

Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 16.859, 149.248)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(55, 16.859, 149.248)
contains.

CIELCh(55, 16.648, 148.719)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	21
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	24
<i>CSS Examples</i>	27

Color

CIELCh(55, 16.648, 148.719)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	6F8A74
RGB	111, 138, 116
RGB Percent	44%, 54%, 45%
CMY	0.5636, 0.4576, 0.5439
CMYK	0.20, 0.00, 0.16, 0.46
HSL	131°, 11%, 49%
HSV	131°, 20%, 54%
XYZ	18.8936, 22.9298, 20.0423
YIQ	127.4190, -9.0300, -12.5660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

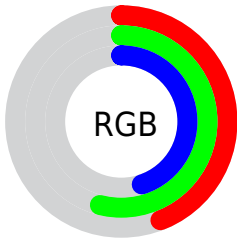
Format	Color
RYB	111, 134, 138
Decimal	7309940
CIELab	55.00, -14.23, 8.64
CIElCh	55, 16.648, 148.719
Yxy	22.9298, 0.3054, 0.3706
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4285500020 (0xFF6F8A74)
YUV	127.4190, -5.6296, -14.3995
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, -13.3700, 8.7037

Details

The CIELCh color $55, 16.648, 148.719$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 669999 . A complement of this color would be $50, 16.707, 331.178$, and the grayscale version is $53, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75, 16.962, 148.601$, and $35, 16.523, 148.606$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 25.178, 147.885$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56, 8.090, 149.450$.

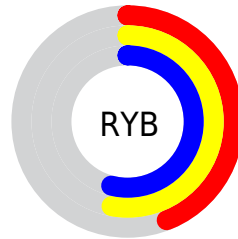
Distribution



Red (44%)

Green (54%)

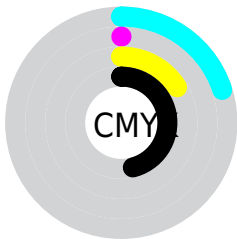
Blue (45%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (53%)

Blue (54%)

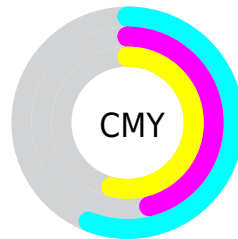


Cyan (20%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (46%)



Cyan (56%)


Magenta (46%)


Yellow (54%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 16.648, 148.719 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 16.648, 148.719 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 55, 16.648,
148.719


 55, 16.648,
148.719


 100, 16.648,
148.719


 45, 16.648,
148.719


 75, 16.648,
148.719

 35, 16.648,
148.719

 85, 16.648,
148.719

 25, 16.648,
148.719

 95, 16.648,
148.719

 15, 16.648,
148.719

 5, 16.648, 148.719

 0, 16.648, 148.719

■ 55, 16.648,
148.719

■ 55, 16.648,
148.719

■ 54, 25.178,
147.885

■ 56, 8.090, 149.450

■ 53, 33.549,
146.925

■ 58, 0.402, 329.464

■ 59, 8.752, 330.553

■ 52, 41.609,
145.823

■ 61, 16.910,
331.036

■ 51, 49.186,
144.571

■ 63, 24.842,
331.452

■ 51, 56.093,
143.176

■ 64, 32.531,
331.819

■ 50, 62.148,
141.668

■ 66, 39.967,
332.143


■ 50, 67.180,
140.108

■ 68, 47.153,
332.433

■ 50, 71.161,

138.702

 70, 54.092,
332.693

 50, 71.328,
138.649

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 16.648, 148.719



50, 16.707, 331.178

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 16.648, 148.719



55, 16.648, 198.719



55, 16.648, 328.719



55, 16.648, 18.719

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 16.649, 148.719



73, 6.329, 149.686



57, 15.441, 116.023



38, 4.233, 149.647



88, 0.010, 296.813



39, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 16.649, 148.719



70, 24.442, 148.401



55, 11.529, 173.048



28, 4.771, 149.476



48, 69.071, 138.717



1, 2.207, 150.017

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



50, 16.707, 331.178



63, 24.532, 331.430



50, 12.137, 356.698



27, 4.785, 330.527



30, 61.811, 336.970



0, 2.207, 330.011

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 16.648, 148.719 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 16.648, 148.719 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

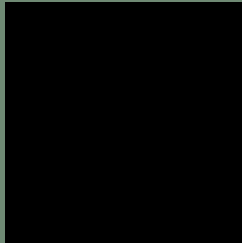
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 55, 16.648, 148.719

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 16.648, 148.719.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 16.648, 148.719.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
55, 16.648, 148.719

Protanopia
55, 10.698, 93.006

Deuteranopia
55, 10.291, 46.493



Tritanopia
55, 9.013, 243.686

Trichromacy



Original Color
55, 16.648, 148.719

Protanomaly
55, 11.692, 120.979

Deuteranomaly
55, 7.612, 96.762

Tritanomaly
55, 8.356, 194.652

Monochromacy



Original Color
55, 16.648, 148.719

Achromatopsia
54, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
54, 6.115, 150.098

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 16.648, 148.719 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(111, 138, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(111, 138, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(111, 138, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(111, 138, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 16.648, 148.719 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(111, 138, 116) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(111, 138, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(111, 138, 116)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(111, 138, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 138, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(111, 138,  
116) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 16.648, 148.719 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(111, 138, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(111,  
138, 116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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