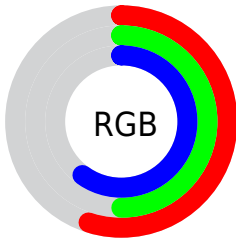
Format	Color
R_{YB}	139, 127, 154
Decimal	9142170
CIE Lab	55.00, 9.98, -12.80
CIE LCh	55, 16.236, 307.949
Yxy	22.9298, 0.2978, 0.2846
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287332250 (0xFF8B7F9A)
YUV	133.6660, 10.0247, 4.6779
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, 5.6562, -8.1427

Details

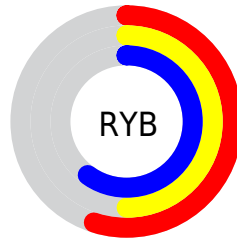
The CIELCh color $55, 16.236, 307.949$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex $9999CC$. A complement of this color would be $62, 15.814, 126.295$, and the grayscale version is $56, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75, 15.894, 308.442$, and $35, 16.284, 308.110$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50, 25.847, 308.499$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 6.882, 307.438$.

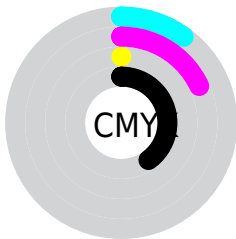
Distribution



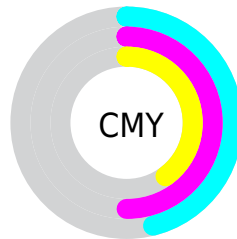
- Red (55%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (55%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (40%)





- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (40%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 16.236, 307.949 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 16.236, 307.949 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 55, 16.236,
307.949


 55, 16.236,
307.949


 100, 16.236,
307.949


 45, 16.236,
307.949


 75, 16.236,
307.949

 35, 16.236,
307.949

 85, 16.236,
307.949

 25, 16.236,
307.949

 95, 16.236,
307.949

 15, 16.236,
307.949

 5, 16.236, 307.949

 0, 16.236, 307.949

■ 55, 16.236,
307.949

■ 55, 16.236,
307.949

■ 50, 25.847,
308.499

■ 60, 6.882, 307.438

■ 45, 35.668,
309.087

■ 65, 2.190, 127.034

■ 41, 45.595,
309.691

■ 70, 10.979,
126.601

■ 36, 55.437,
310.276

■ 74, 19.489,
126.243

■ 32, 64.871,
310.783

■ 79, 27.732,
125.930

■ 28, 73.391,
311.125

■ 84, 35.720,
125.658

■ 25, 80.323,
311.186

■ 89, 43.467,
125.423

■ 23, 85.256,

■ 93, 50.987,
125.220

310.913

95, 52.748,
123.017

22, 86.430,
310.865

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 16.236, 307.949



62, 15.814, 126.295

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 16.236, 307.949



55, 16.236, 357.949



55, 16.236, 127.949



55, 16.236, 177.949

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 16.234, 307.948



77, 5.603, 307.317



58, 8.571, 250.117



40, 3.816, 307.348



90, 0.011, 296.813



42, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 16.234, 307.948



68, 24.090, 308.156



56, 18.228, 323.497



30, 5.143, 307.521



20, 80.723, 310.955



1, 5.481, 306.834

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 13.658, 342.153



69, 20.211, 342.498



61, 18.173, 141.671



30, 4.346, 341.439



30, 55.242, 355.948



1, 4.622, 341.235

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 16.236, 307.949 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

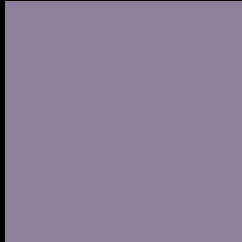
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 16.236, 307.949 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

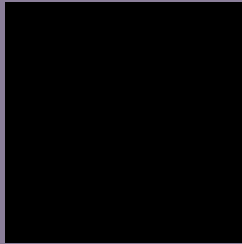
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 55, 16.236, 307.949

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 16.236, 307.949.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 16.236, 307.949.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

55, 16.236, 307.949

Protanopia

55, 14.434, 284.704

Deuteranopia

55, 14.608, 300.633



Tritanopia
55, 6.574, 319.093

Trichromacy



Original Color
55, 16.236, 307.949

Protanomaly
55, 14.997, 294.761

Deuteranomaly
55, 14.744, 303.504

Tritanomaly
55, 10.022, 313.750

Monochromacy



Original Color
55, 16.236, 307.949

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 5.970, 305.833

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 16.236, 307.949 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(139, 127, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(139, 127, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(139, 127, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(139, 127, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 16.236, 307.949 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(139, 127, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(139, 127, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(139, 127, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(139, 127, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 127, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(139, 127,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 16.236, 307.949 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(139, 127, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(139,  
127, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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