

Converting Colors

CIELCh(55, 2.868, 33.067)

Have a look what the booklet for
CIELCh(55, 2.868, 33.067) contains.

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Color

CIELCh(55, 2.856, 31.107)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	898281
RGB	137, 130, 129
RGB Percent	54%, 51%, 51%
CMY	0.4621, 0.4895, 0.4935
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.06, 0.46
HSL	8°, 3%, 52%
HSV	8°, 6%, 54%
XYZ	22.3207, 22.9298, 24.0747
YIQ	131.9790, 4.4930, 1.1730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

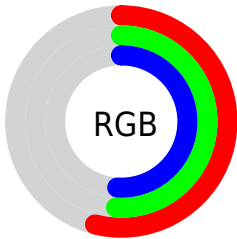
Format	Color
R _Y B	137, 130, 129
Decimal	9011841
CIE Lab	55.00, 2.45, 1.48
CIE LCh	55, 2.856, 31.107
Yxy	22.9298, 0.3220, 0.3308
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4287201921 (0xFF898281)
YUV	131.9790, -1.4686, 4.4034
Hunter-Lab	47.8851, -0.5946, 3.7109

Details

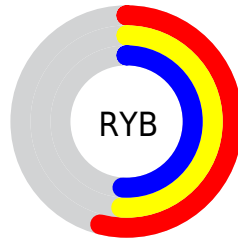
The CIELCh color $55, 2.856, 31.107$ is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 999999 . A complement of this color would be $56, 2.756, 211.314$, and the grayscale version is $55, 0.007, 296.813$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $75, 2.673, 31.032$, and $35, 2.691, 33.012$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $51, 8.067, 31.449$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $59, 1.962, 211.393$.

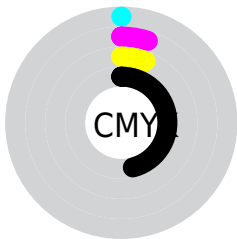
Distribution



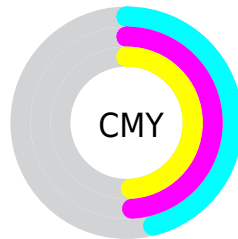
- Red (54%)
- Green (51%)
- Blue (51%)



- Red (54%)
- Yellow (51%)
- Blue (51%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (46%)



- Cyan (46%)
- Magenta (49%)
- Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the CIELCh color 55, 2.856, 31.107 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the CIELCh color 55, 2.856, 31.107 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 55, 2.856, 31.107

■ 55, 2.856, 31.107

■ 100, 2.856, 31.107

■ 45, 2.856, 31.107

■ 75, 2.856, 31.107

■ 35, 2.856, 31.107

■ 85, 2.856, 31.107

■ 25, 2.856, 31.107

■ 95, 2.856, 31.107

■ 15, 2.856, 31.107

■ 5, 2.856, 31.107

■ 0, 2.856, 31.107

■ 55, 2.856, 31.107

■ 55, 2.856, 31.107

■ 51, 8.067, 31.449

■ 59, 1.962, 211.393

■ 48, 13.704, 31.827

■ 62, 6.421, 211.220

44, 19.786, 32.378

66, 10.562,
211.230

41, 26.307, 33.159

70, 14.419,
211.300

38, 33.229, 34.223

35, 40.456, 35.611

74, 18.027,
211.409

33, 47.804, 37.310

78, 21.417,
211.543

31, 54.905, 39.162

29, 60.952, 40.667

81, 24.615,
211.695

85, 27.645,
211.859

89, 30.527,
212.031

Harmonies

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



55, 2.856, 31.107



56, 2.756, 211.314

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



55, 2.856, 31.107



55, 2.856, 81.107



55, 2.856, 211.107



55, 2.856, 261.107

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



55, 2.855, 31.139



72, 1.195, 30.808



55, 5.165, 328.069



37, 0.677, 30.775



87, 0.010, 296.813



38, 0.005, 296.813

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



55, 2.855, 31.139



70, 4.271, 31.188



56, 3.057, 86.143



28, 2.230, 31.194



28, 61.339, 41.174



0, 1.260, 31.204

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



56, 2.756, 211.314



71, 4.087, 211.281



55, 3.055, 267.713



29, 2.132, 211.277



44, 27.084, 218.691



1, 1.260, 211.223

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the CIELCh color 55, 2.856, 31.107 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

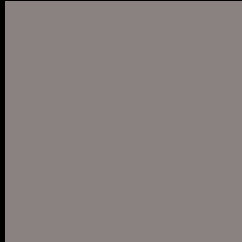
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the CIE LCh color 55, 2.856, 31.107 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

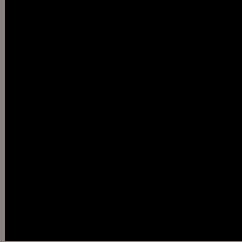
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

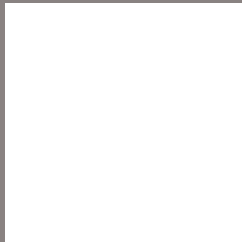
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

CIELCh 55, 2.856, 31.107

Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 2.856, 31.107.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the CIELCh color 55, 2.856, 31.107.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

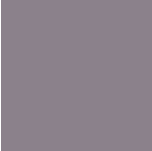
55, 2.856, 31.107

Protanopia

55, 1.316, 44.993

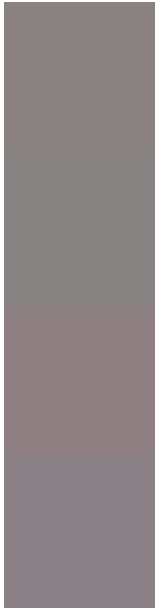
Deuteranopia

55, 7.460, 6.898



Tritanopia
55, 6.983, 324.795

Trichromacy



Original Color

55, 2.856, 31.107

Protanomaly

55, 1.686, 39.163

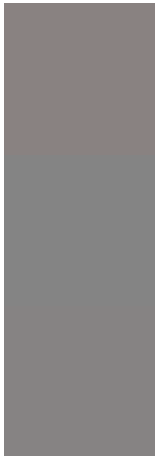
Deuteranomaly

55, 5.746, 8.486

Tritanomaly

55, 4.974, 336.053

Monochromacy



Original Color

55, 2.856, 31.107

Achromatopsia

55, 0.007, 296.813

Achromatomaly

55, 1.190, 19.191

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to CIElCh 55, 2.856, 31.107 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(137, 130, 129)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(137, 130, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(137, 130, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(137, 130, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to CIELCh 55, 2.856, 31.107 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(137, 130, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(137, 130, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(137, 130, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 130, 129); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 130, 129); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(137, 130, 129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to CIELCh 55, 2.856, 31.107 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(137, 130, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(137,  
130, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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