

Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 17.870, 304.636)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(55, 17.870, 304.636)
contains.

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Color

CIELCh(55, 17.723, 304.160)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	897F9D
RGB	137, 127, 157
RGB Percent	54%, 50%, 62%
CMY	0.4628, 0.5020, 0.3843
CMYK	0.13, 0.19, 0.00, 0.38
HSL	260°, 13%, 56%
HSV	260°, 19%, 62%
XYZ	23.9901, 22.9298, 35.0577
YIQ	133.4100, -3.6700, 11.4500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

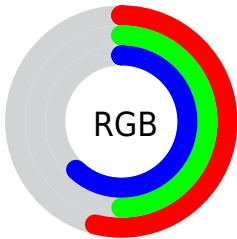
Format	Color
R_{YB}	137, 127, 157
Decimal	9011101
CIE Lab	55.00, 9.95, -14.67
CIE LCh	55, 17.723, 304.160
Yxy	22.9298, 0.2926, 0.2797
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287201181 (0xFF897F9D)
YUV	133.4100, 11.6299, 3.1484
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, 5.6283, -9.8879

Details

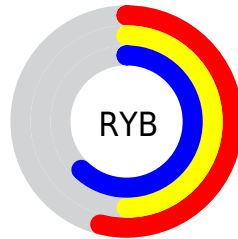
The CIELCh color $55, 17.723, 304.160$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex `9999CC`. A complement of this color would be $63, 17.121, 122.026$, and the grayscale version is $56, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75, 17.795, 304.295$, and $35, 17.916, 304.177$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $50, 27.442, 304.849$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $60, 8.308, 303.540$.

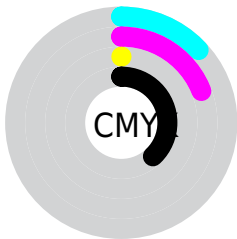
Distribution



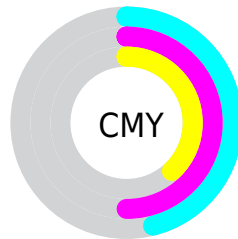
- Red (54%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (62%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (62%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (38%)





- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (38%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 17.723, 304.160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 17.723, 304.160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 55, 17.723,
304.160


 55, 17.723,
304.160


 100, 17.723,
304.160


 45, 17.723,
304.160


 75, 17.723,
304.160

 35, 17.723,
304.160

 85, 17.723,
304.160

 25, 17.723,
304.160

 95, 17.723,
304.160

 15, 17.723,
304.160

 5, 17.723, 304.160

 0, 17.723, 304.160

■ 55, 17.723,
304.160

■ 55, 17.723,
304.160

■ 50, 27.442,
304.849

■ 60, 8.308, 303.540

■ 45, 37.435,
305.606

■ 65, 0.792, 123.066

■ 70, 9.584, 122.530

■ 40, 47.617,
306.414

■ 75, 18.081,
122.113

■ 35, 57.813,
307.236

■ 80, 26.299,
121.752

■ 31, 67.687,
308.006

■ 85, 34.252,
121.441

■ 27, 76.675,
308.615

■ 90, 41.956,
121.173

■ 23, 83.959,
308.913

■ 95, 49.428,
120.943

■ 21, 89.238,

308.895

■ 96, 49.750,
117.179

■ 21, 89.712,
308.907

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 17.723, 304.160



63, 17.121, 122.026

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 17.723, 304.160



55, 17.723, 354.160



55, 17.723, 124.160



55, 17.723, 174.160

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 17.721, 304.159



78, 6.744, 303.367



60, 9.052, 235.391



41, 4.467, 303.400



91, 0.011, 296.813



43, 0.006, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 17.721, 304.159



68, 26.595, 304.449



56, 19.554, 320.139



31, 5.189, 303.548



18, 83.620, 308.987



1, 6.676, 302.404

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



57, 16.338, 337.007



70, 24.385, 337.344



62, 19.395, 138.379



31, 4.830, 336.265



31, 58.972, 346.888



1, 6.117, 337.154

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 17.723, 304.160 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 17.723, 304.160 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 55, 17.723, 304.160

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 17.723, 304.160.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 17.723, 304.160.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


55, 17.723, 304.160

Protanopia

55, 16.729, 286.052

Deuteranopia

55, 16.169, 295.966



Tritanopia
55, 5.978, 305.835

Trichromacy



Original Color
55, 17.723, 304.160

Protanomaly
55, 16.691, 292.171

Deuteranomaly
55, 16.880, 299.615

Tritanomaly
55, 10.080, 304.393

Monochromacy



Original Color
55, 17.723, 304.160

Achromatopsia
56, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly
55, 6.442, 301.230

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 17.723, 304.160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 127, 157)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 127, 157)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 127, 157) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 127, 157) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 17.723, 304.160 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 127, 157) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 127, 157) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 127, 157)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(137, 127, 157); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 127, 157);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 127,  
157) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 17.723, 304.160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 127, 157) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
127, 157) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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