

Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 2.286, 169.241)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(55, 2.286, 169.241) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(55, 2.286, 169.241)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	808583
RGB	128, 133, 131
RGB Percent	50%, 52%, 51%
CMY	0.4988, 0.4792, 0.4870
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.02, 0.48
HSL	156°, 2%, 51%
HSV	156°, 4%, 52%
XYZ	21.3178, 22.9298, 24.7065
YIQ	131.2770, -2.3380, -1.6820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

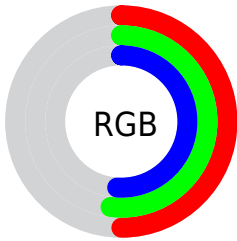
Format	Color
R_{YB}	128, 131, 133
Decimal	8422787
CIE _{Lab}	55.00, -2.25, 0.43
CIE _{LCh}	55, 2.286, 169.241
Yxy	22.9298, 0.3092, 0.3325
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4286612867 (0xFF808583)
YUV	131.2770, -0.1366, -2.8739
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, -4.3331, 2.9287

Details

The CIELCh color $55, 2.286, 169.241$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $54, 2.311, 349.578$, and the grayscale version is $55, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75, 2.148, 169.377$, and $35, 2.480, 169.031$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $54, 8.352, 168.233$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $56, 3.795, 349.816$.

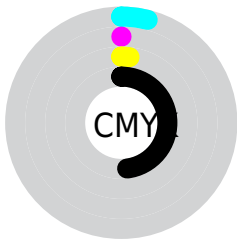
Distribution



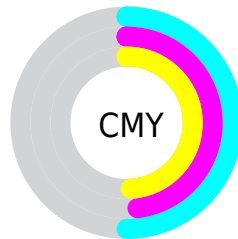
- Red (50%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (52%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (48%)



- Cyan (50%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 2.286, 169.241 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 2.286, 169.241 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55, 2.286, 169.241

■ 55, 2.286, 169.241

■ 100, 2.286,
169.241

■ 45, 2.286, 169.241

■ 75, 2.286, 169.241

■ 35, 2.286, 169.241

■ 85, 2.286, 169.241

■ 25, 2.286, 169.241

■ 95, 2.286, 169.241

■ 15, 2.286, 169.241

■ 5, 2.286, 169.241

■ 0, 2.286, 169.241

■ 55, 2.286, 169.241

■ 55, 2.286, 169.241

■ 54, 8.352, 168.233

■ 56, 3.795, 349.816

■ 53, 14.331,

■ 58, 9.842, 350.633

167.250

59, 15.811,
351.362

52, 20.144,
166.180

61, 21.673,
352.042

51, 25.700,
165.000

62, 27.408,
352.684

50, 30.903,
163.686

64, 33.004,
353.292

50, 35.662,
162.215

66, 38.453,
353.872

49, 39.905,
160.566

67, 43.754,
354.425

49, 43.587,
158.722

69, 48.908,
354.953

49, 46.715,
156.686

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 2.286, 169.241



54, 2.311, 349.578

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 2.286, 169.241



55, 2.286, 219.241



55, 2.286, 349.241



55, 2.286, 39.241

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 2.287, 169.224



71, 0.751, 169.842



55, 3.098, 131.811



37, 0.425, 169.887



86, 0.010, 296.813



37, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 2.287, 169.224



70, 3.778, 169.071



55, 1.803, 207.084



28, 2.053, 169.033



48, 47.770, 155.495



1, 0.823, 169.407

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



54, 2.311, 349.578



68, 3.822, 349.733



54, 1.845, 26.838



27, 2.079, 349.771



27, 51.329, 9.966



0, 0.823, 349.396

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 2.286, 169.241 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

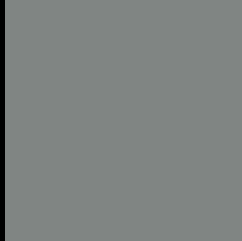
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 55, 2.286, 169.241 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

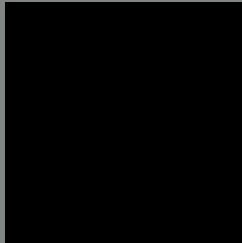
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

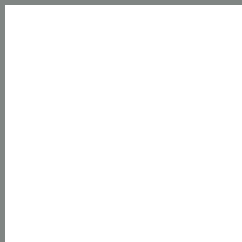
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 55, 2.286, 169.241

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 2.286, 169.241.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 2.286, 169.241.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


55, 2.286, 169.241

Protanopia

55, 1.316, 44.993

Deuteranopia

55, 7.397, 357.426



Tritanopia
55, 6.329, 287.496

Trichromacy



Original Color

55, 2.286, 169.241

Protanomaly

55, 1.139, 109.998

Deuteranomaly

55, 3.987, 354.186

Tritanomaly

55, 3.618, 271.979

Monochromacy



Original Color

55, 2.286, 169.241

Achromatopsia

55, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

55, 0.977, 163.838

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIELCh 55, 2.286, 169.241 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(128, 133, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(128, 133, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 133, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(128, 133, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 2.286, 169.241 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(128, 133, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(128, 133, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(128, 133, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(128, 133, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 133, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(128, 133,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 2.286, 169.241 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(128, 133, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(128,  
133, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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